

Question on Notice
No. 1506
Asked on 9 December 2025

MR T SMITH ASKED MINISTER FOR POLICE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES (HON D PURDIE)—

QUESTION:

With reference to victim data published on or around 13 November 2025—

Will the Minister advise how many victims of 'Life Endangering Acts' had a Domestic Violence flag applied, (reported separately by month from December 2022 and by number and percentage of total victims of 'Life Endangering Acts')?

ANSWER:

I am advised by the Queensland Police Service that the number and percentage of victims of Life Endangering Acts by month from December 2022 to November 2025 with a domestic violence flag is detailed in the following table:

Number and percentage of DV related reported victims of life endangering acts offences by year & month, Queensland, 1 December 2022 to 30 November 2025

Year	Month	DV Related	
		Victim	Percentage
2022	December	95	28%
2023	January	94	24%
	February	72	17%
	March	104	20%
	April	78	18%
	May	90	20%
	June	82	19%
	July	71	17%
	August	85	20%
	September	68	16%
	October	102	22%
	November	91	19%
	December	106	27%
2024	January	131	27%
	February	98	24%
	March	108	23%
	April	87	21%
	May	110	23%
	June	119	27%
	July	119	27%
	August	112	28%
	September	83	21%
	October	106	23%
	November	108	25%
	December	104	26%
2025	January	106	24%
	February	127	30%
	March	159	33%
	April	103	26%
	May	120	28%
	June	100	26%
	July	108	28%
	August	95	25%
	September	101	24%
	October	93	20%
	November	91	21%

Notes:

1. This data is preliminary and may be subject to change.
2. Data only relates to victims of *life endangering acts* offences for the period of 1 December 2022 to 30 November 2025.
3. *DV-related* reported victims refers to offences where the DV indicator is 'yes'.
4. *Percentage DV related* refers to the percentage of DV related reported victims out of the total reported victims.
5. Figures do not represent a unique person count as a person may be the victim of more than one offence in the period.
6. QPS do not attribute a personal victim to property offences, only a location. The victim is the location of the offence. It does not matter if the address is private or commercial or the number of occupants – the address is only counted as one victim. For example, if a car is stolen, the victim is the location from where it was stolen.