Joy Macumber

## 16 March 2018.

Committee Secretary
State Development, Natural Resources
and Agricultural Industry Development Committee
Parliament House
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Brisbane Qld 4000
Email: sdnraidc@parliament.qld.gov.au

Dear Committee,

Submission to Vegetation Management and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2018 ('VMOLA Bill') inquiry

3 My Name is Joy Macumber, I wish to make the following comments. Clause 133 and 38 This should include vegetation adjoining Bells Creek and Lamerough Creek to protect the catchment area of Ramsar .Point 4 & 6 page 2 below the importance of preventing LGA's from establishing Infrastructure Agreements which can be then used by developers to change Overlay Mapping of Wetland and Biodiversity Map. In particular Golden Beach Pelican Waters Overlap Map has been amended to remove all urban riparian areas. This is on a golf course which discharges waters into Bells Creek. Removal of trees in wetlands of private land for housing developments and recovery of soil for new development.

The following elements of the VMOLA Bill are strongly supported as they are a step to help reduce excessive clearing in Queensland:

- 1. Removal of the ability to obtain permits for high value agriculture and high value irrigated agriculture. The Statewide Landcover and Trees Study found that 10% of mature bushland clearing from 2013-2016 happened under these permit types, with generally insufficient verification that the land was high value agricultural land, was needed for agriculture, and was actually utilised for the agricultural activity applied for; (see clause 16)
- 2. Reintroduction of the requirement to obtain Riverine Protection Permits to better regulate damaging clearing in watercourses (see clauses 51 and 52);
- 3. Phasing out existing Area Management Plans which have allowed significant clearing under lower regulation across Queensland; (see clause 14)
- 4. Extended protections of regrowth vegetation near watercourses across Great Barrier Reef catchments, to reduce damaging runoff, including Eastern Cape York, Fitzroy and Burnett-Mary catchments which were not protected under the VM Act currently. (see clauses 133 and 38)

We generally support the following amendments, however it is essential that they are strengthened by our proposed amendments to truly reduce excessive clearing of wildlife habitat, impacts to the Great Barrier Reef and climate change emissions:

- Improved protected of 'high value regrowth vegetation', being vegetation that
  has grown back well after being cleared. The Bill creates a broader definition,
  including vegetation that hasn't been cleared for 15 years and re-extending
  regulation to freehold, indigenous land and occupational licences (see clause
  38). This is supported.
- 2. However, 'high value regrowth vegetation' must be extended to fully meet the government's election commitment by protecting high conservation value regrowth vegetation. Extra amendments are needed to allow much more extensive protection including endangered vegetation species and communities, vegetation in reef catchments, riparian areas, threatened species habitat and areas where landscape integrity is at risk.<sup>1</sup>
- Tightening of the definition of 'thinning' (now known as 'managing thickened vegetation') is supported. The Bill now requires that thinning activities must 'maintain ecological processes and prevent loss of diversity'. To ensure this definition is given effect there must be a requirement that it be demonstrated prior to clearing being allowed. (See clauses 4 and 38)
- 4. However, to truly reduce the significant clearing allowed for 'thinning' it should no longer be an allowable activity by permit or code, particularly not for mature and high value regrowth vegetation and under existing Area Management Plans. 'Thinning' can include clearing up to 75% of a forest under current laws and has been responsible for significant clearing across Queensland without scientific justification that this is a necessary activity at all.
- 5. The Bill clarifies that landholders may seek to amend their property map of assessable vegetation (PMAV) to re-regulate clearing in areas which were locked in across Queensland as not needing assessment under Newman Government laws. This clarification is supported as helpful.
- 6. However, the Bill needs to be changed to require amendment of maps that lock in unregulated clearing of all high value vegetation. Under the Newman Government, significant areas of Queensland were locked in under property level maps which allowed the clearing of unregulated 'category X' even though the clearing would impact mature, high value vegetation. Leaving map amendment up to the land owner will leave significant areas of Queensland where clearing is unregulated.
- 7. The Bill does not tighten excessive clearing allowed under fodder harvesting codes so amendments are needed. Fodder harvesting should be limited to where there is an official drought declaration.

Yours sincerely

5 Joy Macumber private citizen and address is

My email

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Queensland Labor, 2017 <u>'Saving Habitat, Protecting Wildlife and Restoring Land'</u> Policy Document, <a href="https://www.queenslandlabor.org/media/20226/alpg-saving-habitat-policy-document-v3.pdf">https://www.queenslandlabor.org/media/20226/alpg-saving-habitat-policy-document-v3.pdf</a>