



Queensland

# **Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Bill 2020**





Queensland

# Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Bill 2020

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**2020**

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## **A Bill**

for

**An Act to amend the *Disability Services Act 2006*, the *Evidence Act 1977*, the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*, the *Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000* and the other legislation mentioned in schedule 1 for particular purposes**

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[s 1]

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**The Parliament of Queensland enacts—** 1

**Part 1 Preliminary** 2

**Clause 1 Short title** 3

This Act may be cited as the *Disability Services and Other  
Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Act 2020*. 4  
5

**Clause 2 Commencement** 6

This Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation. 7

**Part 2 Amendment of Disability  
Services Act 2006** 8  
9

**Clause 3 Act amended** 10

This part amends the *Disability Services Act 2006*. 11

*Note—* 12

See also the amendments in schedule 1. 13

**Clause 4 Amendment of s 6 (Objects of Act)** 14

(1) Section 6(1)(c), ‘disability services’— 15

*omit, insert—* 16

NDIS supports or services 17

(2) Section 6(2), definition *national disability insurance  
scheme—* 18  
19

*relocate* to schedule 8. 20

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<b>Clause 5</b>	<b>Amendment of s 7 (How objects are mainly achieved)</b>	1
	Section 7(d)—	2
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	3
	(d) regulating particular aspects of the provision of NDIS supports or services by particular NDIS service providers under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth) to ensure the quality and safety of the supports or services; and	4 5 6 7 8 9
<b>Clause 6</b>	<b>Amendment of s 12 (What are <i>disability services</i>)</b>	10
	Section 12—	11
	<i>insert—</i>	12
	(2) However, <i>disability services</i> do not include NDIS supports or services.	13 14
<b>Clause 7</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 12A</b>	15
	After section 12—	16
	<i>insert—</i>	17
	<b>12A What are <i>NDIS supports or services</i></b>	18
	<i>NDIS supports or services</i> are supports or services provided to a person with disability under the national disability insurance scheme, to the extent that providing the supports or services is funded by the payment of an NDIS amount under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth).	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
<b>Clause 8</b>	<b>Amendment of s 13 (Meaning of <i>service provider</i>)</b>	26
	Section 13, before ‘services’—	27
	<i>insert—</i>	28
	supports or	29

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[s 9]

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<b>Clause 9</b>	<b>Replacement of ss 15–16A</b>	1
	Sections 15 to 16A—	2
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	3
	<b>14 Meaning of <i>funded service provider</i></b>	4
	(1) A <i>funded service provider</i> is a service provider, other than the State, receiving recurrent or one-off funds from the department, or another department prescribed by regulation, to provide disability services.	5 6 7 8 9
	(2) It does not matter whether or not the service provider also uses other funds or resources to provide the disability services.	10 11 12
	(3) A funded service provider may be a local government.	13 14
	<b>15 Meaning of <i>NDIS service provider</i></b>	15
	(1) A registered NDIS provider and an unregistered NDIS provider are each an <i>NDIS service provider</i> .	16 17 18
	(2) A <i>registered NDIS provider</i> is a registered NDIS provider under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth).	19 20 21
	(3) An <i>unregistered NDIS provider</i> is an entity that delivers NDIS supports or services to people with disability, other than a registered NDIS provider.	22 23 24
	<b>16 Meaning of <i>NDIS sole trader</i> and <i>State sole trader</i></b>	25 26
	(1) An individual is an <i>NDIS sole trader</i> if the individual—	27 28
	(a) is an NDIS service provider; and	29

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	(b) as an NDIS service provider, personally provides NDIS supports or services to people with disability.	1 2 3	
	(2) A <i>State sole trader</i> is an individual who—	4	
	(a) is a funded service provider; and	5	
	(b) as a funded service provider, personally provides disability services to people with disability.	6 7 8	
<b>Clause 10</b>	<b>Amendment of s 18 (Principle that people with a disability have the same human rights as others)</b>	9 10	
	(1) Section 18(3), after ‘disability services’— <i>insert—</i>	11 12	
	or NDIS supports or services,	13	
	(2) Section 18(3)(a) to (f) and (4), before ‘services’— <i>insert—</i>	14 15	
	supports or	16	
<b>Clause 11</b>	<b>Replacement of pt 5 (Screening of particular persons engaged by department or particular service providers)</b>	17 18	
	Part 5— <i>omit, insert—</i>	19 20	
	<b>Part 5</b>	<b>Disability worker screening and related requirements</b>	21 22 23
	<b>Division 1</b>	<b>Preliminary</b>	24
	<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>General</b>	25

[s 11]

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<b>40 Main purposes of part</b>	1
This part—	2
(a) establishes a scheme for screening persons, by obtaining and considering their criminal history and other relevant information, to assess whether the persons pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability; and	3 4 5 6 7 8
(b) requires persons who carry out, or propose to carry out, particular work with people with disability to be screened under the scheme before they start carrying out the work; and	9 10 11 12 13
(c) prohibits persons from carrying out particular work with people with disability if the chief executive decides they pose an unacceptable risk of harm to the people with disability.	14 15 16 17 18
<b>41 Paramount consideration</b>	19
The paramount consideration in making a decision under this part is the right of people with disability to live lives free from abuse, violence, neglect or exploitation, including financial abuse or exploitation.	20 21 22 23 24
<b>42 Part applies despite the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i></b>	25 26
This part applies to a person despite anything in the <i>Criminal Law (Rehabilitation of Offenders) Act 1986</i> .	27 28 29
<b>43 Exemption for secondary school student on work experience</b>	30 31
(1) This section applies if—	32

- 
- (a) a secondary school student on work experience carries out disability work for a service provider (the *work experience provider*); and
- (b) another provision of this part requires a person who is engaged to carry out the disability work to hold a clearance or interstate NDIS clearance.
- (2) Despite the other provision, the student is not required to hold the clearance or interstate NDIS clearance for carrying out the disability work.
- (3) The work experience provider does not commit an offence against the other provision in relation to the student carrying out the disability work if the student carries out the work under the direct supervision of—
- (a) for NDIS disability work—a person who holds an NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance; or
- (b) for State disability work—a person who holds a clearance.

## **Subdivision 2 Interpretation**

### **44 When a person is *engaged* to carry out work for an entity**

- (1) A person is *engaged* to carry out work for an entity if—
- (a) the person has an agreement with the entity to carry out the work as an employee or volunteer of the entity; or
- (b) the person carries out the work under a contract for services between—
- (i) the entity and the person; or

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- (ii) the entity and another person. 1
- (2) For this section, it does not matter— 2
  - (a) whether the agreement or contract is written 3  
or unwritten; and 4
  - (b) whether the work is carried out voluntarily 5  
or for financial reward; and 6
  - (c) how long the person is engaged to carry out 7  
the work; and 8
  - (d) whether the agreement or contract provides 9  
for the person to carry out work on 1  
occasion or an ongoing basis, whether 10  
regularly or irregularly. 11  
12
- (3) Also, for this section, the nature of the work does 13  
not matter. 14
- Note—* 15
  - See also sections 46, 48 and 49. 16
  
- 45 Meaning of *NDIS disability work* and 17  
*risk-assessed NDIS work* 18**
  - (1) ***NDIS disability work*** is work that includes the 19  
delivery of NDIS supports or services to a person 20  
with disability. 21
  - (2) ***Risk-assessed NDIS work*** is NDIS disability 22  
work carried out in a role for which the normal 23  
duties— 24
    - (a) include the direct delivery of specified 25  
NDIS supports or services to a person with 26  
disability; or 27
    - (b) are likely to require more than incidental 28  
contact with a person with disability. 29
  - (3) For subsection (2)(b), the normal duties of a 30  
person’s role are likely to require more than 31  
incidental contact with a person with disability if 32  
the duties include— 33



- 
- (a) physically touching a person with disability; 1  
or 2
- (b) building a rapport with a person with 3  
disability as an integral and ordinary part of 4  
the performance of the duties; or 5
- (c) duties that, under the NDIS (Worker 6  
Screening) Practice Standards, are defined 7  
to be, or otherwise described as, duties that 8  
require more than incidental contact with a 9  
person with disability. 10
- (4) In this section— 11  
*contact* includes— 12
- (a) physical contact; and 13
- (b) face-to-face contact; and 14
- (c) oral, written and electronic communication. 15
- rapport* means a relationship or understanding 16  
that is more than merely polite and functional. 17
- specified NDIS supports or services* means NDIS 18  
supports or services that, under the NDIS (Worker 19  
Screening) Practice Standards, are— 20
- (a) specified supports or specified services; or 21
- (b) identified as supports or services that, if 22  
delivered directly to a person with disability, 23  
must be delivered by a person who holds an 24  
NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS 25  
clearance. 26
- 46 Key personnel of NDIS service provider taken 27  
to be engaged in risk-assessed NDIS work 28**
- (1) A person is taken to be engaged to carry out 29  
risk-assessed NDIS work for an NDIS service 30  
provider if the person is key personnel of the 31  
NDIS service provider. 32

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(2) In this section—	1
<i>key personnel</i> see the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth), section 11A.	2 3
<b>47 Meaning of <i>State disability work</i></b>	4
(1) <i>State disability work</i> is work that includes providing disability services that is carried out for the department or a funded service provider.	5 6 7
(2) <i>State disability work</i> does not include work carried out at a place where a funded service provider provides disability services that is carried out—	8 9 10 11
(a) by a consumer of the service provider; or	12
(b) by a tradesperson who—	13
(i) performs work at the place from time to time; and	14 15
(ii) is not an employee of the service provider; or	16 17
(c) by a volunteer who—	18
(i) is a relative of a person who receives disability services at the place; and	19 20
(ii) is at the place only to help with the care of the person.	21 22
<b>48 When person is <i>engaged</i> to carry out <i>State disability work</i></b>	23 24
(1) A person is <i>engaged</i> to carry out <i>State disability work</i> for the department if the person—	25 26
(a) is engaged to carry out the work at a place at which the department provides disability services; or	27 28 29

- 
- (b) is a public service employee employed at a place mentioned in paragraph (a); or
- (c) is a member of a committee established under section 222(a).
- (2) A person is *engaged* to carry out State disability work for a funded service provider if the person is engaged to carry out the work at a place at which the service provider provides disability services.
- (3) A person is not *engaged* to carry out State disability work for the department or a funded service provider if the person is engaged to carry out the work, and carries out the work, for not more than 7 days in a calendar year.
- (4) This section does not limit section 44.
- 49 Particular members or officers taken to be engaged in State disability work for funded service provider**
- A person is taken to be engaged to carry out State disability work for a funded service provider if—
- (a) the person is a member of a board, management committee or other governing body of the service provider; or
- (b) if the service provider is a corporation—the person is an executive officer of the service provider.
- 50 Meaning of *clearance* and types of clearances**
- (1) A *clearance* is a declaration, issued by the chief executive to a person, that—
- (a) screening of the person has been conducted under this part; and
- (b) the person is permitted to carry out disability work.

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- (2) An *NDIS clearance* is a clearance issued to a person who made an NDIS worker screening application. 1  
2  
3
- (3) An *interstate NDIS clearance* is a declaration, however called, issued under a corresponding law that corresponds to an NDIS clearance. 4  
5  
6
- (4) A *State clearance* is a clearance issued to a person who made a State disability worker screening application. 7  
8  
9
- 51 Meaning of *exclusion* and types of exclusions** 10
- (1) An *exclusion* is a declaration, issued by the chief executive to a person, that— 11  
12
- (a) screening of the person has been conducted under this part; and 13  
14
- (b) the person is excluded from carrying out disability work. 15  
16
- (2) An *NDIS exclusion* is an exclusion issued to a person who made an NDIS worker screening application. 17  
18  
19
- (3) An *interstate NDIS exclusion* is a declaration, however called, issued under a corresponding law that corresponds to an NDIS exclusion. 20  
21  
22
- (4) A *State exclusion* is an exclusion issued to a person who made a State disability worker screening application. 23  
24  
25
- 52 Meaning of *notifiable person*** 26
- (1) Each of the following is a *notifiable person* for a person— 27  
28
- (a) if the chief executive is aware that an NDIS service provider engages, or proposes to engage, the person to carry out NDIS disability work—the NDIS service provider; 29  
30  
31  
32

- 
- (b) if the chief executive is aware that a funded service provider engages, or proposes to engage, the person to carry out State disability work—the funded service provider;
- (c) another entity prescribed by regulation to be a notifiable person for the person.
- (2) Also, a self-managed NDIS participant and a recognised representative of the participant are each a **notifiable person** for a person if the participant, recognised representative or person gives the chief executive notice, or the chief executive otherwise becomes aware, that the person is delivering NDIS supports or services to the participant—
- (a) as an NDIS sole trader; or
- (b) as a person engaged by an NDIS service provider to deliver the supports or services.
- (3) In this section—
- recognised representative**, of a self-managed NDIS participant, is a person recognised by the chief executive as a person with the authority or responsibility to act for the participant in relation to the participant’s plan under the national disability insurance scheme.
- self-managed NDIS participant** means a person who is—
- (a) a participant in the national disability insurance scheme under the *National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* (Cwlth); and
- (b) personally managing the funding for supports under the person’s plan within the meaning of the *National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* (Cwlth), section 42.

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<b>Division 2</b>	<b>Requirements related to persons carrying out disability work</b>	1 2 3
<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>NDIS disability work</b>	4
<b>53</b>	<b>Registered NDIS provider engaging person to carry out risk-assessed NDIS work</b>	5 6
(1)	A registered NDIS provider must not engage, or continue to engage, a person to carry out risk-assessed NDIS work unless the person holds an NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance.	7 8 9 10
	Maximum penalty—	11
(a)	if the aggravating circumstance applies to the offence—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment; or	12 13 14
(b)	otherwise—100 penalty units.	15
(2)	It is an <i>aggravating circumstance</i> for an offence against subsection (1) if the registered NDIS provider has been given notice that—	16 17 18
(a)	the person’s NDIS clearance was cancelled on the person’s request under division 6; or	19 20
(b)	the person’s interstate NDIS clearance was cancelled on the person’s request under a corresponding law.	21 22 23
(3)	A registered NDIS provider does not commit an offence against subsection (1) if—	24 25
(a)	the person (a <i>subcontractor</i> ) is engaged to carry out the risk-assessed NDIS work under a contract for services between the service provider and another person; and	26 27 28 29
(b)	the service provider has complied with the NDIS (Worker Screening) Practice	30 31

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Standards in relation to the subcontractor being engaged to carry out the risk-assessed NDIS work for the service provider.	1 2 3
<b>54 Carrying out risk-assessed NDIS work without NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance prohibited</b>	4 5 6
(1) A person must not start, or continue, an engagement to carry out risk-assessed NDIS work for a registered NDIS provider unless the person holds an NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance.	7 8 9 10 11
Maximum penalty—	12
(a) if the aggravating circumstance applies to the offence—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment; or	13 14 15
(b) otherwise—100 penalty units.	16
(2) A person who is a registered NDIS provider must not carry out risk-assessed NDIS work as an NDIS sole trader unless the person holds an NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance.	17 18 19 20
Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment.	21 22
(3) It is an <i>aggravating circumstance</i> for an offence against subsection (1) if the person—	23 24
(a) held an NDIS clearance that was cancelled on the person’s request under division 6; or	25 26
(b) held an interstate NDIS clearance that was cancelled on the person’s request under a corresponding law; or	27 28 29
(c) is a disqualified person; or	30
(d) holds a negative notice under the Working with Children Act; or	31 32
(e) is subject to—	33

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(i)	offender reporting obligations; or	1
(ii)	an offender prohibition order; or	2
(iii)	an offender prohibition disqualification order; or	3 4
(iv)	a sexual offender order; or	5
(f)	is the respondent to an application for an offender prohibition order.	6 7
<b>55</b>	<b>Engaging person with NDIS exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion prohibited</b>	8 9
	An NDIS service provider must not engage, or continue to engage, a person to carry out NDIS disability work if—	10 11 12
(a)	the person holds an NDIS exclusion or an interstate NDIS exclusion; and	13 14
(b)	the service provider knows, or ought reasonably to know, the person holds an NDIS exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion.	15 16 17 18
	Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	19 20
<b>56</b>	<b>Engaging person with suspended NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance, or subject to interim bar, prohibited</b>	21 22 23
(1)	This section applies if—	24
(a)	a person—	25
(i)	holds an NDIS clearance that is suspended under division 6; or	26 27
(ii)	holds an interstate NDIS clearance that is suspended under a corresponding law; or	28 29 30
(iii)	is subject to an interim bar; and	31



- 
- (b) an NDIS service provider knows, or ought reasonably to know, the person's NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance is suspended or the interim bar is in effect for the person. 1  
2  
3  
4  
5
- (2) The NDIS service provider must not— 6
- (a) if the service provider has engaged the person under an existing arrangement to carry out NDIS disability work for the service provider—allow the person to carry out work that is NDIS disability work; or 7  
8  
9  
10  
11
- (b) otherwise—start to engage the person to carry out NDIS disability work. 12  
13
- Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment. 14  
15
- Note—* 16
- See sections 84(4) and 113(3) for the restrictions on terminating a person's employment solely or mainly because the person's clearance is suspended or an interim bar is in effect for the person. 17  
18  
19  
20
- 57 Holder of NDIS exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion prohibited from carrying out NDIS disability work** 21  
22  
23
- A person who holds an NDIS exclusion or an interstate NDIS exclusion must not— 24  
25
- (a) start, or continue, an engagement to carry out NDIS disability work for an NDIS service provider; or 26  
27  
28
- (b) carry out NDIS disability work as an NDIS sole trader. 29  
30
- Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment. 31  
32

**Subdivision 2 State disability work** 33

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- 58 Funded service provider must prepare annual risk management strategy** 1  
2
- (1) Each year, a funded service provider that engages 3  
1 or more persons to carry out State disability 4  
work must develop and implement a written 5  
strategy (a *risk management strategy*) that 6  
complies with this section. 7
- Maximum penalty—20 penalty units. 8
- (2) A risk management strategy must include 9  
practices and procedures for engaging persons 10  
who carry out State disability work for the service 11  
provider in ways that— 12
- (a) promote the wellbeing of people with 13  
disability; and 14
- (b) protect people with disability from abuse, 15  
violence, neglect or exploitation. 16
- (3) A regulation may prescribe other matters that 17  
must be included in a risk management strategy. 18
- 59 Person engaged to carry out State disability work by funded service provider must hold a clearance** 19  
20  
21
- (1) A funded service provider must not engage, or 22  
continue to engage, a person to carry out State 23  
disability work unless— 24
- (a) the person holds a clearance; and 25
- (b) the service provider has given the chief 26  
executive a notice, under subsections (3) and 27  
(4), about engaging the person to carry out 28  
State disability work. 29
- Maximum penalty— 30
- (a) if an aggravating circumstance applies to the 31  
offence—200 penalty units or 2 years 32  
imprisonment; or 33

- 
- (b) otherwise—100 penalty units. 1
- (2) It is an **aggravating circumstance** for an offence 2  
against subsection (1) if— 3
- (a) the person holds an exclusion and the 4  
funded service provider knows, or ought 5  
reasonably to know, the person holds the 6  
exclusion; or 7
- (b) the service provider is given notice that the 8  
person’s clearance was cancelled on the 9  
person’s request under division 6. 10
- (3) Before giving a notice mentioned in subsection 11  
(1)(b), the funded service provider must take 12  
reasonable steps to verify the person’s identity. 13
- Examples of reasonable steps—* 14
- viewing the person’s clearance or driver licence that 15  
includes the person’s photograph 16
- (4) A notice mentioned in subsection (1)(b) must be 17  
given in the approved form and in an approved 18  
way. 19
- 60 Engaging person with suspended clearance, 20  
or subject to interim bar, prohibited 21**
- (1) This section applies if— 22
- (a) a person— 23
- (i) holds a clearance that is suspended; or 24
- (ii) is subject to an interim bar; and 25
- (b) a funded service provider knows, or ought 26  
reasonably to know, the person’s clearance 27  
is suspended or the interim bar is in effect 28  
for the person. 29
- (2) The funded service provider must not— 30
- (a) if the service provider has engaged the 31  
person under an existing arrangement to 32

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carry out State disability work for the service provider—allow the person to carry out work that is State disability work; or	1 2 3
(b) otherwise—start to engage a person to carry out State disability work.	4 5
Maximum penalty—200 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	6 7
<i>Note—</i>	8
See sections 84(4) and 113(3) for the restrictions on terminating a person’s employment solely or mainly because the person’s clearance is suspended or an interim bar is in effect for the person.	9 10 11 12
<b>61 Carrying out State disability work without clearance prohibited</b>	13 14
(1) A person must not start, or continue, an engagement to carry out State disability work for the department or a funded service provider unless the person holds a clearance.	15 16 17 18
Maximum penalty—	19
(a) if an aggravating circumstance applies to the offence—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment; or	20 21 22
(b) otherwise—100 penalty units.	23
(2) A person must not carry out State disability work as a State sole trader unless the person holds a clearance.	24 25 26
Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment.	27 28
(3) It is an <i>aggravating circumstance</i> for an offence against subsection (1) if the person—	29 30
(a) holds an exclusion; or	31
(b) held a clearance that was cancelled on the person’s request under division 6; or	32 33

- 
- |  |          |
|--|----------|
| (c) is a disqualified person; or   | 1        |
| (d) holds a negative notice under the Working with Children Act; or        | 2<br>3   |
| (e) is subject to—   | 4        |
| (i) offender reporting obligations; or                                     | 5        |
| (ii) an offender prohibition order; or                                     | 6        |
| (iii) an offender prohibition disqualification order; or                   | 7<br>8   |
| (iv) a sexual offender order; or   | 9        |
| (f) is the respondent to an application for an offender prohibition order. | 10<br>11 |

### **Subdivision 3 General** 12

#### **62 No contravention of particular requirements in the absence of notice** 13 14

- |  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| (1) This section applies in relation to—   | 15                   |
| (a) a provision of this division about a person carrying out disability work; and  | 16<br>17             |
| (b) a person who—  | 18                   |
| (i) held a clearance that was cancelled under division 6; or   | 19<br>20             |
| (ii) held an interstate NDIS clearance that was cancelled under a corresponding law; or  | 21<br>22<br>23       |
| (iii) holds an exclusion issued to the person after the person's clearance was cancelled under division 6; or                                      | 24<br>25<br>26       |
| (iv) holds an interstate NDIS exclusion issued to the person after the person's interstate NDIS clearance was cancelled under a corresponding law. | 27<br>28<br>29<br>30 |

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(2)	A court may not find that the person contravened the provision unless the person was given notice about the cancellation of the clearance or interstate NDIS clearance held by the person or the issue of the exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion to the person.	1 2 3 4 5 6
<b>63</b>	<b>Complying with requirement to end, or not start, a person's engagement</b>	7 8
(1)	This section applies if it would be an offence against a provision of this part for an NDIS service provider or funded service provider to engage, or continue to engage, a person (the <i>engaged person</i> ) to carry out disability work.	9 10 11 12 13
(2)	The NDIS service provider or funded service provider must comply with the provision despite another Act or law or any industrial award or agreement.	14 15 16 17
(3)	The NDIS service provider or funded service provider does not incur any liability because, in complying with the provision, the service provider does not engage, or continue to engage, the engaged person to carry out disability work.	18 19 20 21 22
(4)	A person whose clearance is suspended under division 6, or whose interstate NDIS clearance is suspended under a corresponding law, may be engaged by the NDIS service provider or funded service provider other than to carry out disability work until the suspension ends.	23 24 25 26 27 28
<b>Division 3</b>	<b>Disability worker screening applications</b>	29 30

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<b>Subdivision 1 Prohibited disability worker screening applications</b>	1 2 3
<b>64 Application by exclusion holder prohibited</b>	4
(1) A person who holds an exclusion or an interstate NDIS exclusion must not make a disability worker screening application.	5 6 7
Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment.	8 9
(2) An application made in contravention of subsection (1) has no effect.	10 11
<b>Subdivision 2 Applications generally</b>	12
<b>65 Application related to NDIS disability work</b>	13
A person may apply to the chief executive for a clearance if the person—	14 15
(a) is, or proposes to be—	16
(i) engaged by an NDIS service provider to carry out NDIS disability work; or	17 18
(ii) an NDIS sole trader; or	19
(iii) engaged by an entity prescribed by regulation for this section; and	20 21
(b) complies with each other criterion prescribed by regulation for this section.	22 23
<b>66 Application related to State disability work</b>	24
A person may apply to the chief executive for a clearance if the person is, or proposes to be—	25 26

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- (a) engaged by the department or a funded service provider to carry out State disability work; or
- (b) a State sole trader; or
- (c) engaged by an entity prescribed by regulation for this section.

- 67 Application combined with working with children check application**
- (1) A person may combine an application under section 65 or 66 with a working with children check application.
  - (2) An application made under subsection (1) is a *combined application*.
  - (3) This part applies to a combined application to the extent it is an application under section 65 or 66.
  - (4) If a combined application is made to the chief executive, the chief executive must give the information in the combined application, to the extent the information relates to the person's working with children check application, to the chief executive (working with children).
  - (5) In this section—  
*working with children check application* see the Working with Children Act, schedule 7.

- 68 Form of application**
- (1) A disability worker screening application must be—
    - (a) in the approved form; and
    - (b) made in an approved way; and
    - (c) signed by the applicant; and



- 
- (d) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation for the application. 1  
2
- (2) The approved form must provide for the applicant— 3  
4
- (a) to provide proof of the applicant’s identity; 5  
and 6
- (b) to consent to being screened under this part; 7  
and 8
- (c) if the applicant is engaged, or proposes to be engaged, to carry out disability work—to provide information about the entity that has engaged, or proposes to engage, the applicant to carry out the disability work. 9  
10  
11  
12  
13
- 69 Chief executive may request further information** 14  
15
- (1) After receiving a disability worker screening application, the chief executive may give the applicant a notice asking the applicant to give the chief executive, within a reasonable stated time— 16  
17  
18  
19
- (a) stated information the chief executive reasonably needs to establish the applicant’s identity; or 20  
21  
22
- (b) stated information, including by way of a submission, about a stated matter that the chief executive reasonably believes is relevant to the application. 23  
24  
25  
26
- (2) A request under subsection (1) must state that, if the applicant does not comply with the request within the stated time, the application may be withdrawn. 27  
28  
29  
30

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- 70 Applicant must give notice of change in information** 1  
2
- (1) This section applies if, before the chief executive decides a disability worker screening application— 3  
4  
5
- (a) the applicant’s name or contact details as stated in the application change; or 6  
7
- (b) if the application states information about the applicant’s engagement with an NDIS service provider or funded service provider—the stated engagement changes; or 8  
9  
10  
11  
12
- (c) another matter, prescribed by regulation for this section, changes in relation to the applicant. 13  
14  
15
- (2) The applicant must give the chief executive a notice about the change, in the approved form and in an approved way, within 7 days after the change happens. 16  
17  
18  
19
- Maximum penalty—10 penalty units. 20
- 71 Notice of change in police information or risk assessment matter** 21  
22
- (1) This section applies if, before the chief executive decides a disability worker screening application, the applicant becomes aware that— 23  
24  
25
- (a) the police information about the applicant changes; or 26  
27
- (b) a risk assessment matter related to the person changes. 28  
29
- (2) The applicant must immediately give the chief executive a notice about the change, in the approved form and in an approved way. 30  
31  
32
- Maximum penalty—100 penalty units. 33

- 
- (3) For subsection (1)(a), the police information about a person changes if a criminal history event happens in relation to the person.
- 72 Expired clearance continues in force pending decision**
- (1) This section applies if an applicant holds a clearance that, but for this section, would end under section 101(2).
- (2) The clearance remains in force—
- (a) from when the clearance would have ended under section 101(2); and
- (b) until the earliest of the following happens—
- (i) the applicant's disability worker screening application is decided or withdrawn;
- (ii) the applicant stops being a person who may apply for a clearance under section 65 or 66.
- 73 Holder of expired interstate NDIS clearance taken to hold NDIS clearance pending decision**
- (1) This section applies if an applicant holds an interstate NDIS clearance that ends under a corresponding law because the term of the clearance has ended.
- (2) The applicant is taken to hold an NDIS clearance—
- (a) from the end of the term of the interstate NDIS clearance under the corresponding law; and
- (b) until the earliest of the following happens—

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- (i) the applicant's disability worker screening application is decided or withdrawn; 1  
2  
3
- (ii) the applicant stops being a person who may apply for a clearance under section 65; 4  
5  
6
- (iii) an interim bar is imposed on the applicant. 7  
8

### **Subdivision 3 Withdrawal of application** 9

#### **74 Notice of withdrawal** 10

- (1) The chief executive withdraws a disability worker screening application by giving the applicant a notice (a *withdrawal notice*) that states the application is withdrawn. 11  
12  
13  
14
- (2) The chief executive must give a withdrawal notice to the applicant if the chief executive withdraws the application under this subdivision before it is decided. 15  
16  
17  
18
- (3) A withdrawal notice must state the reason for the withdrawal. 19  
20
- (4) The chief executive must also give a withdrawal notice to each notifiable person for the applicant whose disability worker screening application is withdrawn. 21  
22  
23  
24

#### **75 Withdrawal by applicant** 25

- (1) The applicant may ask the chief executive to withdraw the applicant's disability worker screening application at any time before it is decided. 26  
27  
28  
29
- (2) The request may be made orally or in writing. 30

- 
- (3) The chief executive must withdraw the application unless the chief executive refuses to withdraw the application under section 76. 1  
2  
3

**76 Refusal to withdraw by chief executive** 4

- (1) The chief executive may refuse to withdraw an applicant's disability worker screening application if— 5  
6  
7
- (a) an interim bar is in effect for the applicant; 8  
or 9
- (b) an interstate NDIS clearance held by the applicant is suspended under a corresponding law; or 10  
11  
12
- (c) the applicant was previously issued an exclusion or an interstate NDIS exclusion; 13  
or 14  
15
- (d) the chief executive, in relation to deciding the application— 16  
17
- (i) has given, or is proposing to give, the applicant a show cause notice under section 95; or 18  
19  
20
- (ii) reasonably suspects a risk assessment of the applicant will demonstrate that the applicant poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability. 21  
22  
23  
24
- (2) If the chief executive refuses to withdraw the application, the chief executive must give the applicant a notice that states the reasons for the refusal. 25  
26  
27  
28

**77 Request to withdraw combined application** 29

- (1) This section applies if the applicant made a combined application. 30  
31
- (2) The applicant may combine a request to withdraw 32

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- the applicant's disability worker screening application under section 75 with a notice withdrawing the applicant's working with children application. 1  
2  
3  
4
- (3) A request made under subsection (2) is a *combined withdrawal request*. 5  
6
- Note—* 7
- The request may be made orally or in writing. See— 8
- (a) section 75(2); and 9
- (b) the Working with Children Act, section 196(3). 10
- (4) This subdivision applies to a combined withdrawal request to the extent it is a request under section 75. 11  
12  
13
- (5) If a combined withdrawal request is made to the chief executive, the chief executive must give a notice about the combined withdrawal request to the chief executive (working with children). 14  
15  
16  
17
- 78 Withdrawal because identity can not be established** 18  
19
- The chief executive must withdraw a disability worker screening application if— 20  
21
- (a) the chief executive gives the applicant a notice under section 69(1)(a); and 22  
23
- (b) the notice includes the warning mentioned in section 69(2); and 24  
25
- (c) the chief executive can not establish the applicant's identity with certainty. 26  
27
- 79 Withdrawal because of failure to comply with particular requests** 28  
29
- The chief executive may withdraw a disability worker screening application if— 30  
31

- 
- (a) the chief executive gives the applicant—
    - (i) a notice under section 69(1)(b) asking the applicant to provide stated information; or
    - (ii) a notice under section 138U or 138X asking the applicant to give the consent, or take the other action, stated in the notice; and
  - (b) the notice includes a warning that, if the applicant does not comply with the notice, the application may be withdrawn; and
  - (c) the applicant does not comply with the notice.

**80 Withdrawal of NDIS worker screening application in particular circumstances**

The chief executive must withdraw an NDIS worker screening application if the chief executive is satisfied—

- (a) that, before the application was made, the applicant applied for an interstate NDIS clearance under a corresponding law and that application has not been decided or withdrawn; or
- (b) since the application was made, the applicant has been issued an interstate NDIS exclusion.

**Subdivision 4 Interim bar for particular applicants**

**81 Application of subdivision**

- (1) This subdivision applies if any of the following happens in relation to an applicant—

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(a) the applicant—	1
(i) is charged with a disqualifying offence that has not been dealt with; and	2 3
(ii) was an adult when the offence is alleged to have been committed;	4 5
(b) the applicant becomes the subject of a banning order made for a reason that, in the chief executive’s opinion, is relevant to whether the applicant poses a risk of harm to people with disability;	6 7 8 9 10
(c) the chief executive, in deciding the applicant’s application, reasonably suspects a risk assessment of the applicant will demonstrate that the applicant poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	11 12 13 14 15 16
(2) However, this subdivision does not apply in relation to an applicant who holds a clearance that is suspended under division 6.	17 18 19
<i>Note—</i>	20
See sections 56, 60 and 113 in relation to the effect of the suspension of a person’s clearance.	21 22
<b>82 Chief executive must impose interim bar on applicant</b>	23 24
(1) The chief executive must impose an interim bar on the applicant.	25 26
(2) The chief executive imposes an interim bar by giving the applicant a notice that states—	27 28
(a) the interim bar is imposed on the applicant; and	29 30
(b) the reason for imposing the interim bar; and	31
(c) the effect of the interim bar.	32



- 
- 83 Notifiable persons and potential employers notified about interim bar** 1  
2
- (1) The chief executive must give each notifiable 3  
person for the applicant a notice that states— 4
- (a) the applicant has made a disability worker 5  
screening application that has not been 6  
decided; and 7
- (b) an interim bar has been imposed on the 8  
applicant; and 9
- (c) the effect of the interim bar; and 10
- (d) the applicant’s employer who is given notice 11  
about the interim bar under this section must 12  
not terminate the applicant’s employment 13  
solely or mainly because the interim bar is 14  
in effect for the person. 15
- Note—* 16
- See section 138ZZB in relation to notices under 17  
this section if the NDIS commission 18  
communicates the relevant information to the 19  
notifiable person. 20
- (2) Also, the chief executive may give a notice 21  
mentioned in subsection (1) to a potential 22  
employer of the applicant. 23
- 84 Effect of interim bar** 24
- (1) This section applies if the chief executive imposes 25  
an interim bar on an applicant under section 82. 26
- (2) While the interim bar is in effect, the applicant 27  
must not— 28
- (a) start an engagement to carry out disability 29  
work; or 30
- (b) if, when the interim bar is imposed, the 31  
applicant is engaged to carry out disability 32  
work for an NDIS service provider, funded 33  
service provider or the department—carry 34

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- out work for the service provider or department that is disability work; or 1  
2
- (c) carry out disability work as an NDIS sole trader or State sole trader. 3  
4
- Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years imprisonment. 5  
6
- (3) An applicant’s employer who is given notice about the interim bar under section 83 must not terminate the applicant’s employment solely or mainly because the interim bar is in effect for the applicant. 7  
8  
9  
10  
11
- Notes—* 12
- 1 See also sections 56 and 60 in relation to NDIS service providers or funded service providers allowing the applicant to carry out disability work. 13  
14  
15
- 2 See section 138ZZB in relation to notices under section 83 if the NDIS commission communicates the relevant information to the notifiable person. 16  
17  
18
- 85 When interim bar ends** 19
- (1) An interim bar imposed on an applicant ends if— 20
- (a) the applicant’s disability worker screening application is— 21  
22
- (i) decided under division 4; or 23
- (ii) withdrawn under subdivision 3; or 24
- (b) the chief executive decides to end the interim bar under subsection (2). 25  
26
- (2) The chief executive may decide to end an interim bar if the chief executive reasonably suspects that a risk assessment of the applicant will demonstrate that the applicant does not pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability. 27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32
- (3) If an interim bar has been imposed on the 33



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<b>Subdivision 1 Preliminary</b>	1
<b>86 Application of division</b>	2
This division applies if a person made a disability worker screening application and the application has not been withdrawn.	3 4 5
<b>87 Dealing with application</b>	6
(1) The chief executive must—	7
(a) consider the person’s application and the information available to the chief executive about the person; and	8 9 10
(b) if section 89 or 90 apply to the person— decide the application under that section; and	11 12 13
(c) if section 91 or 92 apply to the person— conduct a risk assessment of the person before deciding the application under that section.	14 15 16 17
(2) However, the chief executive is not required to decide the person’s application if—	18 19
(a) a charge for an offence against the person has not been dealt with; or	20 21
(b) the chief executive is aware that an incident involving the person, or an allegation or complaint about the person’s conduct, that is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability is being investigated and the investigation has not ended.	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
<b>88 Information to be considered</b>	29
(1) The chief executive must consider each of the	30

- 
- following types of information for a person of which the chief executive is aware, if any—
- (a) police information;
  - (b) domestic violence information;
  - (c) disciplinary information;
  - (d) NDIS disciplinary or misconduct information;
  - (e) for an applicant for an NDIS disability worker screening application—information about—
    - (i) whether the person holds, or has previously held, an NDIS clearance, interstate NDIS clearance, NDIS exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion; or
    - (ii) if the person has previously held an NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance—whether the clearance was suspended at any time or cancelled;
  - (f) for an applicant for a State disability worker screening application—information about—
    - (i) whether the person holds, or has previously held, a State clearance, NDIS clearance, interstate NDIS clearance, State exclusion, NDIS exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion; or
    - (ii) if the person has previously held a State clearance, NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS clearance—whether the clearance was suspended at any time or cancelled.
- (2) The chief executive may consider other information about the person that is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people

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with disability. 1

## **Subdivision 2 Deciding application** 2

### **89 Deciding application—no relevant information** 3

The chief executive must issue a clearance to the 4  
person if the chief executive is not aware of any 5  
information mentioned in section 88 about the 6  
person. 7

### **90 Deciding application—disqualified person** 8

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive is aware 9  
the person is a disqualified person. 10
- (2) The chief executive must issue an exclusion to the 11  
person. 12

### **91 Deciding application—exceptional circumstances for adult offender** 13 14

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive is 15  
aware— 16
  - (a) the person has a conviction for a serious 17  
offence and was an adult when the offence 18  
was committed; or 19
  - (b) the person— 20
    - (i) has been charged with a disqualifying 21  
offence or serious offence that has not 22  
been dealt with; and 23
    - (ii) was an adult when the offence is 24  
alleged to have been committed. 25

*Note—* 26

See section 95 for the requirement for the chief 27  
executive to give the person a show cause notice before 28  
deciding the person's application if this section applies. 29

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(2)	The chief executive must issue the person an exclusion.	1 2
(3)	However, the chief executive may issue the person a clearance if satisfied there are exceptional circumstances such that the person does not pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	3 4 5 6 7
<b>92</b>	<b>Deciding application—general assessment of risk posed</b>	8 9
(1)	This section applies if sections 89, 90 and 91 do not apply to the person.	10 11
(2)	The chief executive must—	12
(a)	if satisfied the person does not pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability—issue a clearance to the person; or	13 14 15 16
(b)	if satisfied the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability—issue an exclusion to the person.	17 18 19
<b>Subdivision 3</b>	<b>Assessing risk person poses to people with disability</b>	20 21 22
<b>93</b>	<b>How chief executive conducts risk assessment</b>	23 24
(1)	The chief executive conducts a risk assessment of a person by—	25 26
(a)	considering the information about the person obtained by the chief executive under this part; and	27 28 29

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- (b) deciding whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability. 1  
2  
3
  - (2) In conducting the risk assessment, the chief executive— 4  
5
    - (a) must consider information as required under this division; and 6  
7
    - (b) may decide the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability— 8  
9  
10
      - (i) if satisfied there is a real and appreciable risk that the person might cause harm to people with disability; 11  
12  
13  
and 14
      - (ii) without needing to be satisfied it is likely the person will cause the harm. 15  
16
- 94 Matters to consider** 17
- (1) This section applies if the chief executive is aware of conduct of the person (the person's *offending conduct*) that— 18  
19  
20
    - (a) involved the commission of an offence; or 21
    - (b) was the subject of a complaint, allegation or investigation under a law; or 22  
23
    - (c) is otherwise relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability. 24  
25  
26
  - (2) The chief executive must consider the following matters— 27  
28
    - (a) the nature, gravity and circumstances of the person's offending conduct; 29  
30
    - (b) how the person's offending conduct is relevant to disability work; 31  
32



- 
- (c) how long ago the person's offending conduct occurred; 1  
2
  - (d) if the person's offending conduct was committed against another person (the *victim*)— 3  
4  
5
    - (i) the victim's vulnerability at the time of the conduct; and 6  
7
    - (ii) the person's relationship to, or position of authority over, the victim at the time of the conduct; 8  
9  
10
  - (e) whether the person's offending conduct indicates a pattern of concerning behaviour; 11  
12
  - (f) the person's conduct since the offending conduct; 13  
14
  - (g) any other circumstances relevant to the person's offending conduct. 15  
16

**95 Action before making adverse decision** 17

- (1) This section applies if— 18
  - (a) section 91 applies to the person; or 19
  - (b) the chief executive is proposing to decide that the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability. 20  
21  
22
- (2) Before deciding the person's application, the chief executive must— 23  
24
  - (a) give the person a notice (a *show cause notice*) that complies with section 96; and 25  
26
  - (b) consider any submissions the person makes in response to the show cause notice. 27  
28

**96 Requirements for show cause notice** 29

A show cause notice given to a person under 30

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- section 95 must— 1
- (a) state the following information about the 2  
person of which the chief executive is 3  
aware— 4
- (i) police information; 5
- (ii) domestic violence information; 6
- (iii) disciplinary information; 7
- (iv) NDIS disciplinary or misconduct 8  
information; 9
- (v) other information that the chief 10  
executive reasonably believes is 11  
relevant to whether the person poses a 12  
risk of harm to people with disability; 13  
and 14
- (b) state that, because of the circumstances 15  
mentioned in section 95(1), the chief 16  
executive proposes to issue the person an 17  
exclusion unless the chief executive is 18  
satisfied that— 19
- (i) if section 91 applies to the person— 20  
there are exceptional circumstances; 21  
and 22
- (ii) the person does not pose an 23  
unacceptable risk of harm to people 24  
with disability; and 25
- (c) invite the person to make submissions to the 26  
chief executive about— 27
- (i) if section 91 applies to the person— 28  
whether there are exceptional 29  
circumstances; and 30
- (ii) why the chief executive should not 31  
issue an exclusion to the person; and 32
- (d) state the period in which the person may 33  
make the submissions, which must be at 34

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least 7 days after the chief executive gives the notice to the person.	1 2
<b>Subdivision 4 Steps after application decided</b>	3 4
<b>97 Application of subdivision</b>	5
This subdivision applies if the chief executive decides a person's disability worker screening application.	6 7 8
<b>98 Issuing clearance and clearance card</b>	9
(1) If the chief executive decides to issue a clearance to the person, the chief executive must—	10 11
(a) give the person a notice that states the chief executive has decided—	12 13
(i) if the person made an NDIS worker screening application—to issue the person an NDIS clearance; or	14 15 16
(ii) if the person made a State disability worker screening application—to issue the person a State clearance; and	17 18 19
(b) issue a clearance card for the clearance to the person.	20 21
(2) A <i>clearance card</i> , for a clearance issued to a person, is a document, in the form of a card, that evidences that the clearance has been issued to the person.	22 23 24 25
<b>99 Issuing exclusion</b>	26
If the chief executive decides to issue an exclusion to the person, the chief executive must give the person a notice that states—	27 28 29

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- (a) the chief executive has decided— 1
  - (i) if the person made an NDIS worker 2  
screening application—to issue the 3  
person an NDIS exclusion; or 4
  - (ii) if the person made a State disability 5  
worker screening application—to issue 6  
the person a State exclusion; and 7
- (b) the reasons for the decision; and 8
- (c) the relevant review and appeal information; 9  
and 10
- (d) that it is an offence against this Act for a 11  
person who holds an exclusion to— 12
  - (i) make a disability worker screening 13  
application; or 14
  - (ii) start or continue to be engaged in 15  
carrying out disability work; or 16
  - (iii) carry out NDIS disability work as an 17  
NDIS sole trader or State disability 18  
work as a State sole trader. 19

**100 Notifiable persons and potential employers 20  
notified about decision 21**

- (1) The chief executive must give each notifiable 22  
person for the person a notice that states whether 23  
the person was issued— 24
  - (a) if the person made an NDIS worker 25  
screening application—an NDIS clearance 26  
or NDIS exclusion; or 27
  - (b) if the person made a State disability worker 28  
screening application—a State clearance or 29  
State exclusion. 30
- (2) Also, the chief executive may give a notice 31  
mentioned in subsection (1) to a potential 32  
employer of the person. 33

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<b>101 Term of clearance</b>	1	
(1) The term of a clearance starts—	2	
(a) when the clearance is issued; or	3	
(b) if the person holds another clearance with a term that ends on a later day—immediately after the existing clearance ends.	4 5 6	
(2) Unless it is cancelled earlier under division 6, the term of a clearance ends—	7 8	
(a) for an NDIS clearance—5 years after it starts under subsection (1); or	9 10	
(b) for a State clearance—3 years after it starts under subsection (1).	11 12	
<b>102 Term of exclusion</b>	13	
An exclusion remains in force unless it is cancelled under division 7.	14 15	
<b>Division 5</b>	<b>General provisions about clearances</b>	16 17
<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>Change in information</b>	18
<b>103 Clearance holder to notify if no longer carrying out work as a volunteer or on unpaid basis</b>	19 20	
(1) This section applies if—	21	
(a) a person holds a clearance that is not suspended; and	22 23	
(b) during the term of the clearance, the person is or was—	24 25	
(i) engaged to carry out disability work only as a volunteer; or	26 27	

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- (ii) carrying out disability work as an NDIS sole trader or State sole trader only on an unpaid basis; and
- (c) either of the following changes happens—
- (i) the person is engaged to carry out disability work other than as a volunteer;
- (ii) the person starts carrying out disability work as an NDIS sole trader or State sole trader for financial reward.
- (2) The person must, within 14 days after the change happens—
- (a) give the chief executive a notice, in the approved form and in an approved way, about the change; and
- (b) if the person is required to pay the prescribed application fee under subsection (3)—pay the prescribed application fee to the chief executive.
- Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.
- Note—*
- See section 106 in relation to the chief executive issuing a replacement clearance card because of the change.
- (3) The person must pay the prescribed application fee if the disability worker screening application in relation to which the clearance was issued was made on the basis that the person was—
- (a) engaged, or to be engaged, to carry out disability work as a volunteer; or
- (b) carrying out, or proposing to carry out, disability work as an NDIS sole trader or State sole trader on an unpaid basis.
- (4) In this section—
- prescribed application fee*** means the fee

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prescribed by regulation for a disability worker	1
screening application made by a person—	2
(a) for a person who gives a notice under	3
subsection (2) for a change mentioned in	4
subsection (1)(c)(i)—engaged to carry out	5
disability work other than as a volunteer; or	6
(b) for a person who gives a notice under	7
subsection (2) for a change mentioned in	8
subsection (1)(c)(ii)—carrying out disability	9
work as an NDIS sole trader or State sole	10
trader for financial reward.	11
<i>unpaid basis</i> , for carrying out disability work,	12
means the work is carried out other than for	13
financial reward.	14

**104 Clearance holder to notify change in other** 15  
**information** 16

(1) A person who holds a clearance must immediately	17
give the chief executive a notice, in the approved	18
form and in an approved way, if the person	19
becomes aware that—	20
(a) the police information about the person	21
changes; or	22
(b) a risk assessment matter related to the	23
person changes.	24
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	25
(2) For subsection (1), the police information about a	26
person changes if a criminal history event	27
happens in relation to the person.	28
(3) Also, a person who holds a clearance must, within	29
14 days after any of the following matters change,	30
give the chief executive a notice, in the approved	31
form and in an approved way, about the change—	32
(a) the person's name;	33

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- (b) the person's contact details; 1
- (c) another matter about the person, other than a 2  
matter to which section 103 or subsection 3  
(1) applies, prescribed by regulation for this 4  
subsection. 5
- Maximum penalty—10 penalty units. 6

## **Subdivision 2 Replacement of clearance 7 card 8**

### **105 Replacement of lost or stolen card 9**

- (1) If a person's clearance card is lost or stolen (the 10  
*lost or stolen card*), the person must, within 14 11  
days after the loss or theft— 12
  - (a) give the chief executive a notice about the 13  
loss or theft in the approved form and in an 14  
approved way; and 15
  - (b) either— 16
    - (i) apply for a replacement clearance card; 17  
or 18
    - (ii) ask the chief executive under section 19  
124 to cancel the person's clearance. 20
- Maximum penalty—10 penalty units. 21
- (2) An application under subsection (1)(b)(i) must 22  
be— 23
  - (a) made in the approved form and in an 24  
approved way; and 25
  - (b) accompanied by the fee prescribed by 26  
regulation for the application. 27
- (3) The chief executive must— 28
  - (a) cancel the lost or stolen card; and 29



- 
- (b) if the person applied for a replacement  
clearance card under subsection (1)(b)(i)—  
issue a replacement clearance card to the  
person.

**106 Replacement for change of name, contact  
details or volunteer or unpaid status**

- (1) This section applies if a person who holds a  
clearance gives the chief executive notice that—  
(a) the person’s name or contact details have  
changed; or  
(b) a change mentioned in section 103(1)(c) has  
happened.
- (2) If the chief executive considers it is appropriate to  
do so because of the change, the chief executive  
may issue a replacement clearance card to the  
person.
- (3) If the chief executive issues a replacement  
clearance card to the person, the chief executive  
must cancel the person’s previously held  
clearance card.

**107 Requirement to return replaced card**

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive issues a  
clearance card (the *replacement card*) to a person  
who holds a clearance to replace a clearance card  
(the *original card*) previously issued to the  
person.
- (2) If the replacement card is issued other than  
because the person’s original card expired or was  
lost or stolen, the person must give the original  
card to the chief executive within 14 days after the  
replacement card is issued.
- Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.

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(3)	If the person's original card was lost or stolen and the person regains possession of it, the person must give the original card to the chief executive within 7 days after regaining possession of it.	1 2 3 4
	Maximum penalty—10 penalty units.	5
(4)	A person does not commit an offence against subsection (2) or (3) if the person has a reasonable excuse.	6 7 8
<b>Division 6</b>	<b>Reassessment, suspension or cancellation of clearance</b>	9 10 11
<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>Reassessment of risk of harm to people with disability</b>	12 13 14
<b>108</b>	<b>Reassessment of risk of harm posed by holder of clearance</b>	15 16
(1)	The chief executive may conduct a risk assessment of a person who holds a clearance if the chief executive becomes aware of information about the person that—	17 18 19 20
(a)	was not known to the chief executive when the decision to issue the clearance was made; and	21 22 23
(b)	in the chief executive's opinion, is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability.	24 25 26
(2)	The chief executive must conduct a risk assessment of a person, under subsection (1) or otherwise, before the chief executive makes a decision under this division about whether the	27 28 29 30

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person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	1 2
<b>109 Application of div 4, sdiv 3 to conducting risk assessment</b>	3 4
(1) Division 4, subdivision 3 applies with necessary changes for conducting a risk assessment of a person under section 108.	5 6 7
(2) Without limiting subsection (1), section 95 applies if, under this division, the chief executive is proposing to decide that the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	8 9 10 11 12
<i>Note—</i>	13
Section 95 requires the chief executive to give a person a show cause notice, and invite the person to make submissions, before the chief executive decides the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	14 15 16 17 18
<b>Subdivision 2 Suspension of clearance</b>	19
<b>110 Application of subdivision</b>	20
This subdivision applies in relation to a person who holds a clearance if—	21 22
(a) the person—	23
(i) is charged with a disqualifying offence that has not been dealt with; and	24 25
(ii) was an adult when the offence is alleged to have been committed; or	26 27
(b) the person becomes the subject of a banning order made for a reason that, in the chief executive's opinion, is relevant to whether	28 29 30

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the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability; or	1 2
(c) the chief executive—	3
(i) is conducting a risk assessment of the person under subdivision 1; and	4 5
(ii) reasonably suspects the assessment will demonstrate that the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.	6 7 8 9
<b>111 Chief executive must suspend clearance</b>	10
(1) The chief executive must suspend the person’s clearance by giving the person a notice (a <i>suspension notice</i> ) about the suspension.	11 12 13
(2) The suspension notice must state—	14
(a) the person’s clearance is suspended; and	15
(b) the reason for the suspension; and	16
(c) how long the suspension will continue; and	17
(d) the effect of the suspension; and	18
(e) under section 128, the person must return the person’s clearance card to the chief executive immediately after the notice is given, unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	19 20 21 22 23
(f) the relevant review and appeal information.	24
<b>112 Notifiable persons and potential employers notified about suspension</b>	25 26
(1) The chief executive must give each notifiable person for the person a notice that states—	27 28
(a) the person’s clearance is suspended; and	29
(b) how long the suspension will continue; and	30

- 
- (c) the effect of the suspension; and 1
  - (d) it is an offence for an NDIS service provider 2  
or funded service provider to allow the 3  
person to carry out disability work while the 4  
clearance is suspended; and 5
  - (e) the person's employer who is given notice 6  
about the suspension of the person's 7  
clearance under this section must not 8  
terminate the person's employment solely or 9  
mainly because of the suspension. 10

*Note—* 11

See section 138ZZB in relation to notices under 12  
this section if the NDIS commission 13  
communicates the relevant information to the 14  
notifiable person. 15

- (2) Also, the chief executive may give a notice 16  
mentioned in subsection (1) to a potential 17  
employer of the person. 18

### **113 Effect of suspension of clearance** 19

- (1) This section applies while the person's clearance 20  
is suspended. 21
- (2) The person must not— 22
  - (a) start an engagement to carry out disability 23  
work; or 24
  - (b) if the person is engaged to carry out 25  
disability work for an NDIS service 26  
provider, funded service provider or the 27  
department—carry out work for the service 28  
provider or department that is disability 29  
work; or 30
  - (c) carry out disability work as an NDIS sole 31  
trader or State sole trader. 32

Maximum penalty—500 penalty units or 5 years 33  
imprisonment. 34

[s 11]

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- (3) A person's employer who is given notice about the suspension of the person's clearance under section 112 must not terminate the person's employment solely or mainly because of the suspension. 1  
2  
3  
4  
5
- Notes—* 6
- 1 See also sections 56 and 60 in relation to NDIS service providers or funded service providers allowing the person to carry out disability work. 7  
8  
9
- 2 See section 138ZZB in relation to notices under section 112 if the NDIS commission communicates the relevant information to the notifiable person. 10  
11  
12
- (4) The person's clearance continues in force even if it would otherwise end under section 101(2). 13  
14

#### **114 When suspension of clearance ends** 15

- The suspension of the person's clearance ends if— 16  
17
- (a) the chief executive decides to cancel the clearance under section 115; or 18  
19
- (b) the suspension ends under section 118; or 20
- (c) the clearance is otherwise cancelled under this division. 21  
22

#### **115 Deciding whether to cancel suspended clearance** 23 24

- (1) The chief executive may decide whether or not to cancel the person's suspended clearance— 25  
26
- (a) on the chief executive's own initiative; or 27
- (b) on the application of the person made under section 116. 28  
29
- (2) The chief executive must cancel the person's clearance if the chief executive decides the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with 30  
31  
32

disability. 1

*Note—* 2

See sections 108(2) and 109 in relation to making a  
decision under this section. 3  
4

(3) Otherwise, the chief executive may decide to— 5

(a) not cancel the person’s clearance; and 6

(b) end the suspension of the clearance. 7

**116 Application to chief executive to end  
suspension of clearance** 8  
9

(1) If the person’s clearance has been suspended for  
at least 6 months, the person may apply to the  
chief executive to end the suspension of the  
clearance. 10  
11  
12  
13

(2) The chief executive is not required to decide the  
person’s application if— 14  
15

(a) a charge for an offence against the person  
has not been dealt with; or 16  
17

(b) the chief executive is aware that an incident  
involving the person, or an allegation or  
complaint about the person’s conduct, that is  
relevant to whether the person poses a risk  
of harm to people with disability is being  
investigated and the investigation has not  
ended. 18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24

(3) The chief executive may decide the application— 25

(a) by deciding under section 115 whether or  
not to cancel the person’s clearance; or 26  
27

(b) by deciding— 28

(i) not to make a decision under section  
115; and 29  
30

(ii) to continue the suspension of the  
person’s clearance. 31  
32

[s 11]

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- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| (4)  | If the chief executive makes a decision mentioned in subsection (3)(b), the chief executive must give the person a notice that states—  | 1<br>2<br>3                            |
| (a)  | the decision and reasons for the decision; and  | 4<br>5                                 |
| (b)  | the relevant review and appeal information.   | 6                                      |
| <br><b>117 Chief executive decides to cancel suspended clearance</b> |   | 7<br>8                                 |
| (1)  | If the chief executive decides to cancel the person's clearance under section 115, the chief executive must—  | 9<br>10<br>11                          |
| (a)  | cancel the clearance; and   | 12                                     |
| (b)  | issue an exclusion to the person as follows—  | 13<br>14                               |
| (i)  | for a person who held an NDIS clearance—an NDIS exclusion;  | 15<br>16                               |
| (ii)   | for a person who held a State clearance—a State exclusion; and  | 17<br>18                               |
| (c)  | give the person a notice that states—   | 19                                     |
| (i)  | the decision and reasons for the decision; and  | 20<br>21                               |
| (ii)   | that, if the person has not returned the person's clearance card to the chief executive, under section 128, the person must return the person's clearance card to the chief executive immediately, unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and | 22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26<br>27<br>28 |
| (iii)  | the relevant review and appeal information; and   | 29<br>30                               |
| (iv)   | the circumstances in which the person may apply under section 130 for the exclusion to be cancelled; and  | 31<br>32<br>33                         |



- 
- (d) give each notifiable person for the person, 1  
and each potential employer of the person 2  
given notice about the suspension of the 3  
clearance under section 112(2), a notice that 4  
states— 5
- (i) the person’s clearance has been 6  
cancelled; and 7
- (ii) the person has been issued an 8  
exclusion; and 9
- (iii) it is an offence for an NDIS service 10  
provider or funded service provider to 11  
engage, or to continue to engage, the 12  
person to carry out disability work. 13
- (2) Also, the chief executive may give a notice 14  
mentioned in subsection (1)(d) to another 15  
potential employer of the person. 16

**118 Chief executive decides not to cancel 17  
suspended clearance 18**

- (1) This section applies if, under section 115, the 19  
chief executive decides not to cancel the person’s 20  
clearance and end the suspension of the clearance. 21
- (2) The suspension of the person’s clearance ends. 22
- (3) The chief executive must— 23
- (a) give a notice that states the suspension of the 24  
person’s clearance has ended to— 25
- (i) the person; and 26
- (ii) each notifiable person for the person; 27  
and 28
- (iii) each potential employer for the person 29  
who was given a notice about the 30  
suspension under section 112(2); and 31
- (b) if the chief executive has the person’s 32  
clearance card and the person’s clearance 33

[s 11]

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was not continued in force under section 1  
113(4) while it was suspended—return the  
person’s clearance card to the person. 3

**Subdivision 3 Cancelling clearance by  
chief executive 4  
5**

**119 Cancelling clearance—disqualified person 6**

- (1) The chief executive must cancel a person’s  
clearance if the person becomes a disqualified  
person. 7  
8  
9
- (2) This section applies whether or not the person’s  
clearance is suspended under section 111. 10  
11

**120 Cancelling clearance—wrong or incomplete  
information 12  
13**

- (1) The chief executive must cancel a person’s  
clearance if the chief executive— 14  
15
- (a) becomes aware the decision to issue the  
clearance was based on information that was  
wrong or incomplete; and 16  
17  
18
- (b) decides the person poses an unacceptable  
risk of harm to people with disability. 19  
20

*Note—* 21

See sections 108(2) and 109 in relation to making  
a decision under this section. 22  
23

- (2) A risk assessment of the person conducted before  
the chief executive makes a decision mentioned in  
subsection (1)(b) must include consideration of  
the correct or complete information. 24  
25  
26  
27
- (3) This section applies whether or not the person’s  
clearance is suspended under section 111. 28  
29

- 
- 121 Cancelling clearance—new relevant information** 1  
2
- (1) The chief executive must cancel a person’s clearance if the chief executive— 3  
4
- (a) becomes aware of information that— 5
- (i) was not known to the chief executive when the decision to issue the clearance was made; and 6  
7  
8
- (ii) in the chief executive’s opinion, is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability; and 9  
10  
11  
12
- (b) decides the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability. 13  
14
- Note—* 15
- See sections 108(2) and 109 in relation to making a decision under this section. 16  
17
- (2) A risk assessment of the person conducted before the chief executive makes a decision mentioned in subsection (1)(b) must include consideration of the information mentioned in subsection (1)(a). 18  
19  
20  
21
- (3) This section does not apply if the person’s clearance is suspended under section 111. 22  
23
- 122 Action after decision** 24
- If the chief executive is required, or decides, to cancel a person’s clearance under this subdivision, the chief executive must— 25  
26  
27
- (a) cancel the person’s clearance; and 28
- (b) issue an exclusion to the person as follows— 29  
30
- (i) for a person who held an NDIS clearance—an NDIS exclusion; 31  
32

[s 11]

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(ii)	for a person who held a State clearance—a State exclusion; and	1 2
(c)	give the person a notice that states—	3
(i)	the decision to cancel the clearance and issue the exclusion and the reasons for the decision; and	4 5 6
(ii)	under section 128, the person must return the person’s clearance card to the chief executive immediately, unless the person has a reasonable excuse; and	7 8 9 10
(iii)	the relevant review and appeal information; and	11 12
(iv)	the circumstances in which the person may apply under section 130 for the exclusion to be cancelled.	13 14 15
<b>123</b>	<b>Notifiable persons and potential employers notified about cancellation</b>	16 17
(1)	If the chief executive cancels a person’s clearance under this subdivision, the chief executive must give each notifiable person for the person a notice that states—	18 19 20 21
(a)	the person’s clearance has been cancelled; and	22 23
(b)	the person has been issued an exclusion; and	24
(c)	it is an offence for an NDIS service provider or funded service provider to engage, or to continue to engage, the person to carry out disability work.	25 26 27 28
(2)	Also, the chief executive may give a notice mentioned in subsection (1) to a potential employer of the person.	29 30 31

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<b>Subdivision 4 Cancellling clearance on holder's request</b>	1 2
<b>124 Request to cancel clearance</b>	3
(1) A person may ask the chief executive to cancel the person's clearance.	4 5
(2) The request must be made in the approved form and in an approved way.	6 7
<b>125 Refusal to cancel clearance</b>	8
(1) The chief executive must refuse a person's request under section 124 if—	9 10
(a) the person's clearance is suspended; or	11
(b) the chief executive is conducting, or proposes to conduct, a risk assessment of the person under subdivision 1; or	12 13 14
(c) the chief executive is aware the person has become a disqualified person.	15 16
(2) The chief executive must give the person a notice that states—	17 18
(a) the chief executive is refusing the request to cancel the person's clearance; and	19 20
(b) the reasons for the refusal.	21
<b>126 Cancellation of clearance</b>	22
(1) This section applies if a request under section 124 is not refused by the chief executive under section 125.	23 24 25
(2) The chief executive must—	26
(a) cancel the person's clearance; and	27
(b) give the person a notice that states—	28

[s 11]

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- (i) the clearance has been cancelled; and 1
- (ii) under section 128, the person must 2  
return the person's clearance card to 3  
the chief executive immediately after 4  
the notice is given, unless the person 5  
has a reasonable excuse; and 6
- (iii) it is an offence for the person to be 7  
engaged in carrying out disability 8  
work, or to carry out disability work as 9  
an NDIS sole trader or State sole 10  
trader, other than as allowed under 11  
division 2. 12

**127 Notifiable persons and potential employers 13  
notified about cancellation 14**

- (1) If the chief executive cancels a person's clearance 15  
under section 126, the chief executive must give a 16  
notice to each notifiable person for the person that 17  
states— 18
  - (a) the person's clearance has been cancelled on 19  
the person's request; and 20
  - (b) it is an offence for an NDIS service provider 21  
or funded service provider to engage, or 22  
continue to engage, the person in disability 23  
work other than as allowed under division 2. 24
- (2) Also, the chief executive may give a potential 25  
employer for the person a notice mentioned in 26  
subsection (1). 27

**Subdivision 5 Return of clearance card 28**

**128 Requirement to return suspended or cancelled 29  
card 30**

- (1) This section applies to a person if the chief 31

executive gives the person a notice that states the  
person's clearance is suspended or cancelled. 1  
2

- (2) The person must return the person's clearance  
card for the clearance to the chief executive  
immediately after the notice is given, unless the  
person has a reasonable excuse. 3  
4  
5  
6

Maximum penalty—100 penalty units. 7

## **Division 7            Cancellation of exclusion** 8

### **129 Application of div 4, sdiv 3 to conducting risk assessment** 9 10

- (1) The chief executive must conduct a risk  
assessment of a person before the chief executive  
makes a decision under this division about  
whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of  
harm to people with disability. 11  
12  
13  
14  
15

- (2) Division 4, subdivision 3 applies for conducting  
the risk assessment with necessary changes. 16  
17

- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), section 95  
applies if, under this division, the chief executive  
is proposing to decide that the person poses an  
unacceptable risk of harm to people with  
disability. 18  
19  
20  
21  
22

*Note—* 23

Section 95 requires the chief executive to give a person a  
show cause notice, and invite the person to make  
submissions, before the chief executive decides the  
person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people  
with disability. 24  
25  
26  
27  
28

### **130 Application to cancel exclusion** 29

- (1) A person who holds an exclusion, other than a  
disqualified person, may apply to the chief  
executive to cancel the exclusion if— 30  
31  
32

[s 11]

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- (a) the application is made more than 5 years after—
    - (i) the exclusion was issued; and
    - (ii) if the person has previously applied to cancel the exclusion under this section—the most recent previous application was decided; or
  - (b) a court decides an appeal, under section 138K, and sets aside a decision that information is investigative information about the person; or
  - (c) there has been a significant or exceptional change in the person’s circumstances since the exclusion was issued.

*Example of a significant or exceptional change in a person’s circumstances—*  
a person’s conviction for an offence is quashed
- (2) If the exclusion was issued because the person is a disqualified person, the person may apply to the chief executive to cancel the exclusion if the person is no longer a disqualified person.

### **131 Form of application**

- (1) The application must be—
  - (a) in the approved form; and
  - (b) made in an approved way; and
  - (c) signed by the person; and
  - (d) accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation for the application.
- (2) The person may state anything in the application that the person considers is relevant to the chief executive’s decision, including, for example, a change in the person’s circumstances since the exclusion was issued.



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## 132 Cancellation on application

- 1  
2  
3  
4  
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7
- (1) This section applies if a person made an application under section 130.
  - (2) The chief executive may cancel the person's exclusion if the chief executive is satisfied the person does not pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability.

Note—

8  
9  
10

See section 129 in relation to making a decision under this section.

## 133 Other cancellation of exclusion

- 11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
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19  
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21  
22  
23  
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33
- (1) The chief executive may act under this section whether or not a person made an application under section 130.
  - (2) The chief executive may cancel the person's exclusion if the chief executive is satisfied the person does not pose an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability and any of the following apply—
    - (a) the exclusion was issued because the person was a disqualified person and the person is no longer a disqualified person;
    - (b) the chief executive is satisfied the decision to issue the exclusion was based on wrong or incomplete information;
    - (c) the chief executive becomes aware of information (*further information*) that—
      - (i) was not known to the chief executive when the decision to issue the exclusion was made; and
      - (ii) in the chief executive's opinion, is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability.

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- (3) A risk assessment of the person conducted before the chief executive makes a decision for a reason mentioned in subsection (2)(b) or (c) must include consideration of the correct and complete information or the further information.

*Note—*

See section 129 in relation to making a decision under this section.

### **134 Action after decision to cancel exclusion**

- (1) If the chief executive decides to cancel a person's exclusion under this division, the chief executive must—
- (a) cancel the exclusion; and
  - (b) give the person a notice about the cancellation.
- (2) The chief executive may decide a disability worker screening application made by the person after the exclusion is cancelled without conducting a risk assessment of the person unless the chief executive is aware of information that—
- (a) was not known to the chief executive when the decision to cancel the exclusion was made; and
  - (b) is relevant to whether the person poses a risk of harm to people with disability.

### **135 Notice of decision to refuse application**

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) a person made an application under section 130; and
  - (b) the chief executive decided to refuse the application.

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(2)	The chief executive must give the person a notice that states—	1 2
(a)	the application has been refused and the person’s exclusion continues in force; and	3 4
(b)	the reasons for the chief executive’s decision to refuse the application; and	5 6
(c)	the relevant review and appeal information.	7
<b>Division 8</b>	<b>Provisions about obtaining, giving and dealing with information</b>	8 9 10
<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>Preliminary</b>	11
<b>136</b>	<b>Meaning of <i>relevant person</i></b>	12
(1)	For this division, each of the following persons is a <i>relevant person</i> —	13 14
(a)	a person who holds a clearance;	15
(b)	a person who has made a disability worker screening application that has not been decided or withdrawn;	16 17 18
(c)	a person to whom all of the following apply—	19 20
(i)	the person has purported to make a disability worker screening application;	21 22 23
(ii)	the application has not been properly made, including, for example, because the application was not accompanied by the fee prescribed by regulation for the application;	24 25 26 27 28

[s 11]

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- (iii) the application, as made, contains sufficient information for the chief executive to establish the person's identity with certainty; 1  
2  
3  
4
  - (d) a person who has made an application under section 130 to cancel the person's exclusion and the application has not been decided or withdrawn; 5  
6  
7  
8
  - (e) a person who holds an exclusion if— 9
    - (i) there is an undecided appeal, review or application under section 138J(2), 138L(2), 138ZV or 138ZW relating to the exclusion; or 10  
11  
12  
13
    - (ii) there is an undecided appeal against a decision on an appeal or review under section 138J(2), 138ZV or 138ZW relating to the exclusion. 14  
15  
16  
17
- (2) Also, a person is a *relevant person* for this division if the chief executive is aware that— 18  
19
  - (a) the person holds an interstate NDIS clearance; or 20  
21
  - (b) the person has made an application under a corresponding law that corresponds to an NDIS disability worker screening application and an NDIS worker screening unit has asked the chief executive for information about the person in relation to deciding the application. 22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28
- (3) In this section— 29
  - undecided*, in relation to an appeal, review or application, means the appeal, review or application has been started or made but not decided. 30  
31  
32  
33

- 
- 137 Chief executive may disclose information about relevant persons** 1  
2
- (1) This section applies if the chief executive may ask 3  
an entity for information about a relevant person 4  
under this division. 5
- (2) The chief executive may include information that 6  
is reasonably necessary to identify the relevant 7  
person in the request. 8
- (3) The chief executive may also give information 9  
about the identity of a relevant person to an entity 10  
that is authorised, under this division or another 11  
law, to give information about relevant persons to 12  
the chief executive— 13
- (a) to advise the entity whether or not a 14  
particular person is a relevant person; or 15
- (b) from time to time to advise the entity about 16  
the persons who are relevant persons at a 17  
particular time. 18
- 138 Information that need not be given** 19
- (1) This section applies if, under another provision of 20  
this division, an entity is required to give 21  
information to the chief executive and the entity 22  
reasonably believes that giving the information 23  
may do any of the following— 24
- (a) prejudice the investigation of a 25  
contravention or possible contravention of 26  
the law in a particular case; 27
- (b) enable the existence or identity of a 28  
confidential source of information, in 29  
relation to the enforcement or 30  
administration of the law, to be ascertained; 31
- (c) prejudice the effectiveness of a lawful 32  
method or procedure for preventing, 33  
detecting, investigating or dealing with a 34

[s 11]

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contravention or possible contravention of the law;	1 2
(d) prejudice a matter before a court, including, for example—	3 4
(i) a matter or an investigation before the Mental Health Court; and	5 6
(ii) a prosecution;	7
(e) prejudice a matter before the Mental Health Review Tribunal;	8 9
(f) endanger a person’s life or physical safety;	10
(g) adversely affect a person’s mental health.	11
(2) Despite the other provision, the entity is not required to—	12 13
(a) give the information to the chief executive; or	14 15
(b) disclose the existence of the information to the chief executive.	16 17
<b>Subdivision 2 Obtaining police information and related information from police commissioner</b>	18 19 20 21
<b>138A Provision about police commissioner’s obligation to provide information</b>	22 23
A requirement under this subdivision for the police commissioner to give the chief executive information about a relevant person applies—	24 25 26
(a) only to information in the commissioner’s possession or to which the commissioner has access; and	27 28 29
(b) despite the <i>Youth Justice Act 1992</i> , part 9.	30

- 
- 138B Meaning of *criminal history event*** 1
- (1) Any of the following events that happen in 2  
relation to a person is a *criminal history event*— 3
- (a) the person acquires a criminal history; 4
- (b) the person’s criminal history changes; 5
- (c) the police commissioner decides, under 6  
section 138I, that information about the 7  
person is investigative information; 8
- (d) the person becomes subject to— 9
- (i) offender reporting obligations; or 10
- (ii) an offender prohibition order; or 11
- (iii) an offender prohibition disqualification 12  
order; 13
- (e) the person is named as the respondent for an 14  
application for an offender prohibition 15  
order. 16
- (2) For subsection (1)(c), it does not matter when the 17  
conduct related to the investigative information 18  
happened or is alleged to have happened. 19
- 138C Chief executive’s request for police 20  
information about relevant person 21**
- (1) The chief executive may ask the police 22  
commissioner for police information about a 23  
relevant person. 24
- (2) The police commissioner must comply with a 25  
request under subsection (1) by— 26
- (a) giving the chief executive the police 27  
information that exists about the relevant 28  
person; or 29
- (b) telling the chief executive there is no police 30  
information about the relevant person. 31

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- (3) If there is police information about the relevant person, the chief executive may ask the police commissioner for—
- (a) a brief description of the circumstances of a conviction, charge or investigative information mentioned in the police information; and
  - (b) a section 93A transcript relating to an offence mentioned in the police information; and
  - (c) the information mentioned in section 138F(1) about an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order mentioned in the police information; and
  - (d) the information mentioned in section 138F(2) about an application for an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order mentioned in the police information if the order is not, or was not, made.
- (4) The police commissioner must comply with a request under subsection (3).
- (5) If the chief executive no longer needs the information requested—
- (a) the chief executive must tell the police commissioner the information is no longer needed; and
  - (b) the police commissioner’s obligation to comply with the chief executive’s request ends.

**138D Chief executive’s request for domestic violence information about relevant person**

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive



- 
- reasonably believes a domestic violence order  
may have been made against a relevant person. 1 2
- (2) The chief executive may ask the police  
commissioner for domestic violence information  
about the relevant person. 3 4 5
- (3) The police commissioner must comply with a  
request under subsection (2) by— 6 7
- (a) giving the chief executive the domestic  
violence information that exists about the  
relevant person; or 8 9 10
- (b) telling the chief executive there is no  
domestic violence information about the  
relevant person. 11 12 13
- (4) If there is domestic violence information about  
the person, the chief executive may ask the police  
commissioner for a brief description of the  
circumstances of a domestic violence order  
mentioned in the domestic violence information. 14 15 16 17 18
- (5) The police commissioner must comply with a  
request under subsection (4). 19 20
- (6) If the chief executive no longer needs the  
information requested— 21 22
- (a) the chief executive must tell the police  
commissioner the information is no longer  
needed; and 23 24 25
- (b) the police commissioner’s obligation to  
comply with the chief executive’s request  
ends. 26 27 28

**138E Police commissioner must notify change in  
police information** 29 30

- (1) This section applies if— 31
- (a) the police commissioner reasonably  
suspects a person is a relevant person; and 32 33

[s 11]

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- (b) a criminal history event happens in relation to the person. 1  
2
- (2) The police commissioner must give the chief executive a notice about the criminal history event. 3  
4  
5
- (3) The notice must state the following information, to the extent the information relates to the criminal history event— 6  
7  
8
- (a) the particulars of an offence the relevant person was charged with or convicted of, including the day the person was charged or convicted; 9  
10  
11  
12
- (b) a brief description of information that the police commissioner has decided is investigative information about the relevant person; 13  
14  
15  
16
- (c) the information mentioned in section 138F(1) about an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order to which the relevant person is, has been or becomes subject; 17  
18  
19  
20  
21
- (d) the information mentioned in section 138F(2) about an application for an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order if the order is not, or was not, made. 22  
23  
24  
25  
26
- 138F Particular information to be given about orders and applications for orders refused** 27  
28
- (1) For section 138C(3)(c) or 138E(3)(c), the information about an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order is— 29  
30  
31
- (a) details of the order, including its duration; and 32  
33
- (b) for an offender prohibition order— 34

- 
- (i) a brief description of the conduct that gave rise to the order; and
- (ii) whether the order is or was a temporary order or final order under the *Child Protection (Offender Reporting and Offender Prohibition Order) Act 2004*.
- (2) For section 138C(3)(d) or 138E(3)(d), the information about an application for an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order, if the order is not or was not made, is—
- (a) the reasons the application was made; and
- (b) the reasons the order was not made; and
- (c) if the application was for an offender prohibition order—the reasons given by the magistrate or court hearing the application for deciding not to make the order.
- 138G Person to be notified if investigative information given**
- (1) This section applies if the police commissioner gives investigative information about a relevant person to the chief executive under section 138C or 138E.
- (2) The police commissioner must give the relevant person a notice that states—
- (a) the police commissioner has decided that information about the person is investigative information; and
- (b) the investigative information has been given to the chief executive.

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<b>138H Use of information given to police commissioner</b>	1 2
(1) Information given to the police commissioner under this division—	3 4
(a) must not be accessed or disclosed for any purpose other than—	5 6
(i) a purpose under this part; or	7
(ii) a purpose relevant to law enforcement; and	8 9
(b) must not be used for any purpose other than for a purpose under this part.	10 11
(2) However, subsection (1) does not apply to information obtained by the police commissioner before the chief executive gave the information to the police commissioner under this division.	12 13 14 15
 <b>Subdivision 3 Provisions about investigative information</b>	 16 17
 <b>138I Police commissioner may decide information is investigative information</b>	 18 19
(1) The police commissioner may decide that information related to the conduct of a person (the <i>investigated person</i> ) is <i>investigative information</i> about the investigated person if satisfied—	20 21 22 23
(a) there is or was evidence that, at the time of the investigated person's conduct, it constituted a schedule 6 or 7 offence (the <i>alleged offence</i> ) committed by the investigated person against another person (the <i>complainant</i> ); and	24 25 26 27 28 29
(b) the matters stated in subsection (2) apply in relation to the alleged offence.	30 31

- 
- (2) The matters are— 1
- (a) the police investigated the alleged offence; 2  
and 3
  - (b) the investigated person was formally 4  
notified about the investigation, including— 5
    - (i) by participating, or being asked to 6  
participate, in an interview about the 7  
alleged offence; or 8
    - (ii) by otherwise being given an 9  
opportunity to answer allegations about 10  
the alleged offence; and 11
  - (c) there was sufficient evidence to establish 12  
each element of the alleged offence; and 13
  - (d) the investigated person was not charged 14  
because— 15
    - (i) the complainant died before the charge 16  
was brought; or 17
    - (ii) the complainant was unwilling to 18  
proceed; or 19
    - (iii) an adult, who was the complainant’s 20  
parent or guardian, decided the matter 21  
should not proceed in the interests of 22  
the complainant. 23
- (3) Evidence of conduct includes information from a 24  
third party if the complainant did not make a 25  
formal complaint at or about the time of the 26  
investigation. 27
- (4) Despite the *Police Service Administration Act* 28  
*1990*, section 4.10, the police commissioner may 29  
not delegate the police commissioner’s powers 30  
under subsection (1) other than to a police officer 31  
of at least the rank of superintendent. 32

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<b>138J Appealing investigative information decision</b>	1
(1) This section applies if—	2
(a) the police commissioner decides that information is investigative information about a person; and	3 4 5
(b) the investigative information is given to the chief executive under subdivision 2; and	6 7
(c) after the investigative information is given to the chief executive, the chief executive issues the person an exclusion, including because the chief executive cancels the person’s clearance.	8 9 10 11 12
(2) The person (the <i>appellant</i> ) may appeal to a Magistrates Court about the decision (the <i>investigative information decision</i> ) that information, given to the chief executive as investigative information about the appellant, is investigative information.	13 14 15 16 17 18
(3) However, an appeal under subsection (2) may only be made within 28 days after the appellant is given notice that the exclusion has been issued.	19 20 21
(4) The chief executive and police commissioner must be given a copy of the notice of appeal.	22 23
(5) The tribunal does not have jurisdiction to review a decision of the police commissioner that—	24 25
(a) information is investigative information about a person; or	26 27
(b) information that is investigative information about a person may be given to the chief executive.	28 29 30
<b>138K Court to decide matter afresh</b>	31
(1) A Magistrates Court hearing an appeal about an investigative information decision under section	32 33

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138J must decide afresh whether information 1  
given to the chief executive is investigative 2  
information about the appellant. 3

(2) The appellant must not ask or call on the 4  
complainant for the investigative information to 5  
give evidence in person before the court. 6

(3) Subsection (2) does not prevent documentary 7  
evidence being tendered and received in evidence 8  
by the court. 9

(4) After hearing the appeal, the court may confirm or 10  
set aside the investigative information decision. 11

(5) For subsection (4), the court must consider the 12  
matters the police commissioner was required to 13  
consider under section 138I when making the 14  
investigative information decision. 15

(6) The clerk of the court must give the appellant 16  
notice of the court's decision on the appeal. 17

(7) The notice must state— 18

(a) that, if the chief executive's decision to issue 19  
the appellant an exclusion is a reviewable 20  
decision, the appellant may apply for a 21  
review of the decision subject to section 22  
138ZT(2); and 23

(b) how, and the period within which, the 24  
person may apply for the review. 25

(8) In this section— 26

*complainant*, for investigative information about 27  
the appellant, means the complainant under 28  
section 138I for the alleged offence under that 29  
section that was committed by the appellant who 30  
is the subject of the investigative information. 31

### **138L Consequence of decision on appeal** 32

(1) This section applies if a Magistrates Court decides 33

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an appeal about an investigative information decision under section 138K.	1 2
(2) If the court decides to set aside the investigative information decision, the appellant may apply to the chief executive under section 130(1)(b) to cancel the exclusion.	3 4 5 6
(3) If the court confirms the investigative information decision, the appellant may apply under section 138ZT for an internal review of the decision to issue the exclusion to the appellant, subject to section 138ZT(2).	7 8 9 10 11
(4) An application mentioned in subsection (3)—	12
(a) must be made within 28 days after the appellant receives the notice under section 138K(6); and	13 14 15
(b) may be made even if the appellant applied for an internal review of the decision to issue the exclusion to the appellant before the court decided the appeal.	16 17 18 19
<b>Subdivision 4 Obtaining police information from other State entities</b>	20 21 22
<b>138M Obtaining information from director of public prosecutions</b>	23 24
(1) If the chief executive is aware a relevant person has been charged with or convicted of an offence, the chief executive may, by notice, ask the director of public prosecutions for the following information about the relevant person—	25 26 27 28 29
(a) a written statement briefly describing the circumstances of a charge or conviction for the offence;	30 31 32



- 
- (b) a copy or written summary of evidentiary material about the offence; 1  
2
- (c) if a charge for the offence was not proceeded with—a written summary of the reasons why the charge was not proceeded with. 3  
4  
5  
6
- (2) The director of public prosecutions may comply with the chief executive’s request if the director reasonably believes the information may help the chief executive to perform the chief executive’s screening functions in relation to the person. 7  
8  
9  
10  
11
- (3) However, the director of public prosecutions must not give the chief executive a copy or written summary of evidentiary material about the offence that relates only to a person other than the relevant person. 12  
13  
14  
15  
16
- Example—* 17
- a report by an expert about a person other than the relevant person 18  
19
- (4) The director of public prosecutions is authorised to give information, or a document containing information, under this section despite any other Act or law, including a law imposing an obligation to maintain confidentiality about the information. 20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25
- Note—* 26
- See section 227 for restrictions on disclosing or giving access to information or documents obtained under this part. 27  
28  
29
- (5) Without limiting subsection (4), this section applies despite the *Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1984*, section 24A. 30  
31  
32
- (6) In this section— 33
- evidentiary material***, about an offence, means material compiled in the course of the investigation or prosecution of the offence, 34  
35  
36

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- including, for example, the following— 1
- (a) a summary of the circumstances of the 2  
alleged offence prepared by a police officer; 3
- Examples—* 4
- bench charge sheet, QP9 5
- (b) a witness statement; 6
  - (c) an indictment; 7
  - (d) a record of an interview or a transcript of a 8  
record of an interview, including a section 9  
93A transcript; 10
  - (e) a report by an expert about the person 11  
alleged to have committed the offence. 12

**138N Obtaining information from chief executive 13  
(corrective services) 14**

- (1) The chief executive (corrective services) must 15  
give the chief executive a notice about each 16  
person who is subject to a sexual offender order. 17
- (2) The notice must state— 18
  - (a) the person is subject to a sexual offender 19  
order; and 20
  - (b) any other information the chief executive 21  
(corrective services) reasonably believes 22  
may help the chief executive to perform the 23  
chief executive’s screening functions. 24
- (3) The chief executive (corrective services) is 25  
authorised to give information under this section 26  
despite any other Act or law, including a law 27  
imposing an obligation to maintain 28  
confidentiality about the information. 29

*Note—* 30  
See section 227 for restrictions on disclosing or giving 31  
access to information or documents obtained under this 32  
part. 33

- 
- (4) In this section— 1  
*chief executive (corrective services)* means the 2  
chief executive of the department in which the 3  
*Corrective Services Act 2006* is administered. 4

**Subdivision 5 Obtaining disciplinary and 5  
other information from 6  
particular entities 7**

**1380 Meaning of *disciplinary information* 8**

- (1) *Disciplinary information* about a person is 9  
information about the following disciplinary 10  
action taken against the person— 11
- (a) for a person who holds, or has held, a foster 12  
carer certificate, kinship carer certificate or 13  
provisional certificate under the *Child 14  
Protection Act 1999*—the person’s 15  
certificate was amended, suspended or 16  
cancelled under that Act; 17
- (b) for a person who holds, or has held, a 18  
provider approval, service approval or 19  
supervisor certificate under the *Education 20  
and Care Services Act 2013* or the 21  
*Education and Care Services National Law 22  
(Queensland)*—the person’s approval or 23  
certificate was amended, suspended or 24  
cancelled under that Act or Law; 25
- (c) the person was given a prohibition notice 26  
under— 27
- (i) the *Education and Care Services Act 28  
2013*; or 29
- (ii) the *Education and Care Services 30  
National Law (Queensland)*; or 31
- (iii) the repealed *Child Care Act 2002*; 32

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- (d) for a person who held a licence to conduct a child care service, including a provisional licence, under the repealed *Child Care Act 2002*—the person’s licence was amended, suspended or revoked under that Act; 1  
2  
3  
4  
5
- (e) for a person who is, or has been, a registered teacher or holds, or has held, a permission to teach under the *Education (Queensland College of Teachers) Act 2005*— 6  
7  
8  
9
  - (i) the person’s registration or permission to teach was suspended under that Act; 10  
or 12
  - (ii) the person’s registration was cancelled under that Act; or 13  
14
  - (iii) a practice and conduct body made a decision about practice and conduct proceedings against the teacher under that Act; 15  
16  
17  
18
- (f) for a person who was a registered teacher under the repealed *Education (Teacher Registration) Act 1988*— 19  
20  
21
  - (i) the person’s registration was suspended or cancelled under that Act; or 22  
23
  - (ii) the Board of Teacher Registration under that Act made an order about the person after inquiring into a matter concerning the person’s conduct under that Act. 24  
25  
26  
27  
28
- (2) In this section— 29
  - amended**, in relation to an approval, certificate or licence held by a person, means the approval, certificate or licence was amended other than— 30  
31  
32
    - (a) at the person’s request; or 33
    - (b) with the person’s agreement; or 34

- 
- (c) to extend the term of the approval, certificate or licence; or 1  
2
- (d) in another way that is consistent with, or not contrary to, the person's interests. 3  
4

**138P Request for information about disciplinary action against relevant person** 5  
6

- (1) The chief executive may, by notice, ask any of the following entities (each a *State entity*) for disciplinary information about a relevant person— 7  
8  
9  
10
- (a) the chief executive (child safety) in relation to disciplinary action mentioned in section 138O(a); 11  
12  
13
- (b) the chief executive (education and care) in relation to disciplinary action mentioned in section 138O(b), (c) or (d); 14  
15  
16
- (c) the college of teachers in relation to disciplinary action mentioned in section 138O(e) or (f). 17  
18  
19
- (2) In this section— 20
- chief executive (education and care)* means— 21
- (a) the chief executive of the department in which the *Education and Care Services Act 2013* is administered; or 22  
23  
24
- (b) the children's services regulator under the Education and Care Services National Law (Queensland). 25  
26  
27
- college of teachers* means the Queensland College of Teachers under the *Education (Queensland College of Teachers) Act 2005*. 28  
29  
30

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<b>138Q State entity must comply with request for disciplinary information</b>	1 2
(1) This section applies if a State entity is given a request about a relevant person under section 138P.	3 4 5
(2) The State entity must give disciplinary information about the relevant person to the chief executive if the State entity reasonably believes the information may help the chief executive to perform the chief executive's screening functions.	6 7 8 9 10
(3) Disciplinary information given under subsection (2) must include the following information—	11 12
(a) the disciplinary action taken;	13
(b) when the conduct that constituted a ground for the disciplinary action happened;	14 15
(c) the nature of the conduct that constituted a ground for the disciplinary action;	16 17
(d) other information about the disciplinary action the State entity reasonably believes may help the chief executive to perform the chief executive's screening functions.	18 19 20 21
(4) Disciplinary information given under subsection (1) must not include information that identifies, or is likely to identify, a particular child.	22 23 24
<b>138R Request for other information about relevant person from prescribed entities</b>	25 26
(1) This section applies if the chief executive reasonably believes a prescribed entity has information, other than disciplinary information, that is relevant to whether a relevant person poses a risk of harm to people with disability.	27 28 29 30 31
(2) The chief executive may, by notice, ask the prescribed entity for information about the relevant person.	32 33 34

- 
- (3) The prescribed entity may give the information about the relevant person to the chief executive if the entity reasonably believes the information may help the chief executive to perform the chief executive's screening functions. 1  
2  
3  
4  
5
- (4) This section applies subject to the *Child Protection Act 1999*, section 186. 6  
7
- (5) In this section— 8  
**prescribed entity** means— 9
- (a) the chief executive (child safety); or 10
- (b) the chief executive of the department in which the *Community Services Act 2007* is administered; or 11  
12  
13
- (c) another entity that— 14
- (i) is prescribed by regulation for this section; and 15  
16
- (ii) has entered into an arrangement with the chief executive to give the chief executive information under this section. 17  
18  
19  
20

**138S State entity must update disciplinary information** 21  
22

- (1) This section applies if a State entity gives disciplinary information about a relevant person to the chief executive under this subdivision and the information changes. 23  
24  
25  
26
- (2) The State entity must give the chief executive a notice about the change in the information. 27  
28

**Subdivision 6 Obtaining information about person's mental health** 29  
30  
31

[s 11]

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<b>138T Application of subdivision</b>	1
(1) This subdivision applies if—	2
(a) the chief executive is deciding whether a relevant person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability; and	3 4 5
(b) the relevant person was—	6
(i) charged with or convicted of a serious offence committed, or alleged to have been committed, when the person was an adult; or	7 8 9 10
(ii) charged with or convicted of another offence that relates to or involves a person with disability; and	11 12 13
(c) the chief executive reasonably believes it is necessary to consider the relevant person’s mental health to make the decision mentioned in paragraph (a).	14 15 16 17
(2) The chief executive may form the reasonable belief mentioned in subsection (1)(c) only if—	18 19
(a) for a charge or conviction mentioned in subsection (1)(b)—	20 21
(i) the matter of the relevant person’s mental state relating to the offence has been referred to the Mental Health Court or an entity of another State with similar functions to that court; or	22 23 24 25 26
(ii) a court has ordered the relevant person to undertake psychiatric treatment; or	27 28
(iii) a court has been given a report about the relevant person’s mental health prepared by a registered health practitioner; or	29 30 31 32
(b) the chief executive has, under this part, been given a report about the relevant person’s	33 34



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mental health prepared by a registered  
health practitioner. 1  
2

**138U Request to relevant person for consent to  
preparation of report about person's mental  
health** 3  
4  
5

- (1) The chief executive may, by notice, ask the  
relevant person— 6  
7
- (a) to consent to a registered health practitioner  
nominated by the chief executive preparing  
a report about the relevant person's mental  
health; and 8  
9  
10  
11
- (b) to be examined by the health practitioner to  
enable the health practitioner to prepare the  
report; and 12  
13  
14
- (c) to consent to the health practitioner giving  
the report to the chief executive. 15  
16
- (2) The notice must state the following— 17
- (a) the reasons for the chief executive's request; 18
- (b) the name and qualifications of the registered  
health practitioner nominated by the chief  
executive to examine the relevant person; 19  
20  
21
- (c) when and where the examination is to be  
conducted; 22  
23
- (d) that the registered health practitioner may  
require the relevant person to undergo  
further examinations; 24  
25  
26
- (e) that the chief executive must bear the cost of  
the examination (including any further  
examinations) and preparation of the report; 27  
28  
29
- (f) that the chief executive may consider the  
report about the relevant person's mental  
health when deciding whether the person 30  
31  
32

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- poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability; 1  
2
- (g) that, if the relevant person has made a disability worker screening application, the person may ask the chief executive to withdraw the application under section 75; 3  
4  
5  
6
- (h) that, if the relevant person does not give the consent, or undergo the examination, the chief executive may— 7  
8  
9
- (i) if the person has made a disability worker screening application— 10  
11  
12  
13  
withdraw the application under section 79; or
- (ii) decide whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability without a report about the person's mental health. 14  
15  
16  
17
- (3) The chief executive must be satisfied the registered health practitioner nominated is appropriately qualified to conduct the examination. 18  
19  
20  
21

**138V Obtaining report about person's mental health from registered health practitioner** 22  
23

- (1) This section applies if the relevant person gives the consent mentioned in section 138U(1)(c) to the registered health practitioner giving the report about the person's mental health to the chief executive. 24  
25  
26  
27  
28
- (2) The chief executive must give a copy of the relevant person's consent to the registered health practitioner. 29  
30  
31
- (3) The registered health practitioner may give the report to the chief executive. 32  
33
- (4) The registered health practitioner is authorised to 34

give the report under this section despite any other 1  
Act or law, including a law imposing an 2  
obligation to maintain confidentiality about the 3  
examination. 4

*Notes—* 5

- 1 See section 138ZA for provisions about the 6  
registered health practitioner being given 7  
information about the relevant person from the 8  
Mental Health Court or Mental Health Review 9  
Tribunal and restrictions on the use of the 10  
information. 11
- 2 See section 227 for restrictions on disclosing or 12  
giving access to information or documents obtained 13  
under this part. 14

### **138W Chief executive to bear medical costs** 15

The chief executive must bear the costs for the 16  
following amounts charged by the registered 17  
health practitioner for preparing a report about the 18  
relevant person's mental health under this 19  
subdivision— 20

- (a) the amount charged for examining the 21  
person to enable the practitioner to prepare 22  
the report; and 23
- (b) the amount charged for preparing the report. 24

### **138X Request for consent to obtain information 25 from Mental Health Court or Mental Health 26 Review Tribunal 27**

- (1) This section applies if— 28
  - (a) the relevant person has been charged with, 29  
but not convicted of— 30
    - (i) a serious offence alleged to have been 31  
committed when the person was an 32  
adult; or 33

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- (ii) another offence that relates to or involves a person with disability; and
  - (b) either—
    - (i) the matter of the person’s mental state relating to the offence was referred to the Mental Health Court; or
    - (ii) the Mental Health Review Tribunal reviewed a forensic order to which the person is subject, or the person’s fitness for trial, under the *Mental Health Act 2016*, chapter 12, part 3, 4 or 6.
- (2) The chief executive may, by notice, ask the relevant person to consent to the chief executive obtaining information about the person from the Mental Health Court or Mental Health Review Tribunal—
  - (a) for the chief executive to use when deciding whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability; or
  - (b) if the chief executive asked the person, under section 138U, to consent to a registered health practitioner preparing a report about the person’s mental health—to be given to the health practitioner to use when preparing the report.
- (3) The notice must state the following—
  - (a) the reasons for the chief executive’s request;
  - (b) the information that the Mental Health Court or Mental Health Review Tribunal may give the chief executive under section 138Y or 138Z;
  - (c) that the chief executive may consider the report about the relevant person’s mental health when deciding whether the person

- 
- poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability; 1  
2
- (d) that, if the relevant person has made a disability worker screening application, the person may ask the chief executive to withdraw the application under section 75; 3  
4  
5  
6
- (e) that, if the relevant person does not give the consent, the chief executive may— 7  
8
- (i) if the person made a disability worker screening application—withdraw the application under section 79; or 9  
10  
11
- (ii) decide whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability without obtaining the information. 12  
13  
14  
15

**138Y Obtaining information from Mental Health Court** 16  
17

- (1) The chief executive may, by notice, ask the Mental Health Court (the *court*) for information about the relevant person if— 18  
19  
20
- (a) the matter of the person’s mental state relating to an offence mentioned in section 138X(1)(a) was referred to the court (the *referred matter*); and 21  
22  
23  
24
- (b) the person gives the consent mentioned in section 138X(2) for the chief executive to obtain information about the person from the court. 25  
26  
27  
28
- (2) The chief executive must give a copy of the relevant person’s consent to the court. 29  
30
- (3) If the relevant person’s consent is for the chief executive to use the information when deciding whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability, the court may 31  
32  
33  
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- comply with the request if the court considers the information may help the chief executive make the decision. 1  
2  
3
- (4) If the relevant person's consent is for the information to be given to the registered health practitioner preparing a report about the person's mental health, the court must comply with the chief executive's request. 4  
5  
6  
7  
8
- (5) The court complies with the chief executive's request by giving the chief executive the following information— 9  
10  
11
- (a) the court's decision about the referred matter and reasons for the decision; 12  
13
- (b) a copy or written summary of any expert's report about the person received in evidence by the court, including, for example, a medical report, psychiatrist's report or expert report that accompanied the reference of the matter to the court; 14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19
- (c) transcripts of a hearing conducted for the referred matter if the court directed the transcript may be given to a party to the hearing or another person. 20  
21  
22  
23
- (6) A decision of the court not to give an expert report about the person under this section does not prevent the chief executive applying under the *Mental Health Act 2016*, section 160(2) for leave of the court in relation to the report. 24  
25  
26  
27  
28
- 138Z Obtaining information from Mental Health Review Tribunal** 29  
30
- (1) The chief executive may, by notice, ask the Mental Health Review Tribunal (the *tribunal*) for information about the relevant person if— 31  
32  
33

- 
- (a) the tribunal reviewed a forensic order to which the person is subject, or the person's fitness for trial, under the *Mental Health Act 2016*, chapter 12, part 3, 4 or 6; and
- (b) the person gives the consent mentioned in section 138X(2) for the chief executive to obtain information about the person from the tribunal.
- (2) The chief executive must give a copy of the relevant person's consent to the tribunal.
- (3) If the relevant person's consent is for the chief executive to use the information when deciding whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability, the tribunal may comply with the request if the tribunal considers the information may help the chief executive make the decision.
- (4) If the relevant person's consent is for the information to be given to the registered health practitioner preparing a report about the person's mental health, the tribunal must comply with the chief executive's request.
- (5) The tribunal complies with the request by giving the chief executive the following information—
- (a) the tribunal's decision on the review and reasons for the decision;
- (b) a copy or written summary of an expert's report about the relevant person received by the tribunal in the proceeding for the review, including, for example, a report about an examination of the person under the *Mental Health Act 2016*, section 454;
- (c) transcripts of any hearing conducted for the review that the tribunal has directed may be given to a party to the hearing or another person.

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<b>138ZA Chief executive must give information to registered health practitioner</b>	1 2
(1) This section applies if—	3
(a) the chief executive is given information about the relevant person under section 138Y or 138Z; and	4 5 6
(b) the person consented to the information being given to the registered health practitioner preparing a report about the person’s mental health.	7 8 9 10
(2) The chief executive must give the information to the registered health practitioner as soon as practicable after receiving the information.	11 12 13
(3) The registered health practitioner must not—	14
(a) make a record of the information; or	15
(b) disclose the information to anyone; or	16
(c) give anyone access to the information; or	17
(d) include any details of the information in a report about the person’s mental health prepared under this subdivision.	18 19 20
Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	21 22
<b>138ZB Information that cannot be disclosed to relevant person under confidentiality order</b>	23 24
(1) This section applies if information given to the chief executive under section 138Y or 138Z includes information ( <i>restricted information</i> ) that cannot be disclosed to the relevant person under a confidentiality order under the <i>Mental Health Act 2016</i> , section 696 or 722.	25 26 27 28 29 30
(2) The chief executive must not keep the restricted information, or a copy of the information, after giving the information to a registered health	31 32 33



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- practitioner under section 138ZA. 1
- (3) The chief executive must not use the restricted 2  
information for any purpose. 3
- 138ZC Further restrictions on chief executive’s use 4  
of information 5**
- (1) This section applies if the chief executive— 6
- (a) is given information, other than restricted 7  
information under section 138ZB(1), about 8  
the relevant person under section 138Y or 9  
138Z; and 10
- (b) is deciding whether the relevant person 11  
poses an unacceptable risk of harm to 12  
people with disability. 13
- (2) The chief executive may use the information to 14  
make the decision only if the relevant person 15  
consented to the chief executive using the 16  
information to make the decision. 17
- 138ZD Giving information authorised despite other 18  
laws 19**
- (1) The Mental Health Court and Mental Health 20  
Review Tribunal are authorised to give 21  
information to the chief executive under section 22  
138Y or 138Z despite any other Act or law, 23  
including a law imposing an obligation to 24  
maintain confidentiality about the information. 25
- Note—* 26
- See section 227 for restrictions on disclosing or giving 27  
access to information or documents obtained under this 28  
part. 29
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the information 30  
may be given— 31
- (a) even if it cannot be disclosed to the relevant 32  
person under a confidentiality order under 33

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the <i>Mental Health Act 2016</i> , section 696 or 722; and	1 2
(b) if the information is an expert's report— despite the <i>Mental Health Act 2016</i> , section 160.	3 4 5
<b>138ZE Information that must not be given</b>	6
Information or documents given by the Mental Health Court under section 138Y or the Mental Health Review Tribunal under section 138Z must not include—	7 8 9 10
(a) any record of material given to the court or tribunal under the <i>Mental Health Act 2016</i> , section 155, 163 or 742, or how the material was taken into account; or	11 12 13 14
(b) the reasons of the court or tribunal for taking material mentioned in paragraph (a) into account or not taking the material into account; or	15 16 17 18
(c) the content of an expert report about a person other than the relevant person; or	19 20
(d) information about a person, other than the relevant person, that the court or tribunal considers is not relevant to the chief executive deciding whether the relevant person poses a risk of harm to people with disability.	21 22 23 24 25 26
<b>Subdivision 7 Giving information to other worker screening units and NDIS commission</b>	27 28 29
<b>138ZF Application of subdivision</b>	30
This subdivision applies to information about a	31

- 
- person— 1
- (a) the chief executive was given, or given 2  
access to, under this part; or 3
- (b) in the chief executive’s possession in 4  
relation to the performance of the chief 5  
executive’s screening functions. 6

**138ZG Giving information to chief executive 7  
(working with children) 8**

- (1) The chief executive may give information about a 9  
person to the chief executive (working with 10  
children) if the chief executive reasonably 11  
believes the information is relevant to the 12  
functions of the chief executive (working with 13  
children) under the Working with Children Act. 14
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the information 15  
that may be given includes— 16
- (a) information about a disability worker 17  
screening application made by a person; and 18
- (b) information about a clearance, interstate 19  
NDIS clearance, exclusion or interstate 20  
NDIS exclusion held by a person; and 21
- (c) police information about a person, including 22  
investigative information; and 23
- (d) disciplinary information or NDIS 24  
disciplinary or misconduct information 25  
about a person; and 26
- (e) information about a person’s mental health. 27

**138ZH Giving information to NDIS worker 28  
screening unit or working with children 29  
screening unit 30**

- (1) This section applies if— 31

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- (a) the chief executive is aware a person holds—
- (i) an interstate NDIS clearance issued by an NDIS worker screening unit under a corresponding law; or
  - (ii) an interstate working with children authority issued by a working with children screening unit under a corresponding WWC law; or
- (b) an NDIS worker screening unit or working with children screening unit has asked the chief executive for information about a person in relation to deciding an application made by the person under a corresponding law or corresponding WWC law.
- (2) If the police commissioner gives the chief executive information about the person under subdivision 2, the chief executive may give the information to the NDIS worker screening unit or working with children screening unit.
- (3) The chief executive may also give the NDIS worker screening unit or working with children screening unit other information about the person if the chief executive reasonably believes the information is relevant to the functions of the screening unit under the corresponding law or corresponding WWC law.
- (4) However, the chief executive must not give the NDIS worker screening unit or working with children screening unit a section 93A transcript, or information contained in a section 93A transcript.
- (5) In this section—
- corresponding WWC law* means a law of another State that substantially corresponds to the Working with Children Act.

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*interstate working with children authority* means 1  
an authority, however called, issued under a 2  
corresponding WWC law that corresponds to a 3  
working with children authority under the 4  
Working with Children Act. 5

*working with children screening unit* means the 6  
entity responsible, under a corresponding WWC 7  
law, for issuing interstate working with children 8  
authorities. 9

**138ZI Giving information to NDIS commission** 10

- (1) The chief executive may give information about a 11  
person to the NDIS commission— 12
- (a) under an arrangement between the chief 13  
executive and the NDIS commission, for the 14  
purpose of the information— 15
- (i) being included in the NDIS worker 16  
screening database; or 17
- (ii) being communicated to the person, or a 18  
notifiable person for the person, by the 19  
NDIS commission, including, for 20  
example, electronically through the 21  
NDIS worker screening database; or 22
- (b) if the chief executive reasonably believes the 23  
information is otherwise relevant to the 24  
functions of the NDIS commission. 25
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the information 26  
may include— 27
- (a) information about an NDIS worker 28  
screening application made by a person; and 29
- (b) information about an NDIS clearance issued 30  
to a person, including the suspension or 31  
cancellation of the clearance; and 32

[s 11]

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- (c) information about an NDIS exclusion issued to a person, including the cancellation of the exclusion; and
  - (d) information about a notice given to a person that relates to an NDIS worker screening application made by the person or an NDIS clearance or NDIS exclusion issued to the person.
- (3) For subsection (1)(a), information is given to the NDIS commission if the information is entered into, or uploaded to, the NDIS worker screening database.

**Subdivision 8 Giving information about person engaged in State disability work to particular entities**

**138ZJ Authorised entities for a person**

Each of the following is an *authorised entity* for a person—

- (a) a funded service provider (the person's *engaging provider*) if—
  - (i) the service provider has notified the chief executive under this Act that the service provider engages, or proposes to engage, the person to carry out State disability work; and
  - (ii) neither the service provider nor the person has notified the chief executive otherwise;
- (b) another person the chief executive accepts is an authorised representative of the person's engaging provider;

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(c) another person who is a notifiable person for the person;	1 2
(d) an entity to whom the chief executive is required to, or may, give a notice about the person under this Act that relates to—	3 4 5
(i) a State disability worker screening application made by the person; or	6 7
(ii) a State clearance or State exclusion issued to the person.	8 9
<b>138ZK Chief executive may give authorised entities particular information</b>	10 11
(1) The chief executive may give an authorised entity for a person information about—	12 13
(a) a State disability worker screening application made by the person; or	14 15
(b) a State clearance or State exclusion issued to the person; or	16 17
(c) a notice about the person given, or required to be given, to the authorised entity under this Act that relates to—	18 19 20
(i) a State worker screening check application made by the person; or	21 22
(ii) a State clearance or State exclusion held by the person.	23 24
(2) The chief executive may give the information under subsection (1) by allowing the authorised entity to access the information electronically.	25 26 27
<b>138ZL Use of information obtained under section 138ZK about a person</b>	28 29
(1) This section applies to a person who is given, or accesses, information about a person under	30 31

[s 11]

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section 138ZK.	1
(2) The person must not use the information, or disclose or give access to the information to anyone else, unless the use, disclosure or giving of access is allowed under subsection (3).	2 3 4 5
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	6
(3) The person may use the information, or disclose or give access to the information to another person, if the use, disclosure or giving of access—	7 8 9
(a) is to identify, assess or monitor a risk, or potential risk, of harm to a person or people with disability in relation to the person to whom the information relates carrying out disability work; or	10 11 12 13 14
(b) is to establish whether or not the person to whom the information relates—	15 16
(i) has made a State disability worker screening application; or	17 18
(ii) has been issued a State clearance or State exclusion; or	19 20
(c) is to comply with an obligation under this Act; or	21 22
(d) happens with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or	23 24
(e) is required to lessen or prevent a serious threat to the life, health, safety or welfare of an individual, or the health, safety or welfare of the public; or	25 26 27 28
(f) is required by a law enforcement agency to prevent, detect, investigate, prosecute or punish an offence; or	29 30 31
(g) is required for a proceeding in a court or a tribunal; or	32 33



- 
- (h) is authorised under a regulation or another law. 1  
2
- (4) In this section— 3  
*law enforcement agency* means— 4
- (a) an entity mentioned in the *Information Privacy Act 2009*, schedule 5, definition *law enforcement agency*, paragraph (b); or 5  
6  
7
- (b) an enforcement body within the meaning of the *Privacy Act 1988* (Cwlth). 8  
9

## **Subdivision 9 Other provisions** 10

### **138ZM Chief executive may advise whether clearance or interstate NDIS clearance is in force** 11 12 13

- (1) This section applies if a person (the *requester*)— 14
- (a) asks the chief executive whether, when the request is made, a clearance or interstate NDIS clearance held by another person is in force; and 15  
16  
17  
18
- (b) in making the request, gives the chief executive— 19  
20
- (i) the other person's name in which the person's clearance is issued; and 21  
22
- (ii) the number of the other person's clearance; and 23  
24
- (c) makes the request in the approved form and in an approved way. 25  
26
- (2) The chief executive may tell the requester whether or not the other person's clearance or interstate NDIS clearance is in force at the time. 27  
28  
29
- (3) In this section— 30

[s 11]

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*interstate NDIS clearance card*, for an interstate 1  
NDIS clearance, means a card or other document, 2  
issued under a corresponding law to the person 3  
who holds the interstate NDIS clearance, that 4  
corresponds to a clearance card for an NDIS 5  
clearance. 6

**138ZN Arrangements with chief executive (working 7  
with children) about asking for and giving 8  
information 9**

- (1) The chief executive must enter into a written 10  
arrangement with the chief executive (working 11  
with children) about— 12
- (a) asking the chief executive (working with 13  
children) for information, or giving the chief 14  
executive (working with children) 15  
information, under this part or the Working 16  
with Children Act; and 17
- (b) the chief executive (working with children) 18  
asking the chief executive, or giving the 19  
chief executive information, under this part 20  
or the Working with Children Act. 21
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the arrangement 22  
may provide— 23
- (a) for information to be asked for and given 24  
electronically, including on a daily basis; or 25
- (b) for information to be given by way of 26  
providing electronic access to the 27  
information. 28
- (3) If the arrangement provides for information to be 29  
given or accessed electronically and, under this 30  
Act or another law, there is a limitation on who 31  
may be given the information or access to the 32  
information or the purposes for which the 33  
information may be used, the arrangement must 34  
provide for the limitation. 35

- 
- 138ZO Arrangements with police commissioner or other entity about asking for and giving information** 1  
2  
3
- (1) The chief executive may enter into a written arrangement with the police commissioner or another entity about asking for, or giving, information under this part. 4  
5  
6  
7
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the arrangement may provide— 8  
9
- (a) for information to be asked for and given electronically, including on a daily basis; or 10  
11
- (b) for information to be given by way of providing electronic access to the information. 12  
13  
14
- (3) If the arrangement provides for information to be given or accessed electronically and, under this Act or another law, there is a limitation on who may be given the information or access to the information or the purposes for which the information may be used, the arrangement must provide for the limitation. 15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21
- 138ZP Guidelines for dealing with information** 22
- (1) The chief executive must make guidelines, consistent with this Act, for dealing with information the chief executive obtains under this part. 23  
24  
25  
26
- (2) The purpose of the guidelines is to ensure that, in the performance of the chief executive's screening functions— 27  
28  
29
- (a) natural justice is afforded to persons about whom information is obtained; and 30  
31
- (b) only relevant information is used to make decisions under this part; and 32  
33

[s 11]

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(c) decisions under this part, based on the information, are made consistently.	1 2
(3) The chief executive must give a copy of the guidelines to a person, free of charge, on request.	3 4
<b>138ZQ Chief executive must give person's current address to police commissioner</b>	5 6
(1) If the police commissioner is required to give a notice to a person under this part, the police commissioner may, by notice—	7 8 9
(a) state the person's address or addresses known to the police commissioner; and	10 11
(b) ask whether the chief executive knows other information about the person's address.	12 13
(2) The chief executive must give the police commissioner other information about the person's address known to the chief executive.	14 15 16
(3) The information must not be used, disclosed or accessed for a purpose other than to give a notice to the person under this part.	17 18 19
<b>Division 9 Review and appeal</b>	20
<b>138ZR Reviewable decisions and affected persons</b>	21
(1) Each of the following decisions of the chief executive is a <i>reviewable decision</i> —	22 23
(a) a decision to issue an exclusion to a person;	24
(b) a decision, on the application of a person under section 85(3), not to end the interim bar imposed on the person;	25 26 27
(c) a decision, on the application of a person under section 116, not to end the suspension of the person's clearance.	28 29 30

- 
- (2) A person mentioned in subsection (1) in relation to a reviewable decision is the *affected person* for the decision.

**138ZS Review process must start with internal review**

An affected person for a reviewable decision may apply to the tribunal for a review of the decision only if—

- (a) the affected person has applied for an internal review of the decision; and
- (b) the internal review application has been decided, or is taken to have been decided, under this division.

**138ZT Who may apply for internal review**

- (1) An affected person for a reviewable decision may apply to the chief executive for a review of the decision under this division (an *internal review*).
- (2) However, if the chief executive made the reviewable decision because the affected person is a disqualified person, the affected person may apply for an internal review of the decision only on the ground that the chief executive mistakenly identified the person as a disqualified person.
- (3) If an affected person for a reviewable decision has not been given a notice about the decision and the reasons for the decision (an *information notice*), the affected person may ask the chief executive for a notice about the decision and reasons.
- (4) A failure by the chief executive to give the affected person an information notice about the reviewable decision does not limit or otherwise affect the person's right to apply for an internal review of the decision.

[s 11]

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<b>138ZU Requirements for application</b>	1
(1) An application for internal review of a reviewable decision must—	2 3
(a) be in the approved form; and	4
(b) be made to the chief executive within—	5
(i) for a person who has been given an information notice for the decision—	6 7
28 days after the day the person is given the notice; or	8 9
(ii) for a person who has not been given an information notice for the decision—	10 11
28 days after the day the person becomes aware of the decision.	12 13
<i>Note—</i>	14
See also section 138L for the circumstances in which a person may apply for internal review of a reviewable decision after the day mentioned in this section.	15 16 17 18
(2) The chief executive may, at any time, extend the period within which the application may be made.	19 20
(3) The application does not affect the operation of the reviewable decision or prevent the decision being implemented.	21 22 23
(4) In this section—	24
<i>information notice</i> , for a reviewable decision, see section 138ZT(3).	25 26
<b>138ZV Internal review</b>	27
(1) The chief executive must, within 28 days after receiving an application for internal review of a reviewable decision—	28 29 30
(a) review the reviewable decision; and	31
(b) decide to—	32

- 
- (i) confirm the reviewable decision; or 1
- (ii) substitute another decision for the 2  
reviewable decision; and 3
- (c) give the affected person for the reviewable 4  
decision a QCAT information notice for the 5  
chief executive's decision. 6
- (2) The chief executive may give the affected person 7  
notice extending, for a further 28 days, the period 8  
for the chief executive to comply with subsection 9  
(1). 10
- (3) The application may be dealt with only by a 11  
person who— 12
- (a) did not make the reviewable decision; and 13
- (b) holds a more senior office than the person 14  
who made the reviewable decision. 15
- (4) Subsection (3) does not apply to a reviewable 16  
decision made by the chief executive personally. 17
- (5) If the chief executive does not give the affected 18  
person a QCAT information notice within the 19  
period required under subsection (1) or a longer 20  
period notified under subsection (2), the chief 21  
executive is taken to confirm the reviewable 22  
decision. 23
- 138ZW Applying for external review 24**
- (1) This section applies to a person who must be 25  
given a QCAT information notice for an internal 26  
review decision. 27
- (2) The person may apply to the tribunal, as provided 28  
under the QCAT Act, for a review of the internal 29  
review decision. 30

[s 11]

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<b>138ZX Stay of operation of particular tribunal decisions</b>	1 2
(1) This section applies if, on an application for a review of an internal review decision under section 138ZW, the tribunal sets aside the internal review decision and decides to—	3 4 5 6
(a) issue a clearance to a person; or	7
(b) end an interim bar imposed on a person; or	8
(c) end the suspension of a person’s clearance.	9
(2) The tribunal’s decision does not take effect until—	10 11
(a) the end of the period within which an appeal against the tribunal’s decision may be started; or	12 13 14
(b) if an appeal against the tribunal’s decision is started—the appeal is decided or withdrawn.	15 16
(3) This section applies despite the QCAT Act, sections 145 and 152.	17 18
<b>138ZY Effect of applicant for review becoming disqualified person</b>	19 20
(1) This section applies if—	21
(a) an affected person for a reviewable decision applies—	22 23
(i) to the chief executive for an internal review of the decision; or	24 25
(ii) to the tribunal for a review of an internal review decision; and	26 27
(b) after making the application, the affected person becomes a disqualified person.	28 29
(2) The application and any proceeding that relates to the application must be dismissed.	30 31



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- (3) Subsection (2) applies to a proceeding before the tribunal, even if dismissal would be contrary to a direction of the Court of Appeal. 1  
2  
3
- (4) Any appeal from a decision of the tribunal that relates to the application must also be dismissed. 4  
5

## **Division 10      Miscellaneous provisions** 6

### **138ZZ False or misleading information** 7

A person must not, for this part, give information, or a document containing information, that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular to— 8  
9  
10  
11

- (a) the chief executive; or 12
- (b) an NDIS service provider or funded service provider that engages, or is proposing to engage, the person. 13  
14  
15

Maximum penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment. 16  
17

### **138ZZA Chief executive may arrange for use of information system** 18 19

- (1) The chief executive may approve a system (an *information system*) for— 20  
21
- (a) generating, sending, receiving, storing or otherwise processing electronic communications between the chief executive and another person under this part; or 22  
23  
24  
25  
26
- (b) generating a decision of the chief executive under this part, other than a decision— 27  
28

[s 11]

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- (i) that requires the chief executive to conduct a risk assessment of a person before making the decision; or
  - (ii) prescribed by regulation as a decision that may not be generated by the information system.
- (2) The chief executive must take all reasonable steps to ensure that a decision generated by the information system is correct.
- (3) A decision generated by the information system is taken to be a decision made by the chief executive under this part.
- (4) The chief executive may make a decision in substitution for a decision the chief executive is taken to have made under subsection (3) if the chief executive is satisfied that the decision generated by the information system is incorrect.

**138ZZB Notice given to notifiable person by NDIS commission**

- (1) This section applies if—
  - (a) another provision of this part requires the chief executive to give a notice about a person to a notifiable person for the person; and
  - (b) the person—
    - (i) is the applicant for an NDIS worker screening application; or
    - (ii) holds an NDIS clearance, NDIS exclusion, interstate NDIS clearance or interstate NDIS exclusion.
- (2) Despite the other provision, the chief executive is not required to give the notice to the notifiable person if the chief executive, under an arrangement mentioned in section 138ZI(1)(a)—

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	(a) has given the NDIS commission the information about the person that is required, under the provision, to be included in the notice; and	1 2 3 4
	(b) is satisfied the information has been, or will be, communicated to the notifiable person by the NDIS commission, including, for example, electronically through the NDIS worker screening database.	5 6 7 8 9
	(3) For this part, information about a person communicated to a notifiable person by the NDIS commission as mentioned in subsection (2) is taken to have been given to the notifiable person in a notice by the chief executive under the other provision.	10 11 12 13 14 15
<b>Clause 12</b>	<b>Amendment of s 139 (Purpose of pt 6)</b>	16
	(1) Section 139, heading, ‘pt 6’— <i>omit, insert—</i>	17 18
	<b>part</b>	19
	(2) Section 139(a), after ‘disability services’— <i>insert—</i>	20 21
	or NDIS supports or services	22
<b>Clause 13</b>	<b>Amendment of s 140 (Application of part)</b>	23
	(1) Section 140(1)— <i>omit, insert—</i>	24 25
	(1) This part applies in relation to the following service providers that provide NDIS supports or services or disability services to an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability—	26 27 28 29
	(a) an NDIS service provider;	30

[s 14]

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	(b) a funded service provider;	1
	(c) the department;	2
	(d) another service provider prescribed by regulation for this section.	3 4
(2)	Section 140(2)(b) and (4), after ‘disability services’—	5
	<i>insert—</i>	6
	or NDIS supports or services	7
<b>Clause 14</b>	<b>Replacement of s 205 (Positive notice card is evidence of holding positive notice)</b>	8 9
	Section 205—	10
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	11
	<b>205 Clearance card is evidence of clearance</b>	12
	A clearance card issued to a person is evidence that the person holds a clearance.	13 14
<b>Clause 15</b>	<b>Amendment of s 206 (Indictable and summary offences)</b>	15
	Section 206(1)—	16
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	17
	(1) An offence against this Act is an indictable offence that is a crime if the maximum penalty for the offence is—	18 19 20
	(a) 500 penalty units or more; or	21
	(b) 5 years imprisonment or more.	22
<b>Clause 16</b>	<b>Amendment of s 207 (Proceedings for indictable offences)</b>	23 24
	(1) Section 207(2)(a) and (b)—	25
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	26

- 
- (a) the magistrate is satisfied, at any stage of the hearing and after hearing submissions by the prosecution and defence, that because of the nature or seriousness of the offence or any other relevant consideration the defendant, if convicted, may not be adequately punished on summary conviction; or
- (b) the magistrate is satisfied, on an application made by the defence, that because of exceptional circumstances the offence should not be heard and decided summarily.
- (2) Section 207(4), ‘150 penalty units or 2 years’—  
*omit, insert—*  
100 penalty units or 3 years

**Clause 17      Amendment of s 216 (Application of division)**

- (1) Section 216(1)(a)—  
*omit, insert—*
- (a) applies in relation to the following service providers that provide disability services or NDIS supports or services to an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability—
- (i) an NDIS service provider;
- (ii) a funded service provider;
- (iii) the department;
- (iv) another service provider prescribed by regulation for this section.
- (2) Section 216(1)(b)(i) and (2)(b), after ‘disability services’—  
*insert—*  
or NDIS supports or services

[s 18]

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<b>Clause 18</b>	<b>Amendment of s 222 (Establishment of Ministerial advisory committees)</b>	1 2
	Section 222(b), ‘and disability services’—	3
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	4
	, disability services and NDIS supports or services	5
<b>Clause 19</b>	<b>Replacement of s 227 (Confidentiality of information about criminal history and related information)</b>	6 7
	Section 227—	8
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	9
	<b>227 Confidentiality of police, disciplinary, mental health and other protected information</b>	10 11
	(1) This section applies to a person who—	12
	(a) is or has been a public service employee employed in the department; and	13 14
	(b) in that capacity, was given, or given access to, protected information about another person.	15 16 17
	(2) The following information is <i>protected information</i> about a person—	18 19
	(a) police information about the person and information related to the police information;	20 21 22
	(b) domestic violence information about the person and information related to the domestic violence information;	23 24 25
	(c) disciplinary information about the person;	26
	(d) NDIS disciplinary or misconduct information about the person;	27 28
	(e) information about the person’s mental health, including, for example, information given to the chief executive under part 5, division 8, subdivision 6;	29 30 31 32

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	(f) other information about the person given to the chief executive to help the chief executive decide whether the person poses an unacceptable risk of harm to people with disability, including information about the person given to the chief executive—	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(i) by the NDIS commission; or	7
	(ii) by an NDIS worker screening unit; or	8
	(iii) by a prescribed entity under section 138R.	9 10
	(3) The person must not use the protected information, or disclose or give access to the protected information to anyone else, unless the use, disclosure or giving of access is allowed under subsection (4).	11 12 13 14 15
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units or 2 years imprisonment.	16 17
	(4) The person may use the protected information, or disclose or give access to the protected information to another person, if the use, disclosure or giving of access—	18 19 20 21
	(a) is for the performance of the chief executive’s screening functions; or	22 23
	(b) is expressly permitted under part 5; or	24
	(c) happens with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or	25 26
	(d) is otherwise required under an Act.	27
<b>Clause 20</b>	<b>Amendment of s 228 (Confidentiality of other information)</b>	28 29
	(1) Section 228(1), from ‘information mentioned’—	30
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	31
	protected information under section 227(2).	32

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- (2) Section 228(3)(c), after ‘disability services’— 1  
*insert*— 2  
or NDIS supports or services 3  
(3) Section 228(5)(a), ‘non-government’— 4  
*omit.* 5

- Clause 21 Amendment of s 229 (Power to require information or documents)** 6  
7  
(1) Section 229, ‘non-government’— 8  
*omit.* 9  
(2) Section 229(1), after ‘disability services’— 10  
*insert*— 11  
or NDIS supports or services 12

- Clause 22 Omission of s 232 (Chief executive may enter into arrangement about giving and receiving information with police commissioner)** 13  
14  
15  
Section 232— 16  
*omit.* 17

- Clause 23 Amendment of s 239 (Regulation-making power)** 18  
(1) Section 239(2)— 19  
*omit, insert*— 20  
(2) A regulation may— 21  
(a) provide for arrangements between the chief 22  
executive and the chief executive (working 23  
with children) in relation to receiving, 24  
withdrawing, dealing with and deciding 25  
combined applications; and 26



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	(b) prescribe fees payable under this Act, the matters for which fees are payable and provide for the refund or waiver of the fees; and	1 2 3 4	
	(c) impose a penalty of not more than 20 penalty units for a contravention of a provision of a regulation.	5 6 7	
(2)	Section 239(3)— <i>omit.</i>	8 9	
<b>Clause 24</b>	<b>Insertion of new pt 9, div 13</b>	10	
	Part 9—	11	
	<i>insert—</i>	12	
	<b>Division 13</b>	<b>Transitional provisions for Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Act 2020</b>	13 14 15 16 17
	<b>Subdivision 1</b>	<b>Preliminary</b>	18
	<b>367 Definitions for division</b>		19
	In this division—		20
	<i>amended Act</i> means this Act as in force after the commencement.		21 22
	<i>amendment Act</i> means the <i>Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Act 2020</i> .		23 24 25
	<i>former</i> , in relation to a provision of this Act, means the provision as in force from time to time before the commencement.		26 27 28

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<i>new</i> , in relation to a provision of this Act, means the provision as in force from the commencement.	1 2
<i>transitioned applicant</i> , for a transitioned application, means the person who is taken to have made the application under section 372(2) or (3) or 373(2).	3 4 5 6
<i>transitioned application</i> see sections 372(2) and (3) and 373(2).	7 8
<i>transitioned clearance</i> see section 369(2).	9
<i>transitioned exclusion</i> see section 371(2).	10
<b>368 Particular terms having meaning given under unamended Act</b>	11 12
(1) In this division, a term defined under the unamended Act but not under the amended Act has the meaning it had under the unamended Act.	13 14 15
(2) In this section—	16
<i>unamended Act</i> means this Act as in force from time to time before the commencement.	17 18
<b>Subdivision 2 Existing prescribed notices, exemption notices, prescribed notice applications and exemption notice applications</b>	19 20 21 22 23 24
<b>369 Existing positive notice and positive notice card</b>	25 26
(1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a person holds a current positive notice or current positive exemption notice.	27 28 29
(2) The positive notice or positive exemption notice	30

- 
- is taken to be a clearance (a *transitioned clearance*), that is both an NDIS clearance and a State clearance, issued to the person under new part 5, division 4. 1  
2  
3  
4
- (3) However, for the purposes of a corresponding law, the positive notice or positive exemption notice is taken to be a State clearance issued to the person under new part 5, division 4. 5  
6  
7  
8
- (4) The term of the transitioned clearance ends, unless it is cancelled earlier— 9  
10
- (a) if the person holds a positive notice—when the positive notice would have ended under the unamended Act; or 11  
12  
13
- (b) if the person holds a positive exemption notice because, on the commencement, the person also holds a working with children authority—on the day the term of the person’s working with children authority is due to end under the Working with Children Act, regardless of whether the authority is cancelled earlier under that Act. 14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21
- (5) A positive notice card for the person’s positive notice, or an exemption card for the person’s positive exemption notice, is taken to be a clearance card issued to the person under new section 98 for the person’s clearance under subsection (2). 22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (2) applies even if the person is a disqualified person after the commencement. 28  
29  
30
- Note—* 31
- See, however, section 119 which requires the chief executive to cancel a person’s clearance if the person becomes a disqualified person. 32  
33  
34

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<b>370 Existing suspension of positive notice or positive exemption notice</b>	1 2
(1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement—	3 4
(a) former section 74 applied to a person and a prescribed event under that section had not happened for the person; or	5 6 7
(b) a current positive notice held by a person was suspended under former section 86; or	8 9
(c) a current positive exemption notice held by a person was suspended under former section 88.	10 11 12
(2) The person's transitioned clearance is taken to have been suspended under new section 111.	13 14
(3) An application under former section 87 or 89 to cancel the person's suspended positive notice or positive exemption notice that, immediately before the commencement, had not been decided or withdrawn is taken to be an application under new section 116 to end the suspension under subsection (2).	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
(4) The suspension and application may be dealt with under the amended Act.	22 23
(5) However, the person may not apply under new section 116 to end the suspension under subsection (2) until 6 months after the commencement.	24 25 26 27
<b>371 Existing current negative notice or current negative exemption notice</b>	28 29
(1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, a person holds a current negative notice or current negative exemption notice.	30 31 32
(2) The negative notice or negative exemption notice is taken to be an exclusion (a <i>transitioned</i>	33 34

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*exclusion*), that is both an NDIS exclusion and a State exclusion, issued to the person under new part 5, division 4.

- (3) However, for the purposes of a corresponding law, the negative notice or negative exemption notice is taken to be a State exclusion issued to the person under new part 5, division 4.
- (4) New section 130(a) applies in relation to the transitioned exclusion as if the reference in new section 130(a) to 5 years after the exclusion was issued were a reference to 5 years after the negative notice or negative exemption notice was issued to the person.

### **372 Existing prescribed notice application or prescribed exemption notice application**

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) immediately before the commencement, a prescribed notice application or prescribed exemption notice application about a person had been made but not decided, withdrawn or taken to be withdrawn; or
- (b) a prescribed exemption notice application about a person given to the chief executive (working with children) before the commencement, under an arrangement between the chief executive and the chief executive (working with children), is given to the chief executive after the commencement.
- (2) If the person is a person who may make an application under new section 65, the application is taken to be an NDIS worker screening application (a *transitioned application*) made by the person.
- (3) If the person is a person who may make an

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application under new section 66, the application 1  
is taken to be a State disability worker screening 2  
application (also a *transitioned application*) 3  
made by the person. 4

- (4) If neither subsection (2) nor (3) applies to the 5  
application— 6
- (a) the application lapses on the 7  
commencement; and 8
- (b) the chief executive must give the person 9  
who made the application and the person 10  
about whom the application was made a 11  
notice that states the application has lapsed. 12
- (5) To remove any doubt, it is declared that 13  
subsections (2) and (3) apply even if the person is 14  
a disqualified person after the commencement. 15

**373 Existing consent to screening by person 16  
engaged by the department 17**

- (1) This section applies if— 18
- (a) before the commencement, a person gave 19  
the chief executive consent under former 20  
section 50 to undertake screening of the 21  
person under former part 5; and 22
- (b) immediately before the commencement— 23
- (i) the person's consent had not been 24  
withdrawn; and 25
- (ii) the chief executive had not made a 26  
decision about issuing the person a 27  
prescribed notice or exemption notice. 28
- (2) The person's consent is taken to be a State 29  
disability worker screening application (also a 30  
*transitioned application*) made by the person. 31
- (3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that 32  
subsection (2) applies even if the person is a 33

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disqualified person after the commencement. 1

**374 Dealing with and deciding transitioned applications** 2  
3

- (1) The amended Act applies for dealing with and 4  
deciding a transitioned application. 5
- (2) The chief executive must give a notice that states 6  
the transitioned application is being dealt with and 7  
decided as an application made under the 8  
amended Act by the transitioned applicant to— 9
- (a) the transitioned applicant for the 10  
application; and 11
- (b) if the transitioned applicant is not the person 12  
who made the application—the person who 13  
made the application. 14

*Note—* 15

See new section 69 in relation to the chief executive 16  
asking for further information relating to the 17  
transitioned application. 18

- (3) The notice must be given to the transitioned 19  
applicant and person mentioned in subsection 20  
(2)(b) within 1 month after— 21
- (a) for a transitioned application mentioned in 22  
section 372(1)(b)—the chief executive 23  
(working with children) gives the 24  
transitioned application to the chief 25  
executive; or 26
- (b) otherwise—the commencement. 27

**375 Application of new pt 5 to transitioned applicants** 28  
29

- (1) This section applies to a person if, on the 30  
commencement, the person— 31

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- (a) is the transitioned applicant for a transitioned application; and 1  
2
- (b) is engaged to carry out disability work by an NDIS service provider, funded service provider or the department, other than as a volunteer; and 3  
4  
5  
6
- (c) does not hold a transitioned exclusion. 7
- (2) This section also applies to a person if, on the commencement, the person— 8  
9
  - (a) is the transitioned applicant for a transitioned application; and 10  
11
  - (b) is carrying out disability work as either— 12
    - (i) an NDIS sole trader or State sole trader; or 13  
14
    - (ii) a volunteer engaged by an NDIS service provider, funded service provider or the department to carry out disability services; and 15  
16  
17  
18
  - (c) holds a transitioned clearance or a working with children clearance. 19  
20
- (3) Despite new part 5 and until a relevant event happens for the person— 21  
22
  - (a) the person may continue to carry out, or be engaged to carry out, the disability work; and 23  
24  
25
  - (b) new sections 53, 54, 59 and 61 do not apply in relation to the person carrying out the disability work. 26  
27  
28
- (4) Each of the following is a *relevant event* for the person— 29  
30
  - (a) the person's transitioned application is decided or withdrawn; 31  
32



- 
- (b) for a person who holds a transitioned clearance—the clearance is suspended or cancelled; 1  
2  
3
  - (c) an interim bar is imposed on the person. 4

### **Subdivision 3 Application of new part 5 for particular persons** 5 6

#### **376 Application of new pt 5 to registered health practitioners** 7 8

- (1) This section applies to a person if, on the commencement— 9  
10
  - (a) the person is a registered health practitioner; 11  
and 12
  - (b) the person does not hold a transitioned clearance or a transitioned exclusion; and 13  
14
  - (c) any of the following apply— 15
    - (i) the person is engaged by a registered NDIS provider to carry out risk-assessed NDIS work; 16  
17  
18
    - (ii) the person is a registered NDIS provider carrying out risk-assessed NDIS work as an NDIS sole trader; 19  
20  
21
    - (iii) the person is engaged by the department or a funded service provider to carry out State disability work; 22  
23  
24  
25
    - (iv) the person is carrying out State disability work as a State sole trader. 26  
27
- (2) Until a relevant event happens for the person— 28
  - (a) the person may continue to carry out, or be engaged to carry out, the disability work; 29  
30  
and 31

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- (b) new sections 53, 54, 59 and 61 do not apply in relation to the person carrying out the disability work. 1  
2  
3
- (3) Each of the following is a *relevant event* for the person— 4  
5
- (a) for a person who has not made a disability worker screening application—the person’s current health profession registration expires under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law, regardless of whether the person applies to renew the registration; 6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11
- (b) the person’s current health profession registration is surrendered, suspended or cancelled under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law; 12  
13  
14  
15
- (c) a disability worker screening application made by the person is decided or withdrawn; 16  
17  
18
- (d) an interim bar is imposed on the person. 19
- (4) In this section— 20
- current health profession registration* means the person’s registration in a health profession under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law during the period of registration that is in effect on the commencement. 21  
22  
23  
24  
25
- Subdivision 4 New serious offences and disqualifying offences** 26  
27
- 377 Effect of conviction or charge for new disqualifying offence or new serious offence** 28  
29
- (1) For applying this Act in relation to a person convicted of a new disqualifying offence or new serious offence, it does not matter when the 30  
31  
32

---

offence was committed or when the person was 1  
convicted of the offence. 2

(2) This Act applies in relation to a person who is 3  
charged with a new disqualifying offence or new 4  
serious offence even if the charge, or the acts or 5  
omissions constituting the alleged offence, 6  
happened before the commencement. 7

(3) For applying this Act to a transitioned 8  
clearance— 9

(a) a person convicted of a new disqualifying 10  
offence or new serious offence before the 11  
commencement is taken to have been 12  
convicted of the offence on the 13  
commencement; and 14

(b) a person the subject of a charge for a new 15  
disqualifying offence or new serious offence 16  
that has not been dealt with on the 17  
commencement is taken to have been 18  
charged with the offence on the 19  
commencement. 20

(4) In this section— 21

*new disqualifying offence* means an offence 22  
that— 23

(a) is a disqualifying offence; but 24

(b) was not a disqualifying offence immediately 25  
before the commencement. 26

*new serious offence* means an offence that— 27

(a) is a serious offence; but 28

(b) was not a serious offence immediately 29  
before the commencement. 30

**378 Existing application to cancel negative notice 31  
or negative exemption notice 32**

(1) This section applies if, immediately before the 33

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commencement, an application under former 1  
section 82 to cancel a person's negative notice or 2  
negative exemption notice had not been decided 3  
or withdrawn. 4

(2) If the person is a disqualified person— 5

(a) the application is taken to be withdrawn; 6  
and 7

(b) the chief executive must give a notice about 8  
the withdrawal to the person. 9

(3) If subsection (2) does not apply— 10

(a) the application is taken to be an application 11  
made under new section 130 in relation to 12  
the person's transitioned exclusion; and 13

(b) the amended Act applies for deciding the 14  
application. 15

## **Subdivision 5 Reviews and appeals** 16

### **379 Definitions for subdivision** 17

In this subdivision— 18

*affected person*, for a part 5 reviewable decision, 19  
means the person about whom the decision was 20  
made. 21

*part 5 reviewable decision* means a part 5 22  
reviewable decision under former section 108. 23

### **380 Undecided reviews or appeals** 24

(1) This section applies if, immediately before the 25  
commencement— 26

(a) an application for a review of a part 5 27  
reviewable decision, made under former 28  
section 109 by the affected person for the 29

- 
- decision, had not been decided or  
withdrawn; or
- (b) an appeal against a decision of the tribunal relating to a part 5 reviewable decision, started under the QCAT Act by the affected person for the decision or the chief executive, had not been decided or withdrawn.
- (2) The entity hearing the review or appeal must dismiss—
- (a) the application or appeal; and
- (b) any proceeding that relates to the application or appeal.
- (3) Subsection (2) applies to a proceeding before the tribunal even if the dismissal would be contrary to a direction of the Court of Appeal.
- (4) The chief executive must make a new decision about the affected person under section 383.

### **381 Reviews not started on commencement**

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) before the commencement—
- (i) the chief executive made a part 5 reviewable decision about the affected person for the decision; and
- (ii) the affected person had not applied for a review of the decision under former section 109; and
- (b) on the commencement—
- (i) the affected person is not a disqualified person; and
- (ii) the period for applying for a review of the decision had not ended.

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- (2) The affected person may, within the period mentioned in subsection (1)(b)(ii), apply to the chief executive to make a new decision about the person under section 383. 1  
2  
3  
4
- (3) No fee is payable for an application under subsection (2). 5  
6

**382 Appeals not started on commencement** 7

- (1) This section applies if— 8
- (a) before the commencement, the chief executive or the affected person had a right to appeal, under the QCAT Act, against a decision of the tribunal relating to a part 5 reviewable decision; and 9  
10  
11  
12  
13
- (b) on the commencement, the period for starting an appeal had not ended. 14  
15
- (2) The right to appeal ends on the commencement. 16
- (3) Instead, within the period mentioned in subsection (1)(b)— 17  
18
- (a) the affected person may apply to the chief executive to make a new decision about the affected person under section 383; or 19  
20  
21
- (b) the chief executive may decide to make a new decision about the affected person under section 383. 22  
23  
24
- (4) No fee is payable for an application under subsection (3)(a). 25  
26

**383 Chief executive must make new decision about affected person** 27  
28

- (1) This section applies in relation to the chief executive making a new decision about an affected person for a part 5 reviewable decision— 29  
30  
31

- 
- (a) under section 380(4) or 382(3)(b); or 1
- (b) on application by the affected person under 2  
section 381(2), 382(3)(a), 384(5) or 385(5). 3
- (2) The chief executive must, within the prescribed 4  
period— 5
- (a) conduct a risk assessment of the affected 6  
person; and 7
- (b) decide— 8
- (i) if the person holds a transitioned 9  
exclusion—to cancel or not to cancel 10  
the exclusion; or 11
- (ii) if the person holds a transitioned 12  
clearance that is suspended—to cancel 13  
or not to cancel the suspension; and 14
- (c) give the affected person a QCAT 15  
information notice for the chief executive’s 16  
decision. 17
- (3) The chief executive may give the affected person 18  
a notice extending, for a further 28 days, the 19  
period for the chief executive to comply with 20  
subsection (2). 21
- (4) New part 5, division 4, subdivision 3 applies with 22  
necessary changes for conducting the risk 23  
assessment under subsection (2)(a). 24
- (5) The chief executive must decide the matter under 25  
subsection (2)(b) afresh, disregarding the part 5 26  
reviewable decision and the reasons for that 27  
decision. 28
- (6) The risk assessment under subsection (2)(a), and 29  
the decision under subsection (2)(b), may be 30  
conducted and made only by a person who— 31
- (a) did not make the part 5 reviewable decision; 32  
and 33

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- (b) holds a more senior office than the person who made the part 5 reviewable decision. 1  
2
- (7) Subsection (6) does not apply to a part 5 reviewable decision made by the chief executive personally. 3  
4  
5
- (8) If the chief executive does not give the affected person a QCAT information notice within the prescribed period or a longer period notified under subsection (3), the chief executive is taken to have decided— 6  
7  
8  
9  
10
- (a) if the person holds a transitioned exclusion—not to cancel the exclusion; or 11  
12
- (b) if the person holds a transitioned clearance that is suspended—not to cancel the suspension. 13  
14  
15
- (9) New sections 138ZW, 138ZX and 138ZY apply in relation to the chief executive’s decision under this section as if it were an internal review decision. 16  
17  
18  
19
- (10) In this section— 20
- prescribed period* means 28 days after— 21
- (a) for making a new decision under section 380(4) or 382(3)(b)—the commencement; or 22  
23  
24
- (b) for making a new decision on application by an affected person under section 381(2), 382(3)(a), 384(5) or 385(5)—the application is made. 25  
26  
27  
28
- 384 Undecided appeals about investigative information decisions** 29  
30
- (1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement, an appeal to a Magistrates Court about a decision that information is investigative information, made under former section 113, had 31  
32  
33  
34



- 
- not been decided or withdrawn. 1
- (2) The court may continue to hear and decide the 2  
appeal as if the amendment Act had not been 3  
enacted. 4
- (3) Former sections 113 and 114 continue to apply in 5  
relation to the appeal as if the amendment Act had 6  
not been enacted. 7
- (4) If the court sets aside the decision appealed 8  
against, the appellant may apply to the chief 9  
executive under new section 130(1)(b) to cancel 10  
the appellant's transitioned exclusion. 11
- (5) If the court confirms the decision appealed 12  
against, the appellant may apply for a new 13  
decision under 383 in relation to the relevant part 14  
5 reviewable decision. 15
- (6) An application mentioned in subsection (5)— 16
- (a) must be made within 28 days after the 17  
appellant is given notice of the court's 18  
decision under former section 114(4); and 19
- (b) may be made even if, before the appeal was 20  
decided, the appellant applied to the chief 21  
executive for a new decision under section 22  
383 in relation to the relevant part 5 23  
reviewable decision. 24
- (7) No fee is payable for an application under 25  
subsection (5). 26
- (8) In this section— 27
- relevant part 5 reviewable decision*, in relation to 28  
the appellant, means a part 5 reviewable decision 29  
relating to the issue of the negative notice or 30  
negative exemption notice in relation to which the 31  
appellant started the appeal. 32

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<b>385 Appeals about investigative information decisions not started on commencement</b>	1
	2
(1) This section applies if—	3
(a) before the commencement, a person had a right to appeal to a Magistrates Court under former section 113 about a decision that information, given to the chief executive as investigative information, is investigative information; and	4 5 6 7 8 9
(b) on the commencement, the period for starting the appeal had not ended.	10 11
(2) The person may, within the period mentioned in subsection (1)(b), appeal to a Magistrates Court about the decision.	12 13 14
(3) Former sections 113 and 114 apply in relation to the appeal as if the amendment Act had not been enacted.	15 16 17
(4) If the court sets aside the decision appealed against, the appellant may apply to the chief executive under new section 130(1)(b) to cancel the appellant’s transitioned exclusion.	18 19 20 21
(5) If the court confirms the decision appealed against, the appellant may apply for a new decision under 383 in relation to the relevant part 5 reviewable decision.	22 23 24 25
(6) An application mentioned in subsection (5)—	26
(a) must be made within 28 days after the appellant is given notice of the court’s decision under former section 114(4); and	27 28 29
(b) may be made even if, before the appeal was decided, the appellant applied to the chief executive for a new decision under section 383 in relation to the relevant part 5 reviewable decision.	30 31 32 33 34
(7) No fee is payable for an application under	35

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subsection (5). 1

(8) In this section— 2

*relevant part 5 reviewable decision*, in relation to 3  
the appellant, means a part 5 reviewable decision 4  
relating to the issue of the negative notice or 5  
negative exemption notice in relation to which the 6  
appellant started the appeal. 7

## **Subdivision 6 Other transitional provisions** 8 9

### **386 Things done before commencement in relation to prescribed notice or exemption notice** 10 11

(1) This section applies in relation to a thing done by 12  
the chief executive or another person under this 13  
Act before the commencement in relation to— 14

(a) a prescribed notice application or exemption 15  
notice application; or 16

(b) screening, under former part 5, a person 17  
who consented to the screening under 18  
former section 50; or 19

(c) a positive notice, positive exemption notice, 20  
negative notice or negative exemption 21  
notice. 22

(2) The thing is taken to have been done under the 23  
amended Act in relation to— 24

(a) for a thing done in relation to a prescribed 25  
notice application or exemption notice 26  
application—the transitioned application 27  
under section 372(2) or (3) for the 28  
application; or 29

(b) for a thing done in relation to screening, 30  
under former part 5, a person who consented 31  
to the screening under former section 50— 32

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the person’s transitioned application under section 373(3); or	1 2
(c) for a thing done in relation to a positive notice or positive exemption notice—the transitioned clearance under section 369(2) for the notice; or	3 4 5 6
(d) for a thing done in relation to a negative notice or negative exemption notice—the transitioned exclusion under section 371(2) for the notice.	7 8 9 10
(3) The amended Act applies for the purpose of subsection (2) with necessary changes.	11 12
(4) This section does not limit another provision of this division.	13 14
<b>387 Obligations or powers arising before the commencement in relation to prescribed notice or exemption notice</b>	15 16 17
(1) This section applies if—	18
(a) before the commencement, the chief executive or another person was required or permitted under this Act to do, but did not do, something in relation to—	19 20 21 22
(i) a prescribed notice application or exemption notice application; or	23 24
(ii) screening, under former part 5, a person who consented to the screening under former section 50; or	25 26 27
(iii) a positive notice, a positive exemption notice, a negative notice or a negative exemption notice; and	28 29 30
(b) on the commencement, the period within which the chief executive or other person was required or permitted to do the thing has not ended.	31 32 33 34

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- (2) The chief executive or other person must or may do the thing under the amended Act in relation to—
- (a) for a thing required or permitted to be done in relation to a prescribed notice application or exemption notice application—the transitioned application under section 372(2) or (3) for the application; or
  - (b) for a thing required or permitted to be done in relation to screening, under former part 5, a person who consented to the screening under former section 50—the person’s transitioned application under section 373(3); or
  - (c) for a thing required or permitted to be done in relation to a positive notice or positive exemption notice—the transitioned clearance under section 369(2) for the notice; or
  - (d) for a thing required or permitted to be done in relation to a negative notice or negative exemption notice—the transitioned exclusion under section 371(2) for the notice.
- (3) The amended Act applies for the purpose of subsection (2) with necessary changes.
- (4) This section does not limit another provision of this division.

**388 Particular references in Act or document**

- In an Act or a document, to the extent the context permits—
- (a) a reference to a prescribed notice application or exemption notice application under this Act includes a reference to a

[s 24]

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disability worker screening check application; and	1 2
(b) a reference to a positive notice or positive exemption notice under this Act includes a reference to a clearance; and	3 4 5
(c) a reference to a negative notice or a negative exemption notice under this Act includes a reference to an exclusion.	6 7 8
<b>389 Eligibility applications and eligibility declarations lapse</b>	9 10
(1) An eligibility application made but not decided before the commencement lapses.	11 12
(2) An eligibility declaration held by a person immediately before the commencement lapses.	13 14
<b>390 Continuing obligation of confidentiality</b>	15
(1) This section applies if—	16
(a) immediately before the commencement, former section 227 applied to a person in relation to particular information; and	17 18 19
(b) on the commencement, new section 227 does not apply to the person in relation to the information.	20 21 22
(2) Former section 227 continues to apply to the person in relation to the information as if the amendment Act had not been enacted.	23 24 25
<b>391 Transitional regulation-making power</b>	26
(1) A regulation (a <i>transitional regulation</i> ) may make provision about a matter for which—	27 28
(a) it is necessary to make provision to allow or facilitate the doing of anything to achieve	29 30

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	the transition from the operation of this Act	1
	as it was in force immediately before the	2
	commencement to the operation of the	3
	amended Act; and	4
	(b) this Act does not make provision or	5
	sufficient provision.	6
	(2) A transitional regulation may have retrospective	7
	operation to a day not earlier than the day of	8
	commencement.	9
	(3) A transitional regulation must declare it is a	10
	transitional regulation.	11
	(4) A transitional regulation may only be made within	12
	2 years after the commencement.	13
	(5) This subdivision and any transitional regulation	14
	expire 3 years after the day of commencement.	15
<b>Clause 25</b>	<b>Replacement of sch 2 (Current serious offences)</b>	16
	Schedule 2—	17
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	18
	<b>Schedule 2 Current serious</b>	19
	<b>offences</b>	20
	schedule 8, definition <i>serious offence</i>	21
<b>1</b>	<b><i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i></b>	
<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
18	Animal cruelty prohibited	

[s 25]

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## 2 Criminal Code

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
215	Carnal knowledge with or of children under 16	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
218	Procuring sexual acts by coercion etc.	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
221	Conspiracy to defile	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
222	Incest	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
223	Distributing intimate images	the offence was committed in relation to an intimate image of a child or vulnerable person
227A	Observations or recordings in breach of privacy	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
227B	Distributing prohibited visual recordings	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
242	Serious animal cruelty	
300	Unlawful homicide	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
311	Aiding suicide	
313(1) or (2)	Killing unborn child	
314A	Unlawful striking causing death	
315	Disabling in order to commit indictable offence	the offence is not a disqualifying offence



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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
315A	Choking, suffocation or strangulation in a domestic setting	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
316	Stupefying in order to commit indictable offence	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
317	Acts intended to cause grievous bodily harm and other malicious acts	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
320	Grievous bodily harm	
320A	Torture	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
321	Attempting to injure by explosive or noxious substances	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
322	Administering poison with intent to harm	the offence is not a disqualifying offence and the penalty in paragraph (a) applies to the offence
323	Wounding	
323A	Female genital mutilation	the offence is a not disqualifying offence
324	Failure to supply necessities	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person who is a person under care in relation to the offender
326	Endangering life of children by exposure	the offence was committed against a child who is a person under care in relation to the offender
327	Setting mantraps	the offence is not a disqualifying offence

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[s 25]

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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
328	Negligent acts causing harm	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person who is a person under care in relation to the offender
328A(4)	Dangerous operation of a vehicle	
352	Sexual assaults	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
354	Kidnapping	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
354A	Kidnapping for ransom	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
363	Child-stealing	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
363A	Abduction of child under 16	the offence is not a disqualifying offence
364	Cruelty to children under 16	the offence was committed against a child who is a person under care in relation to the offender
399	Fraudulent concealment of particular documents	the offence was committed with intent to defraud a child or vulnerable person
408C	Fraud	the offence was committed against, or in relation to the property of, a child or vulnerable person
408D	Obtaining or dealing with identification information	the offence was committed in relation to identification information about a child or vulnerable person

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
415	Extortion	the penalty in section 415(1), penalty, paragraph (a) applies to the offence
430	Fraudulent falsification of records	the offence was committed with intent to defraud a child or vulnerable person
488	Forgery and uttering	the offence was committed with intent to defraud a child or vulnerable person

**3 Drugs Misuse Act 1986**

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
5	Trafficking in dangerous drugs	
6	Supplying dangerous drugs	the offence is one of aggravated supply under section 6(2)(a), (aa), (b) or (c)
8	Producing dangerous drugs	the penalty under section 8(1), penalty, paragraph (a) or (b) applies to the offence
9D	Trafficking in relevant substances or things	

<b>Clause 26</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 2 (Current serious offences)</b>	1
	Schedule 2, entry for the Criminal Code—	2
	<i>insert—</i>	3
229BB	Failure to protect child from child sexual offence	

[s 27]

<b>Clause 27</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 3 (Repealed or expired serious offences)</b>	1 2
	(1) Schedule 3, authorising provision—	3
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	4
	schedule 8, definition <i>serious offence</i>	5
	(2) Schedule 3, entry for the Criminal Code, table, column headings—	6 7
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	8
	<b>Provision</b>	
	<b>Provision heading</b>	
	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>	
	(3) Schedule 3, entry for the Criminal Code—	9
	<i>insert—</i>	10
400	Concealing wills	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Corrective Services (Consequential Amendments) Act 1988</i>
401	Concealing deeds	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Corrective Services (Consequential Amendments) Act 1988</i>
416	Attempts at extortion by threats	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Corrective Services (Consequential Amendments) Act 1988</i>
417	Procuring execution of deeds etc. by threats	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Corrective Services (Consequential Amendments) Act 1988</i>
427	Obtaining goods or credit by false pretence or wilfully false promise	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Criminal Law Amendment Act 1997</i>

(4)	Schedule 3, entry for the Criminal Code (Cwlth), table, column headings—	1 2
	<i>omit, insert</i> —	3

Provision	Provision heading	Circumstances for offence
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<b>Clause 28</b>	<b>Replacement of sch 4 (Current disqualifying offences)</b>	4
	Schedule 4—	5
	<i>omit, insert</i> —	6
	<b>Schedule 4 Current disqualifying offences</b>	7 8
	schedule 8, definition <i>disqualifying offence</i>	9

**1 Classification of Computer Games and Images Act 1995**

Provision	Provision heading	Circumstances for offence
23	Demonstration of an objectionable computer game before a minor	
26(3)	Possession of objectionable computer game	
27(3) or (4)	Making objectionable computer game	
28	Obtaining minor for objectionable computer game	

**2 Classification of Films Act 1991**

Provision	Provision heading	Circumstances for offence
41(3)	Possession of objectionable film	

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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
42(3) or (4)	Making objectionable film	
43	Procurement of minor for objectionable film	

### **3 *Classification of Publications Act 1991***

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
12	Sale etc. of prohibited publication	the penalty under paragraph (c) applies to the offence
13	Possession of prohibited publication	the penalty under paragraph (c) applies to the offence
14	Possession of child abuse publication	
15	Exhibition or display of prohibited publication	the penalty under paragraph (c) applies to the offence
16	Leaving prohibited publication in or on public place	the penalty under paragraph (c) applies to the offence
17	Producing prohibited publication	the penalty under section 17(1), penalty, paragraph (c), (2), penalty, paragraph (c), (3) or (4) applies to the offence
18	Procurement of minor for RC publication	
20	Leaving prohibited publication in or on private premises	the penalty under paragraph (c) applies to the offence

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#### 4 Criminal Code

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
210	Indecent treatment of children under 16	
211	Bestiality	
213	Owner etc. permitting abuse of children on premises	
215	Carnal knowledge with or of children under 16	the offence was committed against a child aged under 14 years or a child who is more than 5 years younger than the offender
216	Abuse of persons with an impairment of the mind	
217	Procuring young person etc. for carnal knowledge	
218	Procuring sexual acts by coercion etc.	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
218A	Using internet etc. to procure children under 16	
218B	Grooming children under 16	
219	Taking child for immoral purposes	
221	Conspiracy to defile	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
222	Incest	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person

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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
228	Obscene publications and exhibitions	a penalty under section 228(2) or (3) applies to the offence
228A	Involving child in making child exploitation material	
228B	Making child exploitation material	
228C	Distributing child exploitation material	
228D	Possessing child exploitation material	
228DA	Administering child exploitation material website	
228DB	Encouraging use of child exploitation material website	
228DC	Distributing information about avoiding detection	
229B	Maintaining a sexual relationship with a child	
229FA	Obtaining prostitution from person who is not an adult	
229G	Procuring engagement in prostitution	the penalty under section 229G(2) applies to the offence
229H	Knowingly participating in provision of prostitution	the penalty under section 229H(2) applies to the offence
229HB	Carrying on business of providing unlawful prostitution	the penalty under section 229HB(2) applies to the offence



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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
229I	Persons found in places reasonably suspected of being used for prostitution etc.	the penalty under section 229I(2) applies to the offence
229L	Permitting young person etc. to be at place used for prostitution	
300	Unlawful homicide	the unlawful killing is murder under section 302
306	Attempt to murder	
307	Accessory after the fact to murder	
309	Conspiring to murder	
315	Disabling in order to commit indictable offence	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
315A	Choking, suffocation or strangulation in a domestic setting	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
316	Stupefying in order to commit indictable offence	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
317	Acts intended to cause grievous bodily harm and other malicious acts	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
320A	Torture	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
321	Attempting to injure by explosive or noxious substances	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person

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<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>
322	Administering poison with intent to harm	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person and the penalty under paragraph (a) applies to the offence
323A	Female genital mutilation	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
323B	Removal of child from State for female genital mutilation	
327	Setting mantraps	the commission of the offence resulted in the death or injury of a child or vulnerable person
349	Rape	
350	Attempt to commit rape	
351	Assault with intent to commit rape	
352	Sexual assaults	the offence was committed against a child or vulnerable person
354	Kidnapping	the offence was committed against a child or a vulnerable person, other than in a familial context
354A	Kidnapping for ransom	the offence was committed against a child or a vulnerable person, other than in a familial context
363	Child-stealing	the offence was not committed in a familial context

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>	
363A	Abduction of child under 16	the offence was not committed in a familial context	
<b>Clause 29</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 4 (Current disqualifying offences)</b>		<b>1</b>
	(1) Schedule 4, entry for the Criminal Code, section 218B, second column, ‘Grooming children under 16’—		2
	<i>omit, insert—</i>		3
	Grooming child under 16 years or parent or carer of child under 16 years		4
			5
			6
	(2) Schedule 4, entry for the Criminal Code—		7
	<i>insert—</i>		8
228I	Producing or supplying child abuse object		
228J	Possessing child abuse object		
<b>Clause 30</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 5 (Repealed or expired disqualifying offences)</b>		<b>9</b>
	(1) Schedule 5, authorising provision—		10
	<i>omit, insert—</i>		11
	schedule 8, definition <i>disqualifying offence</i>		12
			13
	(2) Schedule 5, entry for the Criminal Code, table, column headings—		14
			15
	<i>omit, insert—</i>		16
<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>	
	(3) Schedule 5, entry for the Criminal Code—		17
	<i>insert—</i>		18

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325	Endangering life or health of apprentices or servants	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Training and Employment Act 2000</i>	
	(4) Schedule 5, entry for the Criminal Code—		1
	<i>insert—</i>		2
218B	Grooming children under 16	as the provision was in force from time to time before its repeal by the <i>Criminal Code (Child Sex Offences Reform) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2019</i>	
	(5) Schedule 5, entry for the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> (Cwlth), table, column headings—		3 4
	<i>omit, insert—</i>		5

<b>Provision</b>	<b>Provision heading</b>	<b>Circumstances for offence</b>	
	(6) Schedule 5, entry for the Criminal Code (Cwlth), table, column headings—		6 7
	<i>omit, insert—</i>		8

**Provision    Provision heading                      Circumstances for offence**

<b>Clause 31</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 8 (Dictionary)</b>		9
	(1) Schedule 8 is amended by omitting each of the following definitions—		10 11

<i>consumer</i>	<i>harm</i>	<i>positive notice card</i>
<i>corresponding law</i>	<i>interim sexual offender order</i>	<i>prescribed notice</i>
<i>current</i>	<i>order</i>	<i>prescribed person</i>
<i>disqualification order</i>	<i>investigative information</i>	<i>prescribed period</i>

<i>disqualified person</i>	<i>imprisonment order</i>	<i>registered NDIS provider</i>
<i>disqualifying offence</i>	<i>issue</i>	<i>regulated engagement</i>
<i>eligibility application</i>	<i>minimum frequency for regulated engagement</i>	<i>relevant disqualified person</i>
<i>eligibility declaration</i>	<i>NDIS Act</i>	<i>relevant disqualified person decision</i>
<i>engaged</i>	<i>NDIS provider</i>	<i>relevant person</i>
<i>engaged by the department</i>	<i>NDIS non-government service provider</i>	<i>screening decision</i>
<i>engaged person</i>	<i>negative exemption notice</i>	<i>prescribed notice application</i>
<i>exceptional case</i>	<i>negative notice</i>	<i>serious offence</i>
<i>exemption notice</i>	<i>non-government service provider</i>	<i>service outlet</i>
<i>exemption notice application</i>	<i>part 5 reviewable decision</i>	<i>sole trader</i>
<i>final offender prohibition order</i>	<i>positive exemption notice</i>	<i>temporary offender prohibition order</i>
<i>final sexual offender order</i>	<i>positive notice</i>	
<i>funded non-government service provider</i>		

(2) Schedule 8—

*insert—*

***affected person***, for a reviewable decision, see section 138ZR(2).

***appellant***, for an appeal under section 138J, see section 138J(2).

***applicant***, for part 5, means the applicant for a disability worker screening application.

***approved way***, for making an application or request or giving a notice, means a way for making the application or request or giving the notice—

1  
2  
3  
4  
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6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12

[s 31]

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- (a) approved by the chief executive; and 1
- (b) notified on— 2
- (i) the department’s website; or 3
- (ii) the whole-of-government website. 4
- authorised entity**, for a person, see section 138ZJ. 5
- banning order** see the *National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* (Cwlth), section 9. 6 7
- chief executive (child safety)** means the chief executive of the department in which the *Child Protection Act 1999* is administered. 8 9 10
- chief executive’s screening functions** means the chief executive’s functions under part 5. 11 12
- chief executive (working with children)** means the chief executive of the department in which the Working with Children Act is administered. 13 14 15
- clearance** see section 50(1). 16
- clearance card** means a clearance card for a clearance within the meaning of section 98(2). 17 18
- combined application** see section 67(2). 19
- conduct**, of a person, means an act or an omission to perform an act. 20 21
- consumer** means— 22
- (a) for an NDIS service provider—a person with disability who is provided with NDIS supports or services by the service provider; or 23 24 25 26
- (b) for the department or a funded service provider—a person with disability who is provided with disability services by the department or service provider. 27 28 29 30
- corresponding law** means a law of another State that relates to the screening of persons who carry 31 32

- 
- out, or propose to carry out, NDIS disability work. 1
- criminal history event***, in relation to a person, see 2  
section 138B. 3
- dealt with***, in relation to a charge for an offence, 4  
means any of the following— 5
- (a) the person who is charged is convicted or 6  
acquitted of the charge; 7
- (b) the person who is charged is convicted of 8  
another offence for which the conduct was 9  
substantially the same as the conduct of the 10  
offence charged; 11
- (c) the charge has been withdrawn or dismissed; 12
- (d) a nolle prosequi or no true bill is presented 13  
in relation to the charge. 14
- disability work*** means— 15
- (a) NDIS disability work; or 16
- (b) State disability work. 17
- disability worker screening application*** means— 18
- (a) an NDIS worker screening application; or 19
- (b) a State disability worker screening 20  
application. 21
- disciplinary information***, about a person, see 22  
section 138O. 23
- disqualified person*** means a person who— 24
- (a) has a conviction for a disqualifying offence; 25  
and 26
- (b) was an adult when the offence was 27  
committed. 28
- disqualifying offence*** means— 29
- (a) an offence against a provision of an Act 30  
mentioned in schedule 4 or 5— 31

[s 31]

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- (i) if each circumstance (if any) stated for the offence in the schedule applies to the offence; and 1  
2  
3
- (ii) regardless of whether the provision has been amended from time to time or numbered differently; or 4  
5  
6
- (b) an offence against a provision of an Act of the Commonwealth prescribed by regulation to be a disqualifying offence; or 7  
8  
9
- (c) a related offence for an offence mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b). 10  
11
- domestic violence information***, about a person, means information about the history of domestic violence orders made against the person under the *Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012*. 12  
13  
14  
15  
16
- domestic violence order*** see the *Domestic and Family Violence Protection Act 2012*, section 23(2). 17  
18  
19
- employer***, of a person in relation to disability work, means the entity that engages the person to carry out the disability work. 20  
21  
22
- engaged***, in relation to carrying out work, see— 23
- (a) section 44; and 24
- (b) also— 25
- (i) for risk-assessed NDIS work—section 46; or 26  
27
- (ii) for State disability work—sections 48 and 49. 28  
29
- exclusion*** see section 51(1). 30
- financial reward*** does not include a payment that is a reimbursement for expenses. 31  
32
- funded service provider*** see section 14. 33



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<i>harm</i> , to a person—	1
(a) for part 6—see section 144; or	2
(b) otherwise—includes any detrimental effect on a person’s physical, psychological, emotional, sexual or financial wellbeing, however the detrimental effect is caused.	3 4 5 6
<i>interim bar</i> means an interim bar imposed under section 82.	7 8
<i>internal review</i> , of a reviewable decision, see section 138ZT(1).	9 10
<i>internal review decision</i> means a decision made, or taken to have been made, under section 138ZV on an application for internal review of a reviewable decision.	11 12 13 14
<i>interstate NDIS clearance</i> see section 50(3).	15
<i>interstate NDIS exclusion</i> see section 51(3).	16
<i>investigative information</i> , about a person, see section 138I(1).	17 18
<i>investigative information decision</i> see section 138J(2).	19 20
<i>NDIS clearance</i> see section 50(2).	21
<i>NDIS disability work</i> see section 45(1).	22
<i>NDIS disciplinary or misconduct information</i> , about a person—	23 24
(a) means information about the person’s professional conduct in relation to the national disability insurance scheme given to the chief executive by the NDIS commission; and	25 26 27 28 29
(b) includes information about—	30
(i) an incident involving the person, or a complaint or allegation about the person, investigated under the <i>National</i>	31 32 33

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[s 31]

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<i>Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i>	1
(Cwlth); and	2
(ii) adverse and substantiated findings of an investigation conducted under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth); and	3 4 5 6
(iii) a banning order made against the person.	7 8
<b>NDIS exclusion</b> see section 51(2).	9
<b>NDIS service provider</b> see section 15(1).	10
<b>NDIS sole trader</b> see section 16(1).	11
<b>NDIS supports or services</b> see section 12A.	12
<b>NDIS worker screening application</b> means—	13
(a) an application for a clearance made under section 65; or	14 15
(b) a combined application to the extent it is an application under section 65.	16 17
<b>NDIS worker screening database</b> see the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth), section 9.	18 19 20
<b>NDIS (Worker Screening) Practice Standards</b> means NDIS Practice Standards that are made under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth) about the screening of workers employed or otherwise engaged by registered NDIS providers.	21 22 23 24 25 26
<b>NDIS worker screening unit</b> means an entity responsible, under a corresponding law, for screening persons who carry out, or propose to carry out, NDIS disability work.	27 28 29 30
<b>notifiable person</b> , for a person, see section 52.	31
<b>parent</b> , of a person, includes—	32

- 
- (a) in any case—the spouse of a parent of the person; and 1  
2
- (b) for an Aboriginal person—a person who, under Aboriginal tradition, is regarded as a parent of the person; and 3  
4  
5
- (c) for a Torres Strait Islander—a person who, under Island custom, is regarded as a parent of the person. 6  
7  
8
- person under care***, in relation to a person, means a child or vulnerable person who— 9  
10
- (a) is receiving care or support because the child or vulnerable person is unable to— 11  
12
- (i) care for himself or herself; or 13
- (ii) protect himself or herself from harm or exploitation; and 14  
15
- Examples of child or vulnerable person who is receiving care or support for a reason mentioned in paragraph (a)(i) or (ii)—* 16  
17  
18
- a child in foster care 19
  - an elderly person in residential aged care 20
  - a person with a mental illness receiving inpatient treatment in a hospital 21  
22
- (b) has a relationship with the person— 23
- (i) because of the care or support mentioned in paragraph (a); and 24  
25
- (ii) other than because the person is a relative of the child or vulnerable person. 26  
27  
28
- QCAT information notice***, for an internal review decision, means a notice complying with the QCAT Act, section 157(2). 29  
30  
31
- registered NDIS provider*** see section 15(2). 32
- related offence***, for a particular offence, means another offence that is— 33  
34

[s 31]

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- (a) an offence of counselling or procuring the commission of the particular offence; or 1  
2
- (b) an offence of attempting, or of conspiring, to commit the particular offence; or 3  
4
- (c) an offence that, at the time it was committed, was the particular offence; or 5  
6
- (d) an offence under a law of another jurisdiction that, if it had been committed in Queensland, would have constituted the particular offence or an offence mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c). 7  
8  
9  
10  
11
- relative**, of a person— 12
- (a) means the person’s spouse, child, parent, grandparent, great-grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew or first cousin; and 13  
14  
15  
16
- (b) for an Aboriginal person—includes a person who, under Aboriginal tradition, is regarded as a relative mentioned in paragraph (a); and 17  
18  
19
- (c) for a Torres Strait Islander—includes a person who, under Island custom, is regarded as a relative mentioned in paragraph (a); and 20  
21  
22  
23
- (d) for a person with a parent who is not a biological parent—includes anyone who would be a relative mentioned in paragraph (a) if the parent were a biological parent. 24  
25  
26  
27
- Example for paragraph (d)—* 28  
the child of a person’s step-parent 29
- relevant person**— 30
- (a) for part 4—see section 37; or 31
- (b) for part 5—division 8, see section 136. 32
- reviewable decision** see section 138ZR(1). 33

- 
- risk-assessed NDIS work*** see section 45(2). 1
- risk assessment*** means a risk assessment under 2  
part 5, division 4, subdivision 3. 3
- risk assessment matter***, in relation to a person, 4  
means a matter that— 5
- (a) is or may be relevant to whether the person 6  
poses a risk of harm to people with 7  
disability; and 8
- (b) is prescribed by regulation to be a risk 9  
assessment matter. 10
- schedule 6 or 7 offence*** means— 11
- (a) an offence against a provision of an Act 12  
mentioned in schedule 6 or 7— 13
- (i) if each circumstance (if any) stated for 14  
the offence in the schedule applies to 15  
the offence; and 16
- (ii) regardless of whether the provision has 17  
been amended from time to time or 18  
numbered differently; or 19
- (b) a related offence to an offence mentioned in 20  
paragraph (a). 21
- section 93A transcript*** see the *Evidence Act 1977*, 22  
section 93AA(3). 23
- serious offence*** means— 24
- (a) an offence against a provision of an Act 25  
mentioned in schedule 2 or 3— 26
- (i) if each circumstance (if any) stated for 27  
the offence in the schedule applies to 28  
the offence; and 29
- (ii) regardless of whether the provision has 30  
been amended from time to time or 31  
numbered differently; or 32

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- (b) an offence against a provision of an Act of the Commonwealth prescribed by regulation to be a serious offence; or
- (c) a related offence for an offence mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).
- State clearance** see section 50(4).
- State disability work** see section 47.
- State disability worker screening application** means—
- (a) an application for a clearance made under section 66; or
- (b) a combined application to the extent it is an application under section 66.
- State entity** see section 138P.
- State exclusion** see section 51(4).
- State sole trader** see section 16(2).
- unregistered NDIS provider** see section 15(3).
- vulnerable person** means an adult who, because of the person's age, illness or disability, is, or may be, unable to—
- (a) care for himself or herself; or
- (b) protect himself or herself from harm or exploitation.
- whole-of-government website** means—
- (a) [www.qld.gov.au](http://www.qld.gov.au); or
- (b) another website prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Schedule 8, definition *police information*, paragraph (c)—  
*omit, insert—*
- (c) information about whether the person is or has been—

- 
- |       |   |                |
|-------|---|----------------|
| (i)   | subject to offender reporting obligations; or   | 1<br>2         |
| (ii)  | subject to an offender prohibition order or offender prohibition disqualification order; or   | 3<br>4<br>5    |
| (iii) | named as the respondent to an application for an offender prohibition order; or   | 6<br>7<br>8    |
| (iv)  | the subject of an application for an offender prohibition disqualification order.   | 9<br>10<br>11  |
| (4)   | Schedule 8, definition <i>relevant review and appeal information</i> , paragraph (a), from ‘to the tribunal’ to ‘division 11, subdivision 1’— | 12<br>13<br>14 |
|       | <i>omit, insert—</i>  | 15             |
|       | for a review of the decision under part 5, division 9   | 16<br>17       |
| (5)   | Schedule 8, definition <i>relevant review and appeal information</i> , paragraph (b)(i), ‘section 113’—                                       | 18<br>19       |
|       | <i>omit, insert—</i>  | 20             |
|       | section 138J  | 21             |
| (6)   | Schedule 8, definition <i>relevant review and appeal information</i> , paragraph (b)(ii), from ‘to the tribunal’ to ‘section 115’—            | 22<br>23<br>24 |
|       | <i>omit, insert—</i>  | 25             |
|       | for a review of the decision under section 138L   | 26             |
| (7)   | Schedule 8, definition <i>relevant review and appeal information</i> , paragraphs (c) and (d)—  | 27<br>28       |
|       | <i>omit, insert—</i>  | 29             |
|       | (c) the period within which the person must apply for the review or appeal;   | 30<br>31       |

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	(d) how the person may apply for the review of appeal;	1 2
<b>Part 3</b>	<b>Amendment of Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000</b>	3 4 5
<b>Clause 32</b>	<b>Act amended</b>	6
	This part amends the <i>Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000</i> .	7 8
	<i>Note—</i>	9
	See also the amendments in schedule 1.	10
<b>Clause 33</b>	<b>Amendment of s 175 (Clearance required to employ person in regulated employment)</b>	11 12
	Section 175(2)—	13
	<i>insert—</i>	14
	(d) the employee holds a disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion and the employer knows, or ought reasonably to know, the employee holds the disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion.	15 16 17 18 19
<b>Clause 34</b>	<b>Amendment of s 176A (Person prohibited from regulated employment without clearance)</b>	20 21
	Section 176A(2)—	22
	<i>insert—</i>	23
	(e) holds a disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion.	24 25



---

<b>Clause 35</b>	<b>Amendment of s 176C (Exemption required to employ police officer or registered teacher in regulated employment)</b>	1 2 3
	Section 176C(2)—	4
	<i>insert—</i>	5
	(d) the employee holds a disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion and the employer knows, or ought reasonably to know, the employee holds the disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion.	6 7 8 9 10
<b>Clause 36</b>	<b>Amendment of s 176E (Police officer or registered teacher prohibited from regulated employment without exemption)</b>	11 12 13
	Section 176E(2)—	14
	<i>insert—</i>	15
	(e) holds a disability exclusion or interstate NDIS exclusion.	16 17
<b>Clause 37</b>	<b>Amendment of s 176H (Definitions for division)</b>	18
	Section 176H, definition <i>restricted employment</i> , paragraph (b), ‘6(3)(c)(i)’—	19 20
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	21
	6A(3)(a) or (b)	22
<b>Clause 38</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 187A</b>	23
	After section 187—	24
	<i>insert—</i>	25
	<b>187A Application combined with disability worker screening application</b>	26 27
	(1) A person (an <i>applicant</i> ) may combine an application mentioned in section 187(1) or (2)	28 29

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	with a disability worker screening application.	1
(2)	An application made under subsection (1) is a <i>combined application</i> .	2 3
(3)	This chapter applies to a combined application to the extent it is an application mentioned in section 187(1) or (2).	4 5 6
(4)	If a combined application is made to the chief executive, the chief executive must give the information in the combined application, to the extent the information relates to the person's disability worker screening application, to the chief executive (disability services).	7 8 9 10 11 12
<b>Clause 39</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 190A</b>	13
	After section 190—	14
	<i>insert—</i>	15
	<b>190A Chief executive may request further information for combined application</b>	16 17
(1)	This section applies if an applicant made a combined application and the chief executive becomes aware that, under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> —	18 19 20 21
	(a) the applicant's disability worker screening application has been withdrawn; or	22 23
	(b) a disability exclusion has been issued to the applicant.	24 25
(2)	The chief executive may give the applicant a notice asking the applicant to advise the chief executive, within a reasonable stated time, whether or not the applicant wishes to proceed with the working with children check application under this part.	26 27 28 29 30 31
(3)	A request under subsection (2) must state that, if the applicant does not comply with the request	32 33

within the stated time, the applicant's working 1  
with children check application will be 2  
withdrawn. 3

**Clause 40 Insertion of new s 193A** 4

After section 193— 5

*insert—* 6

**193A Effect of interim bar imposed by chief 7  
executive (disability services) 8**

(1) This section applies if— 9

(a) the applicant has also made a disability 10  
worker screening application, regardless of 11  
whether the applicant made a combined 12  
application; and 13

(b) the chief executive is aware that the chief 14  
executive (disability services) has imposed 15  
an interim bar on the applicant under the 16  
*Disability Services Act 2006*, section 82. 17

(2) The chief executive is not required to decide the 18  
applicant's working with children check 19  
application until the chief executive becomes 20  
aware that the interim bar has ended. 21

(3) If the chief executive defers deciding the working 22  
with children check application under subsection 23  
(2), the chief executive must give the applicant a 24  
written notice about the deferral. 25

**Clause 41 Insertion of new s 196A** 26

After section 196— 27

*insert—* 28

**196A Withdrawal of combined application** 29

(1) This section applies if the applicant made a 30  
combined application. 31

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- (2) The applicant may combine a notice withdrawing the applicant's working with children check application under section 196 with a request to withdraw the applicant's disability worker screening application. 1  
2  
3  
4  
5
- Note—* 6  
The request may be made orally or in writing. See— 7  
(a) section 196(3); and 8  
(b) the *Disability Services Act 2006*, section 75(2). 9
- (3) A request made under subsection (2) is a ***combined withdrawal request***. 10  
11
- (4) This part applies to a combined withdrawal request to the extent it is a notice under section 196. 12  
13  
14
- (5) If a combined withdrawal request is made to the chief executive, the chief executive must give a notice about the combined withdrawal request to the chief executive (disability services). 15  
16  
17  
18
- Clause 42      Amendment of s 198 (Deemed withdrawal—failure to comply with particular requests)** 19  
20  
Section 198(a)(i), 'or 190(1)(b)'— 21  
*omit, insert—* 22  
, 190(1)(b) or 190A(2) 23
- Clause 43      Amendment of s 221 (Deciding application—no conviction or conviction etc. for non-serious offence)** 24  
25  
(1) Section 221(1)— 26  
*insert—* 27  
(d) the chief executive is aware of other 28  
information about the person that the chief 29  
executive reasonably believes is relevant to 30  
deciding whether it would be in the best 31

---

	interests of children for the chief executive	1
	to issue a working with children clearance to	2
	the person.	3
(2)	Section 221(2), ‘or (c)’—	4
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	5
	, (c) or (d)	6
<b>Clause 44</b>	<b>Amendment of s 223 (Deciding application—negative notice cancelled or holder of eligibility declaration)</b>	7
		8
(1)	Section 223(2) and (3), from ‘police information’ to ‘subsection (1)(a) or (b),’—	9
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	10
	new assessable information about the person,	11
		12
(2)	Section 223—	13
	<i>insert—</i>	14
	(5) In this section—	15
	<i>new assessable information</i> , about a person,	16
	means information about the person that—	17
	(a) is, police information, disciplinary	18
	information or other information that the	19
	chief executive reasonably believes is	20
	relevant to deciding whether it would be in	21
	the best interests of children for the chief	22
	executive to issue a working with children	23
	clearance to the person; and	24
	(b) was not known to the chief executive when	25
	the chief executive took the action	26
	mentioned in subsection (1)(a) or (b).	27
<b>Clause 45</b>	<b>Amendment of s 226 (Deciding exceptional case if conviction or charge)</b>	28
		29
(1)	Section 226(2)—	30

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*insert—*

(da) information about the person given to the  
chief executive under the *Disability Services  
Act 2006*, section 138ZG;

(2) Section 226(2)(da) and (e)—

*renumber* as section 226(2)(e) and (f).

**Clause 46      Amendment of s 228 (Deciding exceptional case if  
disciplinary information exists)**

(1) Section 228, heading, after ‘disciplinary information’—

*insert—*

**or other relevant information**

(2) Section 228(1)(b)—

*omit, insert—*

(b) is aware of—

(i) disciplinary information about the  
person; or

(ii) other information about the person that  
the chief executive reasonably believes  
is relevant to deciding whether it would  
be in the best interests of children for  
the chief executive to issue a working  
with children clearance to the person.

(3) Section 228(2), ‘The’—

*omit, insert—*

If the chief executive is aware of disciplinary  
information about the person, the

(4) Section 228—

*insert—*

(3) If the chief executive is aware of other  
information about the person mentioned in

---

	subsection (1)(b)(ii), the chief executive must	1
	have regard to the following—	2
	(a) the nature of the information, including the	3
	circumstances and gravity of the behaviour	4
	or conduct the subject of the information;	5
	(b) the relevance of the information to	6
	employment, or carrying on a business, that	7
	involves or may involve children;	8
	(c) the length of time that has passed since the	9
	event or conduct the subject of the	10
	information occurred;	11
	(d) anything else relating to the information that	12
	the chief executive reasonably believes is	13
	relevant to the assessment of the person.	14
<b>Clause 47</b>	<b>Amendment of s 229 (Chief executive to invite</b>	15
	<b>submissions from person about particular information)</b>	16
	Section 229(2)(a)—	17
	<i>insert—</i>	18
	(iii) any other information about the person that	19
	the chief executive is aware of that the chief	20
	executive reasonably believes is relevant to	21
	whether it would be in the best interests of	22
	children for the chief executive to issue a	23
	working with children clearance to the	24
	person; and	25
<b>Clause 48</b>	<b>Replacement of s 231 (Term of clearance and negative</b>	26
	<b>notice)</b>	27
	Section 231—	28
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	29
	<b>231 Term of clearance</b>	30
	(1) Unless cancelled earlier under part 5A, the term of	31

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	a working with children clearance issued to a person is—	1 2
	(a) if the chief executive decides the term of the clearance under subsection (2)—the term decided by the chief executive; or	3 4 5
	(b) otherwise—3 years.	6
	(2) The chief executive may decide that the term of a person’s working with children clearance is the same as the term of—	7 8 9
	(a) if the person made a combined application—a disability clearance issued to the person by the chief executive (disability services) after deciding the application; or	10 11 12 13
	(b) a disability clearance otherwise held by the person.	14 15
	(3) The term decided by the chief executive under subsection (2) may be less than 3 years or more than 3 years.	16 17 18
	<i>Note—</i>	19
	Under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 101, the term of an NDIS clearance is 5 years and the term of a State clearance is 3 years.	20 21 22
	<b>231A Term of negative notice</b>	23
	A negative notice remains in force until it is cancelled under part 5A.	24 25
<b>Clause 49</b>	<b>Amendment of s 283 (Deciding application—police officer if further screening not required)</b>	26 27
	Section 283(a)—	28
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	29
	(a) the chief executive—	30



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	(i) is not aware of any police information about the person; and	1 2
	(ii) is not aware of any other information about the person that would be relevant to deciding whether it would be in the best interests of children for the chief executive to issue the exemption to the person; and	3 4 5 6 7 8
<b>Clause 50</b>	<b>Amendment of s 284 (Deciding application—registered teacher if further screening not required)</b>	9 10
	Section 284(a)—	11
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	12
	(a) the chief executive—	13
	(i) is not aware of any police information or disciplinary information about the person; and	14 15 16
	(ii) is not aware of any other information about the person that would be relevant to deciding whether it would be in the best interests of children for the chief executive to issue the exemption to the person; and	17 18 19 20 21 22
<b>Clause 51</b>	<b>Replacement of s 289 (Term of exemption and negative notice)</b>	23 24
	Section 289—	25
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	26
	<b>289 Term of exemption</b>	27
	(1) Unless a relevant event happens earlier, the term of a working with children exemption issued to a person is—	28 29 30

[s 52]

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	(a) if the chief executive decides the term of the exemption under subsection (2)—the term decided by the chief executive; or	1 2 3
	(b) otherwise—3 years.	4
	(2) The chief executive may decide that the term of a person’s working with children exemption is the same as the term of—	5 6 7
	(a) if the person made a combined application—a disability clearance issued to the person by the chief executive (disability services) after deciding the application; or	8 9 10 11
	(b) a disability clearance otherwise held by the person.	12 13
	(3) The term decided by the chief executive under subsection (2) may be less than 3 years or more than 3 years.	14 15 16
	(4) Each of the following is a <i>relevant event</i> for a working with children exemption—	17 18
	(a) if the holder of the exemption is a police officer—the holder stops being a police officer;	19 20 21
	(b) if the holder of the exemption is a registered teacher—the holder stops being a registered teacher;	22 23 24
	(c) the exemption is cancelled under part 5A.	25
	<b>289A Term of negative notice</b>	26
	A negative notice remains in force until it is cancelled under part 5A.	27 28
<b>Clause 52</b>	<b>Amendment of s 304A (Cancelling authority because of subsequent information)</b>	29 30
	(1) Section 304A(1)—	31

*insert—*

(ab) other information about the person that the chief executive reasonably believes is relevant to deciding whether it would be in the best interests of children for the person to continue to hold the authority that was not known to the chief executive when the decision was made; or

(2) Section 304A(1)(ab) and (b)—

*renumber* as section 304A(1)(b) and (c).

**Clause 53**

**Replacement of s 344 (Chief executive must give information about particular holders to chief executive (disability services))**

Section 344—

*omit, insert—*

**344 Giving information to chief executive (disability services)**

(1) This section applies to information about a person—

(a) the chief executive was given, or given access to, under chapter 7 or this chapter; or

(b) in the chief executive's possession in relation to an employment-screening decision about the person.

(2) The chief executive may give information about a person to the chief executive (disability services) if the chief executive reasonably believes the information is relevant to the functions of the chief executive (disability services) under the *Disability Services Act 2006*, part 5.

(3) Without limiting subsection (2), the information that may be given includes—

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	(a) information about a working with children check application made by a person; and	1 2
	(b) information about a working with children authority or negative notice held by a person; and	3 4 5
	(c) police information about a person; and	6
	(d) disciplinary information about a person; and	7
	(e) information about a person's mental health.	8
<b>Clause 54</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 344C</b>	9
	After section 344B—	10
	<i>insert—</i>	11
	<b>344C Notifying self-managed NDIS participant about particular matters</b>	12 13
	(1) This section applies if—	14
	(a) a child is an NDIS participant; and	15
	(b) a relevant person for the child gives the chief executive written notice that a stated person carrying on an NDIS regulated business is delivering NDIS supports or services to the child.	16 17 18 19 20
	(2) The chief executive may give the child, a person with parental responsibility for the child or the child's plan manager a written notice about any of the following matters—	21 22 23 24
	(a) if a working with children check application made by the person is decided—that fact and whether the person was issued a working with children authority or negative notice;	25 26 27 28 29
	(b) if a working with children authority held by the person expires or is suspended or	30 31

- 
- cancelled—the expiry, suspension or  
cancellation; 1  
2
- (c) if, under section 339(3), the chief executive 3  
is required to give a notifiable person for the 4  
person a notice about a change in police 5  
information about the person—the change 6  
in the police information. 7
- (3) A notice about a matter mentioned in subsection 8  
(2)(c) must include only the information about the 9  
change in the police information that the chief 10  
executive is required to give a notifiable person 11  
for the person under section 339(3). 12
- (4) In this section— 13
- NDIS participant* means a participant in the 14  
national disability insurance scheme under the 15  
*National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* 16  
(Cwlth). 17
- NDIS regulated business* means a regulated 18  
business mentioned in schedule 1, section 16A. 19
- parental responsibility* see the *National* 20  
*Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* (Cwlth), 21  
section 75. 22
- plan manager*, for a child who is an NDIS 23  
participant, means a person other than the child 24  
who is managing the funding for supports under 25  
the child’s plan within the meaning of the 26  
*National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013* 27  
(Cwlth), section 42. 28
- relevant person*, for a child who is an NDIS 29  
participant, means— 30
- (a) the child; or 31
- (b) a person with parental responsibility for the 32  
child; or 33
- (c) the child’s plan manager; or 34

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	(d) a person who carries on an NDIS regulated business that includes delivering NDIS supports or services to the child.	1 2 3
<b>Clause 55</b>	<b>Omission of s 345 (Use of information obtained under this chapter about a person)</b>	4 5
	Section 345—	6
	<i>omit.</i>	7
<b>Clause 56</b>	<b>Amendment of s 350 (Holder must notify change and pay prescribed application fee—volunteer or business carried on other than for financial reward)</b>	8 9 10
	Section 350(4), from ‘issue a replacement’—	11
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	12
	issue the person—	13
	(a) a new working with children clearance with a new term under section 231; or	14 15
	(b) a replacement working with children card for the person’s clearance.	16 17
<b>Clause 57</b>	<b>Amendment of s 384 (Confidentiality of police, disciplinary and mental health information)</b>	18 19
	(1) Section 384, heading, ‘police, disciplinary and mental health’—	20 21
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	22
	<b>protected</b>	23
	(2) Section 384(1)(b)—	24
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	25
	(b) in that capacity, was given, or given access to, any of the following information ( <i>protected information</i> ) about a person—	26 27 28

- 
- |       |  |  |
|-------|--|--|
| (i)   | police information about the person and information related to the police information;   | 1<br>2<br>3  |
| (ii)  | disciplinary information about the person;   | 4<br>5   |
| (iii) | information about the person's mental health, including, for example, information about a proceeding in the Mental Health Court or the Mental Health Review Tribunal about the person;   | 6<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10<br>11                       |
| (iv)  | other information about the person that the chief executive has considered in making an employment-screening decision about the person, including, for example, information given to the chief executive by the chief executive (disability services) under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 138ZG. | 12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20 |
| (3)   | Section 384(2)(a), 'information mentioned in subsection (1)(b)'—<br><i>omit, insert—</i><br>protected information  | 21<br>22<br>23<br>24                               |
| (4)   | Section 384(3) and (4), before 'information'—<br><i>insert—</i><br>protected   | 25<br>26<br>27                                     |
| (5)   | Section 384(4)(d)—<br><i>omit, insert—</i><br>(d) is expressly permitted under chapter 8 or section 395; or  | 28<br>29<br>30<br>31                               |

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<b>Clause 58</b>	<b>Replacement of s 385 (Confidentiality of other information)</b>	1 2
	Section 385—	3
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	4
	<b>385 Confidentiality of other information</b>	5
	(1) This section applies to a person who—	6
	(a) is or has been—	7
	(i) a Minister or a member of the Minister’s staff; or	8 9
	(ii) a public service employee employed in the department; and	10 11
	(b) in that capacity, was given or given access to confidential information.	12 13
	(2) However, this section does not apply in relation to confidential information that is protected information under section 384.	14 15 16
	(3) The person must not use the confidential information, or disclose or give access to the information to anyone else, unless the use, disclosure or giving of access is allowed under subsection (4).	17 18 19 20 21
	Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	22
	(4) The person may use the confidential information, or disclose or give access to the information to another person, if the use, disclosure or giving of access—	23 24 25 26
	(a) is for the purpose of this Act; or	27
	(b) is for the purpose of obtaining advice for, or giving advice to, the Minister in relation to the information; or	28 29 30
	(c) is for the purpose of performing a function under another law; or	31 32
	(d) is for a proceeding in a court or tribunal; or	33



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	(e) is authorised under a regulation or another law; or	1 2
	(f) happens with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or	3 4
	(g) is for a purpose directly related to a child's protection or welfare.	5 6
<b>Clause 59</b>	<b>Amendment of s 395 (Reports by chief executive)</b>	7
	Section 395(3)(b), from 'chapter 8'—	8
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	9
	chapter 8 or 8A, including—	10
	(i) protected information under section 384; or	11
	(ii) confidential information to which section 385 applies.	12 13
<b>Clause 60</b>	<b>Amendment of s 401 (Regulation-making power)</b>	14
	Section 401(2)—	15
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	16
	(2) A regulation may—	17
	(a) provide for arrangements between the chief executive and the chief executive (disability services) in relation to receiving, withdrawing, dealing with and deciding combined applications; and	18 19 20 21 22
	(b) prescribe fees payable under the Act and provide for the fees to be refunded or waived; and	23 24 25
	(c) provide for a maximum penalty of 20 penalty units for a contravention of a regulation.	26 27 28

[s 61]

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<b>Clause 61</b>	<b>Replacement of ch 11, pt 20 (Transitional provision for Disability Services and Other Legislation (NDIS) Amendment Act 2019)</b>	1 2 3	
	Chapter 11, part 20—	4	
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	5	
	<b>Part 20</b>	<b>Transitional provisions for Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Act 2020</b>	6 7 8 9 10
	<b>590 New regulated employment</b>	11	
	(1) This section applies if, immediately before the commencement—	12 13	
	(a) a person was employed in employment, or was continuing in employment, mentioned in schedule 1, section 6A; and	14 15 16	
	(b) the employment was not regulated employment mentioned in schedule 1, section 6; and	17 18 19	
	(c) the person does not hold a working with children authority.	20 21	
	(2) Sections 175, 176A, 176C and 176E do not apply in relation to the employment until—	22 23	
	(a) 3 months after the commencement; or	24	
	(b) if the person makes a working with children check application within the period mentioned in paragraph (a)—the application is decided or withdrawn.	25 26 27 28	
	<b>591 New regulated business</b>	29	
	(1) This section applies if, immediately before the	30	

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commencement—	1
(a) a person was carrying on a business mentioned in schedule 1, section 16A; and	2 3
(b) the business was not a regulated business mentioned in schedule 1, section 16; and	4 5
(c) the person does not hold a working with children authority.	6 7
(2) Sections 176B and 176G do not apply in relation to the person carrying on the business until—	8 9
(a) 3 months after the commencement; or	10
(b) if the person makes a working with children check application within the period mentioned in paragraph (a)—the application is decided or withdrawn.	11 12 13 14
<b>592 Information that may be given under section 344</b>	15 16
(1) For section 344, the chief executive may give information about a person to the chief executive (disability services) regardless of whether the information relates to a matter that happened before or after the commencement.	17 18 19 20 21
(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the information that may be given includes—	22 23
(a) information about a working with children check application made before the commencement; and	24 25 26
(b) information about a working with children authority or negative notice issued before the commencement; and	27 28 29
(c) information mentioned in section 344(3)(c) to (e) obtained by the chief executive before the commencement.	30 31 32

[s 62]

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**593 Continuing obligation of confidentiality**

- (1) This section applies if—
- (a) immediately before the commencement, section 385 applied to a person in relation to particular information; and
  - (b) on the commencement, section 385 does not apply to the person in relation to the information.
- (2) Former section 385 continues to apply to the person in relation to the information as if the *Disability Services and Other Legislation (Worker Screening) Amendment Act 2020* had not been enacted.

**Clause 62 Amendment of sch 1, s 6 (Health, counselling and support services)**

- (1) Schedule 1, section 6(2) and (4)—  
*omit.*
- (2) Schedule 1, section 6(3), ‘or (2)’—  
*omit.*
- (3) Schedule 1, section 6(3)(c)—  
*omit.*
- (4) Schedule 1, section 6(5), definition *consumer*—  
*omit.*
- (5) Schedule 1, section 6(3) and (5)—  
*renumber* as schedule 1, section 6(2) and (3).

**Clause 63 Insertion of new sch 1, s 6A**

- Schedule 1, after section 6—  
*insert*—

- 
- 6A Disability work** 1
- (1) Employment is regulated employment if the usual 2  
functions of the employment include providing 3  
disability services to a child or children with 4  
disability. 5
- (2) Employment is regulated employment if the usual 6  
functions of the employment— 7
- (a) include carrying out risk-assessed NDIS 8  
work for an NDIS service provider in 9  
relation to a child or children with disability; 10  
and 11
- (b) are to be carried out— 12
- (i) as an employee of an NDIS service 13  
provider; or 14
- (ii) at a place where an NDIS service 15  
provider provides NDIS supports or 16  
services to a child or children with 17  
disability. 18
- (3) Employment mentioned in subsection (1) or (2) is 19  
not regulated employment if— 20
- (a) the employee at a place is a person with 21  
disability who receives NDIS supports or 22  
services or disability services at the place; or 23
- (b) the employee— 24
- (i) is a secondary school student on work 25  
experience; and 26
- (ii) carries out risk-assessed NDIS work or 27  
provides disability services only under 28  
the direct supervision of a person who 29  
holds a working with children 30  
authority; or 31
- (c) the employee at a place is a volunteer 32  
who— 33

[s 64]

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	(i) is a relative of a person who receives NDIS supports or services or disability services at the place; and	1 2 3
	(ii) is at the place only to help with the care of the person.	4 5
	(4) In this section—	6
	<i>NDIS service provider</i> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 15(1).	7 8
	<i>risk-assessed NDIS work</i> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 45(2).	9 10
<b>Clause 64</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 1, s 16 (Health, counselling and support services)</b>	11 12
	Schedule 1, section 16(1)(d)—	13
	<i>omit.</i>	14
<b>Clause 65</b>	<b>Insertion of new sch 1, s 16A</b>	15
	Schedule 1, after section 16—	16
	<i>insert—</i>	17
	<b>16A Disability work</b>	18
	A business is a regulated business if the usual activities of the business include, or are likely to include—	19 20 21
	(a) providing disability services to a child or children with disability; or	22 23
	(b) providing NDIS supports or services to a child or children with disability.	24 25
<b>Clause 66</b>	<b>Amendment of sch 7 (Dictionary)</b>	26
	(1) Schedule 7, definitions <i>child-related service outlet</i> , <i>funded non-government service provider</i> , <i>NDIS non-government service provider</i> , <i>working with children check (exemption)</i>	27 28 29

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<i>application and working with children check (general) application—</i>	1 2
<i>omit.</i>	3
(2) Schedule 7—	4
<i>insert—</i>	5
<b><i>combined application</i></b> see section 187A(2).	6
<b><i>disability clearance</i></b> means an NDIS clearance or State clearance.	7 8
<b><i>disability exclusion</i></b> means an exclusion under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> .	9 10
<b><i>disability worker screening application</i></b> means a disability worker screening application under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> .	11 12 13
<b><i>interstate NDIS exclusion</i></b> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 51(3).	14 15
<b><i>NDIS clearance</i></b> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 50(2).	16 17
<b><i>NDIS supports or services</i></b> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 12A.	18 19
<b><i>State clearance</i></b> see the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> , section 50(4).	20 21
<b><i>working with children check (exemption) application</i></b> means—	22 23
(a) an application for a working with children check for an exemption made under section 187(2); or	24 25 26
(b) a combined application, to the extent it is an application mentioned in paragraph (a).	27 28
<b><i>working with children check (general) application</i></b> means—	29 30
(a) an application for a working with children check made under section 187(1); or	31 32





- 
- (working with children) or chief executive  
(disability services) as mentioned in  
paragraph (b); or
- (b) giving a section 93A transcript, or a  
summary of a section 93A transcript, to the  
chief executive (working with children) or  
chief executive (disability services) under an  
employment-screening Act.
- (2) Section 93AA—  
*insert—*
- (2AB) The chief executive (working with children) or  
chief executive (disability services) has authority  
for subsection (1) if the chief executive has the  
possession or does the thing mentioned in that  
subsection for the purpose of, under an  
employment-screening Act—
- (a) giving a section 93A transcript, or a  
summary of a section 93A transcript, that is  
in the chief executive’s possession to—
- (i) for the chief executive (working with  
children)—the chief executive  
(disability services); or
- (ii) for the chief executive (disability  
services)—the chief executive  
(working with children); or
- (b) making an employment-screening decision.
- (3) Section 93AA(2B)(a)—  
*omit, insert—*
- (a) was given to the chief executive (working  
with children) or chief executive (disability  
services) as mentioned in subsection  
(2A)(b) or (2AB); and
- (4) Section 93AA(2C)(a) and (2F)(a), ‘a WWC’—  
*omit, insert—*

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- an employment-screening 1
- (5) Section 93AA(2E), ‘A WWC’— 2  
*omit, insert—* 3  
An employment-screening 4
- (6) Section 93AA(3), definitions *chief executive (employment screening)*, *employment-screening decision*, *former CCYPCG commissioner* and *WWC applicant—* 5  
*omit.* 6  
8
- (7) Section 93AA(3)— 9  
*insert—* 10
- chief executive (disability services)*** means the 11  
chief executive of the department in which the 12  
*Disability Services Act 2006*, part 5 is 13  
administered. 14
- chief executive (working with children)*** means 15  
the chief executive of the department in which the 16  
*Working with Children Act* is administered. 17
- employment-screening Act*** means— 18
- (a) the *Working with Children Act*; or 19
- (b) the *Disability Services Act 2006*. 20
- employment-screening applicant***, for a section 21  
93A transcript, means a person— 22
- (a) who allegedly committed the alleged 23  
offence to which the transcript relates; and 24
- (b) about whom— 25
- (i) the chief executive (working with 26  
children) or the chief executive 27  
(disability services) has made an 28  
employment-screening decision; or 29
- (ii) the chief executive (working with 30  
children) or the chief executive 31

---

	(disability services) is about to make an employment-screening decision.	1 2
	<i>employment-screening decision</i> means—	3
	(a) an employment-screening decision under the Working with Children Act; or	4 5
	(b) a decision under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> about—	6 7
	(i) whether a clearance or exclusion should be issued to a person; or	8 9
	(ii) whether a clearance or exclusion issued to a person should be cancelled.	10 11
<b>Division 2</b>	<b>Amendment of Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</b>	12 13
<b>Clause 69</b>	<b>Act amended</b>	14
	This division amends the <i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i> .	15 16
<b>Clause 70</b>	<b>Replacement of ch 23, pt 1A, hdg (Provision for Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000)</b>	17 18 19
	Chapter 23, part 1A, heading—	20
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	21
	<b>Part 1A</b>	22
	<b>Provisions for employment-screening laws</b>	23 24
<b>Clause 71</b>	<b>Insertion of new s 789B</b>	25
	After section 789A—	26
	<i>insert—</i>	27

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[s 71]

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<b>789B Power to demand production of disability worker clearance card</b>	1 2
(1) This section applies if a police officer knows or reasonably suspects—	3 4
(a) a person holds a disability worker clearance card; and	5 6
(b) the person—	7
(i) has been charged with a disqualifying offence within the meaning of the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> ; or	8 9 10
(ii) is a disqualified person within the meaning of the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> .	11 12 13
(2) The police officer may require the person to immediately give the person’s disability worker clearance card to the police officer.	14 15 16
(3) The person must comply with the requirement under subsection (2), unless the person has a reasonable excuse.	17 18 19
Maximum penalty—100 penalty units.	20
(4) A police officer who is given a person’s disability worker clearance card must give the person a receipt for the card.	21 22 23
(5) A police officer must give the disability worker clearance card to the chief executive (disability).	24 25
(6) A police officer may retain the disability worker clearance card until it is given to the chief executive (disability).	26 27 28
(7) For exercising a power under subsection (2), the police officer is taken to be investigating a matter as mentioned in section 19.	29 30 31
(8) In this section—	32
<b><i>chief executive (disability)</i></b> means the chief	33

- 
- executive of the department in which the *Disability Services Act 2006* is administered. 1  
2
- disability worker clearance card*** means— 3
- (a) a clearance card under the *Disability Services Act 2006*; or 4  
5
- (b) a card or other document that corresponds to 6  
a clearance card mentioned in paragraph (a) 7  
issued under a law of another State. 8

**Part 5** **Minor and consequential amendments** 9  
10

- Clause 72** **Acts amended** 11
- Schedule 1 amends the Acts it mentions. 12

<b>Schedule 1</b>	<b>Minor and consequential amendments</b>	1 2
	section 72	3
	<b>Disability Services Act 2006</b>	4
1	<b>Section 10—</b> <i>omit.</i>	5 6
2	<b>Section 32A(1)(b), from ‘a service provider that receives’ to ‘disability services’—</b> <i>omit, insert—</i> a funded service provider	7 8 9 10
3	<b>Sections 142, 146(1), 156(3)(c), 173(2)(d)(iii), 183(c), 191(1)(a) and 194(3) and (4)(b), after ‘disability services’—</b> <i>insert—</i> or NDIS supports or services	11 12 13 14
4	<b>Section 144, heading, ‘pt 6’—</b> <i>omit, insert—</i> part	15 16 17
5	<b>Section 144, definitions <i>community access services, respite services</i> and <i>restricting access</i>, after ‘disability services’—</b> <i>insert—</i> or NDIS supports or services	18 19 20 21 22

<b>6</b>	<b>Section 144, definitions <i>community access services</i> and <i>respite services</i>, paragraph (b), after ‘the Commonwealth’—</b>	1 2 3
	<i>insert—</i>	4
	, including under the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth)	5 6
<b>7</b>	<b>Section 195(7)—</b>	7
	<i>insert—</i>	8
	<b><i>service outlet</i></b> means a place at which disability services or NDIS supports or services are provided.	9 10 11
<b>8</b>	<b>Section 217, heading, ‘div 2’—</b>	12
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	13
	<b>division</b>	14
<b>9</b>	<b>Section 217, definition <i>adult with a skills deficit</i>, after ‘disability services’—</b>	15 16
	<i>insert—</i>	17
	or NDIS supports or services	18
<b>10</b>	<b>Section 218(3), definition <i>keep and implement</i>, paragraph (b), after ‘disability services’—</b>	19 20
	<i>insert—</i>	21
	or NDIS supports or services	22
<b>11</b>	<b>Section 233(1), ‘and the NDIS Act’—</b>	23
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	24
	, including the <i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i> (Cwlth),	25 26

Schedule 1

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<b>12</b>	<b>Section 233(7), definition <i>eligible person</i>, ‘NDIS Act’—</b>	1
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	2
	<i>National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013</i>	3
	(Cwlth)	4
<b>13</b>	<b>Schedule 6, authorising provision—</b>	5
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	6
	schedule 8, definition <i>schedule 6 or 7 offence</i>	7
<b>14</b>	<b>Schedule 7, authorising provision—</b>	8
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	9
	schedule 8, definition <i>schedule 6 or 7 offence</i>	10
<b>15</b>	<b>Schedule 8, definitions <i>amended Act, amending Act, authorised guardian, commencement, compliance period, new disqualified person, new disqualifying offence, new relevant disqualified person, new serious offence, prescribed police information, previous service provider, repealed Act, stage 2 commencement date, transitional period and unamended Act—</i></b>	11
		12
		13
		14
		15
		16
		17
	<i>omit.</i>	18
<b>16</b>	<b>Amendment of references to person or people with a disability</b>	19
		20
	All provisions of the Act are amended by—	21
	(a) omitting ‘person with a disability’ and inserting ‘person with disability’; and	22
		23
	(b) omitting ‘people with a disability’ and inserting ‘people with disability’.	24
		25
<b>17</b>	<b>Amendment of various provisions</b>	26
	Each of the following provisions is amended by omitting ‘non-government’—	27
		28



•	part 6, division 4, subdivision 3, heading, note	1
•	part 6, division 7, subdivision 2, heading, note	2
•	section 200E	3
•	section 200G(1)(d)	4
•	section 200M(1)	5
•	section 200W	6
•	section 200X(1)	7
•	section 215	8
•	section 226(1)(a)(ii) and (3)(b)	9
•	section 230	10
•	section 231	11

**Guardianship and Administration Act 2000** 12

<b>1</b>	<b>Section 80U, definition <i>disability services</i>—</b>	13
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	14
	<i>disability services</i> means disability services or NDIS supports or services under the <i>Disability Services Act 2006</i> .	15 16 17

<b>2</b>	<b>Section 80U, definition <i>DSA</i> and schedule 4, definition <i>DSA</i>—</b>	18 19
	<i>omit.</i>	20

<b>3</b>	<b>Section 80U, ‘<i>DSA</i>’, all occurrences not already amended by this schedule—</b>	21 22
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	23
	<i>Disability Services Act 2006</i>	24

Schedule 1

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<b>4</b>	<b>Section 80V, ‘DSA, section 144’—</b>	1
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	2
	<i>Disability Service Act 2006, section 149</i>	3
<b>5</b>	<b>Section 80ZF(4)(b), 80ZO(a), 80ZS(5), definition restricting access, 80ZT(1) and (3)(a) and (f) and 80ZU, ‘DSA’—</b>	4
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	5
	<i>Disability Services Act 2006</i>	6
		7
		8
	<b>Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000</b>	9
		10
<b>1</b>	<b>Section 239(6), ‘, 343 or 344’—</b>	11
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	12
	or 343	13
<b>2</b>	<b>Section 290A, after ‘person, the chief’—</b>	14
	<i>insert—</i>	15
	executive	16
<b>3</b>	<b>Section 295(2), ‘clearance’—</b>	17
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	18
	authority	19
<b>4</b>	<b>Section 297(1), note, 301(1), note, 302(3), note, 304C(1), note and 304F(1), note, ‘, 343 and 344’—</b>	20
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	21
	and 343	22
		23

<b>5</b>	<b>Section 298(3), ‘, 342 or 344’—</b>	1
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	2
	or 342	3
<b>6</b>	<b>Sections 300 and 301, heading, ‘notice’—</b>	4
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	5
	<b>authority</b>	6
<b>7</b>	<b>Sections 304I(2)(a)(i) and 304N(3)(a)(i), ‘section 289(2)’—</b>	7
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	8
	section 289A	9
<b>8</b>	<b>Sections 304I(2)(a)(ii) and 304N(3)(a)(ii), ‘section 231(2)’—</b>	10
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	11
	section 231A	12
<b>9</b>	<b>Section 347, note—</b>	13
	<i>omit.</i>	14
<b>10</b>	<b>Schedule 7, definition <i>working with children card</i>, paragraph (b)(ii), ‘person’—</b>	15
	<i>omit, insert—</i>	16
	person’s authority	17
		18