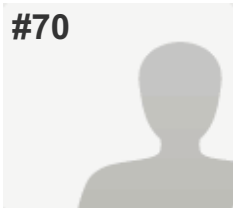


#70

**COMPLETE****Collector:** Embedded Survey 1 (Website Survey)**Started:** Saturday, February 06, 2016 11:41:26 AM**Last Modified:** Saturday, February 06, 2016 11:49:26 AM**Time Spent:** 00:08:00**IP Address:** [REDACTED]

## PAGE 1

**Q1: Name**

Rigby Taylor

**Q2: Email address**

[REDACTED]

**Q3: Mailing address**

[REDACTED]

**Q4: Telephone number**

[REDACTED]

## PAGE 2

**Q5: Do you think that human rights are properly protected in Queensland? Why/why not?**

No because the basic rights that many Queenslanders take for granted – the right to life, the right to vote, the right to be free from torture and everyone's right to equality before the law – are not currently protected by legislation.

**Q6: Do you support the introduction of a Human Rights Act in Queensland? Why/why not?**

Yes. Because when human rights are not protected in law, they are always in danger of being eroded. A Human Rights Act would provide a safeguard so that our politicians can't simply overlook human rights considerations when making laws. Whether it was making laws regarding police accountability, voting, workplace relations, privacy, freedom of speech, censorship, the rights of Indigenous people or counter-terrorism, the parliament would have to take into consideration how the proposed laws would impact on people's human rights.

A Human Rights Act would be a powerful tool for protecting the human rights of all Queenslanders and for ensuring a more responsive and accountable government.

**Q7: Can you think of a situation from your life or someone else's life that shows why Queensland needs a Human Rights Act?***Respondent skipped this question*

## PAGE 3

**Q8: Which rights should be protected?**

Right to recognition and equality before the law ,  
Right to life, Protection of family and children,  
Right to participate in public life ,  
Protection from torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment  
,  
Freedom from forced work, Property rights,  
Freedom of movement,  
Right to liberty and security of person ,  
Privacy and reputation ,  
Humane treatment when deprived on liberty ,  
Freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief ,  
Rights of the children in the criminal process ,  
Freedom of expression, Right to a fair hearing,  
Peaceful assembly and freedom of association ,  
Protection of rights in criminal proceedings and against retrospective criminal law  
,  
Right to be tried or punished not more than once ,  
Right to housing, Right to education,  
Right to adequate health care, Right to food,  
Right to an adequate standard of living ,  
Right to safe, clean, healthy and sustainable environment  
,  
Participation in cultural life

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