



Queensland

# **Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2021**





Queensland

# Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

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**2021**

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**A Bill**

for

***An Act to amend the *Defamation Act 2005*, the *Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2019* and the *Limitation of Actions Act 1974* for particular purposes***

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[s 1]

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**The Parliament of Queensland enacts—** 1

**Part 1 Preliminary** 2

**Clause 1 Short title** 3

This Act may be cited as the *Defamation (Model Provisions)  
and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021*. 4  
5

**Clause 2 Commencement** 6

This Act, other than part 3, commences on 1 July 2021. 7

**Part 2 Amendment of Defamation Act  
2005** 8  
9

**Clause 3 Act amended** 10

This part amends the *Defamation Act 2005*. 11

**Clause 4 Amendment of s 9 (Certain corporations do not have  
cause of action for defamation)** 12  
13

(1) Section 9(2)(b)— 14

*omit, insert—* 15

(b) it has fewer than 10 employees and is not an  
associated entity of another corporation; 16  
17

(2) Section 9(4)— 18

*omit.* 19

(3) Section 9(6)— 20

*insert—* 21

---

	<i>employee</i> , in relation to a corporation, includes any individual (whether or not an independent contractor) who is—	1 2 3
	(a) engaged in the day to day operations of the corporation other than as a volunteer; and	4 5
	(b) subject to the control and direction of the corporation.	6 7
<b>Clause 5</b>	<b>Amendment of s 10 (No cause of action for defamation of, or against, deceased persons)</b>	8 9
	Section 10—	10
	<i>insert</i> —	11
	(2) Subsection (1) does not prevent a court, if it considers it in the interests of justice to do so, from determining the question of costs for proceedings discontinued because of the subsection.	12 13 14 15 16
<b>Clause 6</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 10A</b>	17
	After section 10—	18
	<i>insert</i> —	19
	<b>10A Serious harm element of cause of action for defamation</b>	20 21
	(1) It is an element (the <i>serious harm element</i> ) of a cause of action for defamation that the publication of defamatory matter about a person has caused, or is likely to cause, serious harm to the reputation of the person.	22 23 24 25 26
	(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), harm to the reputation of an excluded corporation is not serious harm unless it has caused, or is likely to cause, the corporation serious financial loss.	27 28 29 30
	(3) The judicial officer (and not the jury) in	31

---

[s 6]

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- defamation proceedings is to determine whether the serious harm element is established. 1  
2
- (4) Without limiting subsection (3), the judicial officer may (whether on the application of a party or on the judicial officer’s own motion)— 3  
4  
5
- (a) determine whether the serious harm element is established at any time before the trial for the proceedings commences or during the trial; and 6  
7  
8  
9
- (b) make any orders the judicial officer considers appropriate concerning the determination of the issue (including dismissing the proceedings if satisfied the element is not established). 10  
11  
12  
13  
14
- (5) If a party applies for the serious harm element to be determined before the trial for the proceedings commences, the judicial officer is to determine the issue as soon as practicable before the trial commences unless satisfied that there are special circumstances justifying the postponement of the determination to a later stage of the proceedings (including during the trial). 15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22
- (6) The matters a judicial officer may take into account in deciding whether there are special circumstances for the purposes of subsection (5) include (but are not limited to) the following— 23  
24  
25  
26
- (a) the cost implications for the parties; 27
- (b) the resources available to the court at the time; 28  
29
- (c) the extent to which establishing the serious harm element is linked to other issues for determination during the trial for the proceedings. 30  
31  
32  
33
- (7) Without limiting subsection (5), the judicial officer may determine the serious harm element is not established on the pleadings without the need 34  
35  
36



---

	for further evidence if satisfied that the pleaded particulars are insufficient to establish the element.	1 2 3
	(8) Nothing in this section limits the powers that a judicial officer may have apart from this section to dismiss defamation proceedings (whether before or after the trial commences).	4 5 6 7
<b>Clause 7</b>	<b>Replacement of pt 3, div 1, hdg (Offers to make amends)</b>	8
	Part 3, division 1, heading—	9
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	10
	<b>Division 1</b>	11
	<b>Concerns notices and offers to make amends</b>	12
<b>Clause 8</b>	<b>Insertion of new ss 12A and 12B</b>	13
	After section 12—	14
	<i>insert—</i>	15
	<b>12A Concerns notices</b>	16
	(1) For the purpose of this Act, a notice is a <i>concerns notice</i> if—	17 18
	(a) the notice—	19
	(i) is in writing; and	20
	(ii) specifies the location where the matter in question can be accessed (for example, a webpage address); and	21 22 23
	(iii) informs the publisher of the defamatory imputations that the aggrieved person considers are or may be carried about the aggrieved person by the matter in question; and	24 25 26 27 28
	(iv) informs the publisher of the harm that the person considers to be serious harm	29 30

[s 8]

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- to the person's reputation caused, or likely to be caused, by the publication of the matter in question; and
- (v) for an aggrieved person that is an excluded corporation—also informs the publisher of the financial loss that the corporation considers to be serious financial loss caused, or likely to be caused, by the publication of the matter in question; and
- (b) a copy of the matter in question is, if practicable, provided to the publisher together with the notice.
- Note—*
- Section 12B requires a concerns notice to be given before proceedings for defamation can be commenced.
- (2) For the avoidance of doubt, a document that is required to be filed or lodged to commence defamation proceedings can not be used as a concerns notice.
- (3) If a concerns notice fails to particularise adequately any of the information required by subsection (1)(a)(ii), (iii), (iv) or (v), the publisher may give the aggrieved person a written notice (a ***further particulars notice***) requesting that the aggrieved person provide reasonable further particulars as specified in the further particulars notice about the information concerned.
- (4) An aggrieved person to whom a further particulars notice is given must provide the reasonable further particulars specified in the notice within 14 days (or any further period agreed by the publisher and aggrieved person) after being given the notice.
- (5) An aggrieved person who fails to provide the reasonable further particulars specified in a further particulars notice within the applicable

---

period is taken not to have given the publisher a 1  
concerns notice for the purposes of this section. 2

**12B Defamation proceedings can not be 3  
commenced without concerns notice 4**

- (1) An aggrieved person can not commence 5  
defamation proceedings unless— 6
- (a) the person has given the proposed defendant 7  
a concerns notice in respect of the matter 8  
concerned; and 9
  - (b) the imputations to be relied on by the person 10  
in the proposed proceedings were 11  
particularised in the concerns notice; and 12
  - (c) the applicable period for an offer to make 13  
amends has elapsed. 14
- (2) Subsection (1)(b) does not prevent reliance on— 15
- (a) some, but not all, of the imputations 16  
particularised in a concerns notice; or 17
  - (b) imputations that are substantially the same 18  
as those particularised in a concerns notice. 19
- (3) The court may grant leave for proceedings to be 20  
commenced despite non-compliance with 21  
subsection (1)(c), but only if the proposed 22  
plaintiff satisfies the court— 23
- (a) the commencement of proceedings after the 24  
end of the applicable period for an offer to 25  
make amends contravenes the limitation 26  
law; or 27
  - (b) it is just and reasonable to grant leave. 28
- (4) The commencement of proceedings contravenes 29  
the limitation law for the purposes of subsection 30  
(3)(a) if the proceedings could not be commenced 31  
after the end of the applicable period for an offer 32  
to make amends because the court will have 33

[s 9]

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	ceased to have power to extend the limitation period.	1 2
	(5) In this section—	3
	<i>limitation law</i> means the <i>Limitation of Actions Act 1974</i> .	4 5
<b>Clause 9</b>	<b>Amendment of s 14 (When offer to make amends may be made)</b>	6 7
	(1) Section 14(1)(a)—	8
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	9
	(a) the applicable period for an offer to make amends has expired; or	10 11
	(2) Section 14(2) to (5)—	12
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	13
	(2) For the purposes of this Act, the <i>applicable period</i> for an offer to make amends is—	14 15
	(a) if the aggrieved person has provided further particulars in response to a further particulars notice about a concerns notice after 14 days have elapsed since the concerns notice was given—14 days since the publisher was given the further particulars; or	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
	(b) in any other case—28 days since the publisher was given a concerns notice by the aggrieved person.	23 24 25
	(3) If a publisher gives more than 1 further particulars notice, subsection (2)(a) applies only in respect of the first notice.	26 27 28
<b>Clause 10</b>	<b>Amendment of s 15 (Content of offer to make amends)</b>	29
	(1) Section 15(1)—	30

- 
- insert—* 1
- (ba) must provide for the offer to be open for 2  
acceptance for at least 28 days commencing 3  
on the day the offer is made; and 4
- (2) Section 15(1)(d), after ‘reasonable correction of’— 5
- insert—* 6
- , or a clarification of or additional information 7  
about, 8
- (3) Section 15(1)(g)— 9
- omit.* 10
- (4) Section 15— 11
- insert—* 12
- (1A) In addition to the matters referred to in subsection 13  
(1), an offer to make amends may include any 14  
other kind of offer, or particulars of any other 15  
action taken by the publisher, to redress the harm 16  
sustained by the aggrieved person because of the 17  
matter in question, including (but not limited 18  
to)— 19
- (a) an offer to publish, or join in publishing, an 20  
apology in relation to the matter in question 21  
or, if the offer is limited to any particular 22  
defamatory imputations, the imputations to 23  
which the offer is limited; or 24
- (b) if the matter has been published on a 25  
website or any other electronically 26  
accessible location—an offer to remove the 27  
matter from the website or location; or 28
- (c) an offer to pay compensation for any 29  
economic or non-economic loss of the 30  
aggrieved person; or 31
- (d) the particulars of any correction or apology 32  
made, or action taken, before the date of the 33  
offer. 34

[s 11]

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- (5) Section 15(2), ‘subsection (1)(g)(ii)’— 1  
*omit, insert*— 2  
subsection (1A)(c) 3

**Clause 11 Amendment of s 18 (Effect of failure to accept reasonable offer to make amends)** 4  
5

- (1) Section 18(1)(a)— 6  
*omit, insert*— 7
- (a) the publisher made the offer as soon as 8  
reasonably practicable after the publisher 9  
was given a concerns notice in respect of the 10  
matter (and, in any event, within the 11  
applicable period for an offer to make 12  
amends); and 13
- (2) Section 18(1)(b), ‘at any time before the trial’— 14  
*omit.* 15
- (3) Section 18— 16  
*insert*— 17
- (3) Despite section 22(2), the judicial officer (and not 18  
the jury) in defamation proceedings tried by jury 19  
is to determine whether a defence under this 20  
section is established. 21

**Clause 12 Amendment of s 21 (Election for defamation proceedings to be tried by jury)** 22  
23

- (1) Section 21— 24  
*insert*— 25
- (1A) Without limiting subsection (1), a court may order 26  
that defamation proceedings are not to be tried by 27  
jury if— 28
- (a) the trial requires a prolonged examination of 29  
records; or 30

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	(b) the trial involves any technical, scientific or other issue that can not be conveniently considered and resolved by a jury.	1 2 3
(2)	Section 21(3)— <i>omit, insert</i> —	4 5
	(3) An election may be revoked only—	6
	(a) with the consent of all the parties to the proceedings; or	7 8
	(b) if all the parties do not consent—with the leave of the court.	9 10
	(3A) The court may, on the application of a party to the proceedings, grant leave for the purposes of subsection (3)(b) only if satisfied it is in the interests of justice for the election to be revoked.	11 12 13 14
(3)	Section 21(3A) and (4)— <i>renumber</i> as section 21(4) and (5).	15 16
<b>Clause 13</b>	<b>Amendment of s 22 (Roles of judicial officers and juries in defamation proceedings)</b>	17 18
	Section 22(5)— <i>insert</i> —	19 20
	(c) requires or permits a jury to determine any issue that another provision of this Act requires a judicial officer to determine.	21 22 23
<b>Clause 14</b>	<b>Replacement of s 23 (Leave required for further proceedings in relation to publication of same defamatory matter)</b>	24 25 26
	Section 23— <i>omit, insert</i> —	27 28

[s 15]

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<b>23</b>	<b>Leave required for multiple proceedings in relation to publication of same defamatory matter</b>	1 2 3
(1)	This section applies to a person who has brought defamation proceedings for damages, whether in this jurisdiction or elsewhere, against a person (a <i>previous defendant</i> ) in relation to the publication of a matter.	4 5 6 7 8
(2)	The person may not bring further defamation proceedings for damages against a previous defendant or an associate of a previous defendant in relation to the same or any other publication of the same or like matter, except with the leave of the court in which the further proceedings are to be brought.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15
(3)	A person is an <i>associate of a previous defendant</i> if, at the time of the publication to which the previous defamation proceedings related, the person was—	16 17 18 19
(a)	an employee of the defendant; or	20
(b)	a person publishing matter as a contractor of the defendant; or	21 22
(c)	an associated entity of the defendant (or an employee or contractor of the associated entity).	23 24 25

<b>Clause 15</b>	<b>Replacement of s 26 (Defence of contextual truth)</b>	26
	Section 26—	27
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	28
	<b>26 Defence of contextual truth</b>	29
(1)	It is a defence to the publication of defamatory matter if the defendant proves that—	30 31



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	(a) the matter carried 1 or more imputations that are substantially true ( <i>contextual imputations</i> ); and	1 2 3
	(b) any defamatory imputations of which the plaintiff complains that are not contextual imputations and are also carried by the matter do not further harm the reputation of the plaintiff because of the substantial truth of the contextual imputations.	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(2) The contextual imputations on which the defendant may rely to establish the defence include imputations of which the plaintiff complains.	10 11 12 13
<b>Clause 16</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 29A</b>	14
	After section 29—	15
	<i>insert—</i>	16
	<b>29A Defence of publication of matter concerning issue of public interest</b>	17 18
	(1) It is a defence to the publication of defamatory matter if the defendant proves that—	19 20
	(a) the matter concerns an issue of public interest; and	21 22
	(b) the defendant reasonably believed that the publication of the matter was in the public interest.	23 24 25
	(2) In determining whether the defence is established, a court must take into account all of the circumstances of the case.	26 27 28
	(3) Without limiting subsection (2), the court may take into account the following factors to the extent the court considers them applicable in the circumstances—	29 30 31 32

[s 16]

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- |     |  |  |
|-----|--|--|
| (a) | the seriousness of any defamatory imputation carried by the matter published;  | 1<br>2                                 |
| (b) | the extent to which the matter published distinguishes between suspicions, allegations and proven facts;   | 3<br>4<br>5                            |
| (c) | the extent to which the matter published relates to the performance of the public functions or activities of the person;   | 6<br>7<br>8                            |
| (d) | whether it was in the public interest in the circumstances for the matter to be published expeditiously;   | 9<br>10<br>11                          |
| (e) | the sources of the information in the matter published, including the integrity of the sources;  | 12<br>13<br>14                         |
| (f) | if a source of the information in the matter published is a person whose identity is being kept confidential, whether there is good reason for the person's identity to be kept confidential (including, for example, to comply with an applicable professional code or standard); | 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21 |
| (g) | whether the matter published contained the substance of the person's side of the story and, if not, whether a reasonable attempt was made by the defendant to obtain and publish a response from the person;   | 22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26             |
| (h) | any other steps taken to verify the information in the matter published;   | 27<br>28                               |
| (i) | the importance of freedom of expression in the discussion of issues of public interest.  | 29<br>30                               |
| (4) | Subsection (3) does not—   | 31                                     |
| (a) | require each factor referred to in the subsection to be taken into account; or   | 32<br>33                               |
| (b) | limit the matters that the court may take into account.  | 34<br>35                               |

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	(5) Without affecting the application of section 22 to other defences, the jury (and not the judicial officer) in defamation proceedings tried by jury is to determine whether a defence under this section is established.	1 2 3 4 5
<b>Clause 17</b>	<b>Amendment of s 30 (Defence of qualified privilege for provision of certain information)</b>	6 7
	(1) Section 30(3)—	8
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	9
	(3) In determining for the purposes of subsection (1) whether the conduct of the defendant in publishing matter about a person is reasonable in the circumstances, a court may take into account the following factors to the extent the court considers them applicable in the circumstances—	10 11 12 13 14 15
	(a) the seriousness of any defamatory imputation carried by the matter published;	16 17
	(b) the extent to which the matter published distinguishes between suspicions, allegations and proven facts;	18 19 20
	(c) the nature of the business environment in which the defendant operates;	21 22
	(d) whether it was appropriate in the circumstances for the matter to be published expeditiously;	23 24 25
	(e) any other steps taken to verify the information in the matter published.	26 27
	(3A) Subsection (3) does not—	28
	(a) require each factor referred to in the subsection to be taken into account; or	29 30
	(b) limit the matters that the court may take into account.	31 32
	(3B) It is not necessary to prove that the matter	33

[s 18]

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	published concerned an issue of public interest to	1
	establish the defence of qualified privilege under	2
	subsection (1).	3
(2)	Section 30—	4
	<i>insert—</i>	5
	(6) Without affecting the application of section 22 to	6
	other defences, the jury (and not the judicial	7
	officer) in defamation proceedings tried by jury is	8
	to determine whether a defence under this section	9
	is established.	10
<b>Clause 18</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 30A</b>	11
	After section 30—	12
	<i>insert—</i>	13
	<b>30A Defence of scientific or academic peer review</b>	14
	(1) It is a defence to the publication of defamatory	15
	matter if the defendant proves that—	16
	(a) the matter was published in a scientific or	17
	academic journal (whether published in	18
	electronic form or otherwise); and	19
	(b) the matter relates to a scientific or academic	20
	issue; and	21
	(c) an independent review of the matter's	22
	scientific or academic merit was carried out	23
	before the matter was published in the	24
	journal by—	25
	(i) the editor of the journal if the editor has	26
	expertise in the scientific or academic	27
	issue concerned; or	28
	(ii) 1 or more persons with expertise in the	29
	scientific or academic issue concerned.	30
	(2) If there is a defence to the publication of	31
	defamatory matter in a scientific or academic	32

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journal because of subsection (1), there is also a	1
defence to the publication of any assessment of	2
the matter in the same journal if the defendant	3
proves that—	4
(a) the assessment was written by 1 or more of	5
the persons who carried out the independent	6
review of the matter; and	7
(b) the assessment was written in the course of	8
that review.	9
(3) It is a defence to the publication of defamatory	10
matter if the defendant proves that the matter was	11
contained in a fair summary of, or fair extract	12
from, a matter or assessment for which there is a	13
defence because of subsection (1) or (2).	14
(4) If a journal has more than 1 editor, a reference in	15
this section to the editor of the journal is to be read	16
as a reference to the editor or editors who were	17
responsible for deciding to publish the matter	18
concerned.	19
(5) A defence established under this section is	20
defeated if, and only if, the plaintiff proves that	21
the defamatory matter or assessment was not	22
published honestly for the information of the	23
public or the advancement of education.	24
<b>Clause 19</b>	
<b>Amendment of s 31 (Defences of honest opinion)</b>	25
Section 31(5)—	26
<i>omit, insert—</i>	27
(5) For the purposes of this section, an opinion is	28
<b><i>based on proper material</i></b> if—	29
(a) the material on which it is based is—	30
(i) set out in specific or general terms in	31
the published matter; or	32
(ii) notorious; or	33

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[s 20]

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	(iii) accessible from a reference, link or other access point included in the matter (for example, a hyperlink on a webpage); or	1 2 3 4
	(iv) otherwise apparent from the context in which the matter is published; and	5 6
	(b) the material—	7
	(i) is substantially true; or	8
	(ii) was published on an occasion of absolute or qualified privilege (whether under this Act or at general law); or	9 10 11
	(iii) was published on an occasion that attracted the protection of a defence under this section or section 28 or 29.	12 13 14
<b>Clause 20</b>	<b>Omission of s 33 (Defence of triviality)</b>	15
	Section 33—	16
	<i>omit.</i>	17
<b>Clause 21</b>	<b>Amendment of s 35 (Damages for non-economic loss limited)</b>	18 19
	(1) Section 35(1), from ‘Unless’ to ‘maximum amount’—	20
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	21
	The maximum amount	22
	(2) Section 35(2)—	23
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	24
	(2) The maximum damages amount is to be awarded only in a most serious case.	25 26
	(2A) Subsection (1) does not limit the court’s power to award aggravated damages if an award of aggravated damages is warranted in the circumstances.	27 28 29 30

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	(2B) An award of aggravated damages is to be made separately to any award of damages for non-economic loss to which subsection (1) applies.	1 2 3 4
<b>Clause 22</b>	<b>Amendment of s 44 (Giving of notices and other documents)</b>	5 6
	(1) Section 44(1)(a)—	7
	<i>insert—</i>	8
	(iv) by sending it by email to an email address specified by the person for the giving or service of documents; or	9 10 11
	(2) Section 44(1)(b)—	12
	<i>insert—</i>	13
	(iii) by sending it by email to an email address specified by the body corporate for the giving or service of documents.	14 15 16
<b>Clause 23</b>	<b>Amendment of s 49 (Savings, transitional and other provisions)</b>	17 18
	Section 49, heading, after ‘provisions’—	19
	<i>insert—</i>	20
	<b>for Act No. 55 of 2005</b>	21
<b>Clause 24</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 50</b>	22
	After section 49—	23
	<i>insert—</i>	24
	<b>50 Transitional provision for Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021</b>	25 26 27
	An amendment made to this Act by the <i>Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other</i>	28 29

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	<i>Legislation Amendment Act 2021</i> applies only in relation to the publication of defamatory matter after the commencement of the amendment.	1 2 3
<b>Clause 25</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 5 (Dictionary)</b>	4
	Schedule 5—	5
	<i>insert</i> —	6
	<i>applicable period</i> , for an offer to make amends, see section 14(2).	7 8
	<i>associated entity</i> has the meaning given in the Corporations Act, section 50AAA.	9 10
	<i>concerns notice</i> see section 12A(1).	11
	<i>excluded corporation</i> has the meaning given in section 9(2).	12
	<i>further particulars notice</i> see section 12A(3).	13
<b>Part 3</b>	<b>Amendment of Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2019</b>	14 15 16 17
<b>Clause 26</b>	<b>Act amended</b>	18
	This part amends the <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2019</i> .	19 20
<b>Clause 27</b>	<b>Omission of ss 10 and 11</b>	21
	Sections 10 and 11—	22
	<i>omit</i> .	23



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<b>Part 4</b>	<b>Amendment of Limitation of Actions Act 1974</b>	1
		2
<b>Clause 28</b>	<b>Act amended</b>	3
	This part amends the <i>Limitation of Actions Act 1974</i> .	4
<b>Clause 29</b>	<b>Amendment of s 10AA (Defamation actions)</b>	5
(1)	Section 10AA, ‘1 year’—	6
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	7
	a limitation period of 1 year running	8
(2)	Section 10AA—	9
	<i>insert—</i>	10
(2)	The 1-year limitation period referred to in subsection (1) is taken to have been extended as provided by subsection (3) if a concerns notice is given to the proposed defendant on a day (the <b>notice day</b> ) within the period of 56 days before the limitation period expires.	11 12 13 14 15 16
(3)	The limitation period is extended for an additional period of 56 days minus any days remaining after the notice day until the 1-year limitation period expires.	17 18 19 20
	<i>Example—</i>	21
	Assume a concerns notice is given 7 days before the limitation period expires. This means that there are 6 days left after the notice day before the period expires. Consequently, this subsection would operate to extend the limitation period by 56 minus 6 days, that is, 50 days.	22 23 24 25 26 27
(4)	In this section—	28
	<b>concerns notice</b> see the <i>Defamation Act 2005</i> , section 12A(1).	29 30
	<b>date of the publication</b> , in relation to the	31

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[s 30]

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publication of matter in electronic form, means 1  
the day on which the matter was first uploaded for 2  
access or sent electronically to a recipient. 3

**Clause 30 Insertion of new s 10AB** 4

After section 10AA— 5

*insert—* 6

**10AB Defamation actions—single publication rule** 7

(1) This section applies if— 8

(a) a person (the *first publisher*) publishes 9  
matter to the public that is alleged to be 10  
defamatory (the *first publication*); and 11

(b) the first publisher or an associate of the first 12  
publisher subsequently publishes (whether 13  
or not to the public) matter that is 14  
substantially the same. 15

(2) Any cause of action for defamation against the 16  
first publisher or an associate of the first publisher 17  
in respect of the subsequent publication is taken to 18  
have accrued on the date of the first publication 19  
for the purposes of determining when— 20

(a) the limitation period applicable under 21  
section 10AA begins; or 22

(b) the 3-year period referred to in section 23  
32A(2) begins. 24

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to the 25  
subsequent publication if the manner of that 26  
publication is materially different from the 27  
manner of the first publication. 28

(4) In determining whether the manner of a 29  
subsequent publication is materially different 30  
from the manner of the first publication, the 31  
considerations to which the court may have regard 32  
include (but are not limited to)— 33

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	(a) the level of prominence that a matter is given; and	1 2
	(b) the extent of the subsequent publication.	3
(5)	This section does not limit the power of a court under section 32A to extend the limitation period applicable under section 10AA.	4 5 6
(6)	In this section—	7
	<i>associate</i> , of a first publisher, means—	8
	(a) an employee of the publisher; or	9
	(b) a person publishing matter as a contractor of the publisher; or	10 11
	(c) an associated entity, within the meaning of the Corporations Act, section 50AAA, of the publisher (or an employee or contractor of the associated entity).	12 13 14 15
	<i>date of the first publication</i> , in relation to the publication of matter in electronic form, means the day on which the matter was first uploaded for access or sent electronically to a recipient.	16 17 18 19
	<i>public</i> includes a section of the public.	20
<b>Clause 31</b>	<b>Amendment of s 32A (Defamation actions)</b>	21
	Section 32A(2) and (3)—	22
	<i>omit, insert</i> —	23
	(2) The court may extend the limitation period to a period of up to 3 years running from the date of the alleged publication of the matter if the plaintiff satisfies the court that it is just and reasonable to allow an action to proceed.	24 25 26 27 28
	(3) In determining whether to extend the limitation period, the court is to have regard to all of the circumstances of the case and in particular to—	29 30 31

[s 32]

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- (a) the length of, and the reasons for, the plaintiff's delay; and
- (b) if a reason for the delay was that some or all of the facts relevant to the cause of action became known to the plaintiff after the limitation period expired—
  - (i) the day on which the facts became known to the plaintiff; and
  - (ii) the extent to which the plaintiff acted promptly and reasonably once the plaintiff knew whether or not the facts might be capable of giving rise to an action; and
- (c) the extent, having regard to the delay, to which relevant evidence is likely to be unavailable or less cogent than if the action had been brought within the limitation period.

<b>Clause 32</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 41A</b>	19
	After section 41—	20
	<i>insert—</i>	21
	<b>41A Defamation actions—effect of limitation law concerning electronic publications on other laws</b>	22
		23
		24
	(1) This section applies in respect of any requirement under section 10AA or 10AB for the date of publication of a matter in electronic form to be determined by reference to the day on which the matter was first uploaded for access or sent electronically to a recipient.	25
		26
		27
		28
		29
		30
	(2) A requirement to which this section applies is relevant only for the purpose of determining when a limitation period begins and for no other purpose.	31
		32
		33
		34

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	(3) Without limiting subsection (2), a requirement to which this section applies is not relevant for—	1 2
	(a) establishing whether there is a cause of action for defamation; or	3 4
	(b) the choice of law to be applied for a cause of action for defamation.	5 6
<b>Clause 33</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 50</b>	7
	After section 49—	8
	<i>insert—</i>	9
	<b>50 Transitional provision for Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021</b>	10 11 12
	(1) The amendment made to section 10AA by the <i>Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021</i> applies in relation to the publication of defamatory matter after the commencement of the amendment.	13 14 15 16 17
	(2) Section 10AB, as inserted by the <i>Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021</i> , applies in relation to the publication of defamatory matter after the commencement of the section, subject to subsection (3).	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(3) Section 10AB extends to a first publication before the commencement of the section, but only in respect of subsequent publications after the commencement.	24 25 26 27
	(4) Section 32A, as amended by the <i>Defamation (Model Provisions) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2021</i> , applies in relation to the publication of defamatory matter after the commencement of the section.	28 29 30 31 32